МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования

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РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК. ПРАКТИЧЕСКИЙ КУРС

Направление подготовки: 44.03.05 Педагогическое образование Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)

квалификация (степень): *бакалавр*

Рабочая программа дисциплины составлена: доцентом кафедры иностранных языков, к.филол.н. Лефлер Н.О.

_(должность и Ф.И.О преподавателя)

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Пояснительная записка

1. Место дисциплины в структуре образовательной программы

Рабочая программа дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» для студенто в 1-5 курсов по направлению подготовки 44.03.05 *Педагогическое образование*, Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: *Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)* (квалификация «бакалавр»), разработана в соответствии со «Стандартом рабочей программы дисциплины в КГПУ им. В.П. Астафьева», утвержденном Ученым советом университета «30» сентября 2015 г. (протокол № 9).

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» относится к обязательным дисциплинам вариативной части Блока 1 Б1.В.16 гуманитарного, социального и экономического цикла структуры ООП бакалавриата. Вариативная программы бакалавриата является обязательной для освоения вне формирование направлений подготовки, обеспечивает зависимости от обучающихся компетенций, установленных ΦΓΟС BO ПО направлению подготовки 44.03.05 Педагогическое образование, Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский (квалификация «бакалавр»), утвержденный приказом Министерства язык) образования и науки РФ от 9.02.2016. № 91. Наряду с другими предметами цикла Иностранный Практический данного язык. курс развивает способствует коммуникативную культуру студентов, формированию представлений студентов о диалоге культур, осознанию себя как носителя культуры и духовных ценностей своего народа, национальной идентичности, норм морали и речевого поведения.

Изучение дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» дает возможность студентам расширить и углубить знания, умения, навыки и компетенции для успешной профессиональной деятельности и дальнейшего изучения иностранного языка в магистратуре.

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» содержит 22 модуля, в каждом модуле два или три раздела. После каждого раздела предусмотрен контроль

усвоенного материала в виде лексико-грамматического теста. По окончании 7 и 9 семестров, студенты сдают зачет, а во 2, 3, 6, 8 семестрах – экзамен, и в аттестационном семестре – зачет с оценкой.

2. Трудоёмкость дисциплины

Вид учебной	2 сем.	3 сем.	4 сем.	5 сем	6 сем	7 сем	8 сем	9 сем	А сем
работы	(кол-во	(кол-во	(кол-во	(кол-во	(кол-во	(кол-во	(кол-во	(кол-во	(кол-во
раооты	часов)	часов)	часов)	часов)	часов)	часов)	часов)	часов)	часов)
Общая									
трудоёмкость	306 (8,5)	216 (6)	90 (2,5)	144 (4)	108 (3)	144 (4)	72 (2)	108 (3)	72 (2)
работы	()	- (-)	(,- ,	()		\			
Лекции	18 (0,5)	14 (0,4)	14 (0,4)	14 (0,4)	14 (0,4)	10 (0,3)	14 (0,4)	14 (0,4)	16 (0,4)
	16 (0,3)	14 (0,4)	14 (0,4)	14 (0,4)	14 (0,4)	10 (0,3)	14 (0,4)	14 (0,4)	10 (0,4)
Семинары									
Лабораторные	60 (1,7)	60 (1,7)	22 (0,6)	24 (0,6)	20 (0,5)	10 (0,3)	50(1,4)	74 (3,6)	18 (0,5)
занятия	00 (1,7)	00 (1,7)	22 (0,0)	21 (0,0)	20 (0,5)	10 (0,3)	30(1,1)	71 (3,0)	10 (0,5)
КСР									
Внеаудиторная	192 (5,3)	106 (2,9)	19 (0.5)	70(3)	20 (1 1)	124 (3,4)	9 (0, 2)	20 (0.5)	2 (0.1)
работа	192 (3,3)	100 (2,9)	18 (0,5)	70(3)	38 (1,1)	124 (5,4)	8 (0,2)	20 (0,5)	2 (0,1)
Итоговый	Экзамен	Экзамен	Экзамен 36		Экзамен	Зачет		Зачет	Зачет с
									оценкой
контроль:	36 (1)	36 (1)	(1)		36 (1)	36 (1)		36 (1)	36 (1)

- 3. **Целью освоения** дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» является повышение уровня практического владения языком. Критерием практического владения иностранным языком является умение достаточно уверенно пользоваться наиболее употребительными и сложными языковыми средствами в основных видах речевой деятельности: говорении, аудировании, чтении и письме. Практическое владение языком специальности предполагает также умение самостоятельно работать со специальной литературой на иностранном языке с целью овладения профессиональными компетенциями.
- 4. В результате освоения учебной дисциплины обучающийся должен знать: лексические единицы общего и терминологического характера; социокультурные закономерности и особенности межкультурных взаимодействий; межкультурные различия, культурные традиции и реалии, культурное наследие своей страны и страны изучаемого языка; основные нормы социального поведения и речевой этикет, принятые в стране изучаемого языка;

использовать различные формы устной и письменной коммуникации на родном и иностранном языках в учебной и профессиональной деятельности; использовать знания иностранного языка для понимания специальных текстов; логически верно, аргументировано и ясно, строить устную и письменную речь, примеры давать определения, приводить И доказательства; толерантно социальные культурные различия; И использовать знания иностранного языка для общения и понимания специальных текстов.

владеть: технологиями приобретения, использования и обновления гуманитарных знаний; различными способами вербальной и невербальной коммуникации; навыками коммуникации в родной и иноязычной среде; различными средствами коммуникации, в том числе, на иностранном языке; иностранным языком на продвинутом уровне, а также в объеме необходимом для возможности получения информации из зарубежных источников.

В основных видах речевой деятельности студенты должны знать, уметь, владеть:

чтение: понимать информацию при чтении учебной, справочной, адаптированной научно-популярной и аутентичной литературы в соответствии с конкретной целью;

говорение: передавать на иностранном языке сообщения в форме монологического высказывания (в рамках указанной тематики) и обмениваться информацией в процессе диалогического общения; аудирование: воспринимать на слух информацию при общении (при прослушивании аудиотекстов, просмотре фильмов), выполнять упражнения на понимание услышанного; письмо: передавать на иностранном языке и корректно оформлять информацию при письменном переводе и при передаче информации в письменном виде; оформлять деловые письма.

Планируемые результаты обучения

Задачи освоения дисциплины	Планируемые результаты обучения по дисциплине (дескрипторы)	Код результата обучения (компетенция)
- развитие	Знать фонетическую систему и	OK-1
навыков чтения	языковой строй в целом,	OK-5
учебной,	грамматический строй, лексику общего	
справочной,	и терминологического характера.	ПК-1
адаптированной,	Уметь читать, понимать и	
аутентичной и	использовать в процессе обучения	
научно-популярной	учебную, справочную,	
	адаптированную, аутентичную и	
литературы на	научно-популярную литературу на	
иностранном	иностранном языке	
языке		
	Владеть всеми видами чтения:	
	изучающее, ознакомительное,	
	поисковое и просмотровое для	
	получения информации из зарубежных	
	источников	
- развитие	Знать фонетическую систему и	OK-1
навыков письма	языковой строй в целом, и отдельные	OK-5
	языковые уровни, грамматические	
	явления и структуру, лексику общего и	

	терминологического характера.	ПК-1
	Уметь передавать на иностранном	
	языке и корректно оформлять	
	информацию при письменном	
	переводе и при передаче информации в	
	письменном виде	
	Владеть основными навыками письма,	
	приемами аннотирования и	
	реферирования (аннотация, реферат,	
	эссе, деловое письмо), навыками	
	ведения дружеской переписки,	
	включая формат электронной	
	переписки, заполнения большинства	
	личных и деловых форм (анкеты,	
	резюме)	
- развитие	Знать основные значения изученных	ОК-1
навыков устной	лексических единиц, обслуживающих	ОК-5
речи (сообщение,	ситуации иноязычного общения в	
доклад,	социокультурной, деловой и	ПК-1
презентация,	профессиональной сферах	
дискуссия,	деятельности, предусмотренными	
монолог)	направлениями специальности	
	Уметь сообщать информацию на	
	основе прочитанного текста в форме	
	подготовленного монологического	
	высказывания (презентации по	
	предложенной теме) и обмениваться	
	информацией в процессе	
	диалогического общения; строить	
	развернутое высказывание в виде	

	иллюстрации, детализации,	
	разъяснения по предложенному тезису:	
	Владеть навыками построения	
	монологического высказывания и	
	ведения диалога, навыками	
	аргументированного изложения	
	собственной точки зрения в	
	межличностном и профессиональном	
	общении на иностранном языке	
аудирование:	Знать нужную информацию	ОК-1
воспринимать на	(селективное понимание); полную	ОК-5
слух	информацию (детальное понимание)	
информацию при	Уметь воспринимать иноязычную	ПК-1
общении (при	речь, построенную на программном	
прослушивании	материале с допущением некоторого	
аудиотекстов,	количества незнакомой лексики в	
просмотре	условиях непосредственного общения	
фильмов)	в различных ситуациях общения.	
	Владеть навыками понимания	
	учебных и аутентичных аудиотекстов с	
	разной степенью и глубиной	
	проникновения в их содержание в	
	рамках программных требований	
	(основную информацию (глобальное	
	понимание)	
	1	İ

- ОК-1 способность использовать основы философских и социогуманитарных знаний для формирования научного мировоззрения;
- OK-5 способность работать в команде, толерантно воспринимать социальные, культурные и личностные различия;
- ПК-1 готовность реализовывать образовательные программы по учебным предметам в соответствии с требованиями образовательных стандартов.

5. Контроль освоения дисциплины осуществляется путем проведения текущего контроля (письменные аудиторные и домашние задания, монологические, диалогические высказывания, контроль чтения и аудирования, подготовка презентаций), проведения текущего контроля в виде лексико-грамматических тестов. Итоговый контроль осуществляется на зачете и экзамене, где студентам предлагается высказаться по одной из предложенных тем с использованием лексики и грамматики, пройденных за отчетный период. Оценочные средства результатов освоения дисциплины, критерии оценки выполнения заданий представлены в «Фонде оценочных средств для проведения промежуточной аттестации».

6. Перечень образовательных технологий:

Выбор образовательных технологий для достижения целей и решения задач, поставленных в рамках учебной дисциплины обусловлен:

1) необходимостью формировать у студентов комплекса компетенций, как общекультурных, так и профессиональных, необходимых для осуществления межличностного взаимодействия и сотрудничества в условиях межкультурной коммуникации; 2) необходимостью обеспечивать требуемое качество обучения на всех его этапах.

Формы и технологии, используемые для обучения иностранному языку, реализуют компетентностный и личностно-деятельностный подходы, которые в свою очередь, способствуют формированию и развитию а) поликультурной языковой личности, способной осуществлять продуктивное общение с носителями других культур; б) способностей студентов осуществлять различные виды деятельности, используя иностранный язык; в) когнитивных способностей студентов; г) готовности их к саморазвитию и самообразованию, а также способствуют повышению творческого потенциала личности к осуществлению своих профессиональных обязанностей.

Учебный процесс базируется на модели смешанного обучения, которая помогает эффективно сочетать традиционные формы обучения и новые технологии.

Специфика дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» определяет необходимость более широко использовать новые образовательные технологии,

наряду с традиционными методами, направленными на формирование базовых навыков практической деятельности с использованием преимущественно фронтальных форм работы. Таким образом, обучение иностранному языку происходит с использованием следующих образовательных технологий:

- 1) Технология коммуникативного обучения направлена, прежде всего, на формирование коммуникативной компетентности студентов, которая является базовой, необходимой для адаптации к современным условиям межкультурной коммуникации.
- 2) Технология разноуровневого (дифференцированного) обучения предполагает познавательной деятельности студентов осуществление учётом ИΧ индивидуальных способностей, возможностей интересов, поощряя ИХ реализовывать свой творческий потенциал. Создание И использование диагностических тестов является неотъемлемой частью данной технологии.
- 3) Технология модульного обучения предусматривает деление содержания дисциплины на вполне автономные разделы/модули, интегрированные в общий курс.
- 4) Информационно-коммуникационные технологии (ИКТ) в целом расширяют рамки образовательного процесса, повышая его практическую направленность, способствуют интенсификации самостоятельной работы учащихся и повышению познавательной активности. В рамках ИКТ выделяются 2 вида технологий:
- 5) Технология использования компьютерных программ позволяет эффективно дополнить процесс обучения языку на всех уровнях. Разработанные компьютерные программы предназначены как для аудиторной, так и самостоятельной работы студентов и направлены на развитие грамматических и лексических навыков.
- 6) Интернет технологии предоставляют широкие возможности для поиска информации, разработки международных научных проектов, ведения научных исследований. Использование электронной почты и Цифрового кампуса ЮФУ позволяет оказывать консультационную поддержку студентам, осуществлять контроль письменных работ, выполняемых студентами самостоятельно.

- 7) Технология индивидуализации обучения помогает реализовывать личностноориентированный подход, учитывая индивидуальные особенности и потребности учащихся.
- 8) Технология тестирования используется для контроля уровня усвоения лексических, грамматических знаний в рамках модуля, уровня сформированности навыков чтения и аудирования на определённом этапе обучения. Осуществление контроля с использованием технологии тестирования соответствует требованиям всех международных экзаменов по английскому языку. Кроме того, данная технология позволяет преподавателю выявить и систематизировать аспекты, требующие дополнительной проработки.
- 9) Проектная технология ориентирована на моделирование социального взаимодействия учащихся с целью решения задачи, которая определяется в рамках профессиональной подготовки студентов, выделяя ту или иную предметную область. Использование проектной технологии способствует реализации междисциплинарного характера компетенций, формирующихся в процессе обучения английскому языку.
- 10) Технология обучения в сотрудничестве реализует идею взаимного обучения, осуществляя как индивидуальную, так и коллективную ответственность за решение учебных задач.
- 11) Игровая технология позволяет развивать навыки рассмотрения ряда возможных способов решения проблем, активизируя мышление студентов и раскрывая личностный потенциал каждого учащегося.
- 12) Технология развития критического мышления способствует формированию разносторонней личности, способной критически относиться к информации, умению отбирать информацию для решения поставленной задачи.

Выбор образовательных технологий для достижения целей и решения задач, поставленных в рамках учебной дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» обусловлен потребностью сформировать у студентов комплекс общекультурных компетенций, необходимых для осуществления межличностного взаимодействия и сотрудничества в условиях межкультурной коммуникации, а также обеспечивать требуемое качество обучения на всех его этапах.

Формы и технологии, используемые для обучения иностранному языку, реализуют компетентностный и личностно-деятельностный подходы, которые в свою очередь, способствуют формированию и развитию а) поликультурной языковой личности, способной осуществлять продуктивное общение с носителями других культур; б) способностей студентов осуществлять различные виды деятельности, используя английский язык; в) когнитивных способностей студентов; г) их готовности к саморазвитию и самообразованию, а также способствуют повышению творческого потенциала личности к осуществлению своих профессиональных обязанностей.

Лист согласования рабочей программы дисциплины с другими дисциплинами образовательной программы на 2017/ 2018 учебный год

Наименование	Кафедра	Предложения об	Принятое решение
дисциплин, изучение		изменениях в	(протокол №, дата)
которых опирается на		дидактических	кафедрой,
данную дисциплину		единицах, временной	разработавшей
		последовательности	программу
		изучения и т.д.	
Актуальные проблемы	кафедра		Протокол № 9 от "10"
иностранного языка	иностранных		мая 2017 г.
(английского)	языков		
			_

Заведующий кафедрой

Петрищев В.И.

Председатель НМСН

"17" мая 2017 г.

3. Организационно-методические документы

3.1. Технологическая карта обучения дисциплине

Иностранный язык. Практический курс

(наименование дисциплины)

Для обучающихся образовательной программы

44.03.05 Направление подготовки: педагогическое образование, квалификация (бакалавр)

(указать уровень, шифр и наименование направления подготовки)

Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык) (очная форма обучения)

(указать профиль/ наименование программы и форму обучения) (общая трудоемкость дисциплины <u>35</u> з.е.)

	Всего		Аудито	рных часо	В	Внеауди	
Наименование разделов и тем	часов	Всег	лекц	семинар	лабор-	-	Формы и методы
дисциплины		O	ий	OB	X	торных	контроля
					работ	часов	
2 семестр							
							контроль диалогического
	16		2			6	высказывания, контроль
МОДУЛЬ 1.		10			8		монологического
TEMA 1. Weather	10	10			O		высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
TEMA 2. People	18	12	4		8	6	высказывания, контроль
							монологического

							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 3. The Media	16	10	2		8	6	монологического
TEMES. The Wedia	10	10	_		O		высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
					8		высказывания, контроль
МОДУЛЬ 2.	16	10	2			6	монологического
TEMA 1. Health		10	_				высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 2. Natural World	18	12	4		8	6	монологического
			-				высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
					6	_	контроль диалогического
TEMA 3 Society and family	18	12	4		8	6	высказывания, контроль
							монологического

							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
Промежуточная аттестация	36						экзамен
3 семестр							
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
МОДУЛЬ 3.	11	10	2		8	1	монологического
TEMA 1. Science	11	10	2		0	1	высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
		10	2		8		контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 2. The Night	11					1	монологического
TENTI 2. The Tright		10	2			1	высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 3 Work and Industry	12	10	2		8	2	монологического
	12		2				высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
МОДУЛЬ 4.	12	10	2		8	2	контроль диалогического

TEMA 1. Global Affairs							высказывания, контроль
							монологического
							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 2. The Environment	10	8			8	2	монологического
TEMA 2. THE ENVIRONMENT	10	0			O	2	высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
	10						контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 3. Sport		8			8	2	монологического
TEMA 5. Sport	10	0			O	2	высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
МОДУЛЬ 5.	12	10	2		8	2	монологического
TEMA 1 Personality		O	2	высказывания, контроль			
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	
TEMA 2 Travel	12	10	2		8	2	контроль диалогического

						высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 3 Work	12	10	2	8	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
МОДУЛЬ 6 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Language	10	8		8	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 2 Advertising	10	2		8	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 3 Business	10	8		 8	2	контроль диалогического

1	l	1				аудирование
						чтения, контроль письма,
10	10			o	U	высказывания, контроль
16	10	2		Q	6	монологического
						высказывания, контроль
						контроль диалогического
4	2			2	2	тест
						аудирование
						чтения, контроль письма,
10	10	2		ð	О	высказывания, контроль
1.6	10	2		o	6	монологического
						высказывания, контроль
						контроль диалогического
4	2			2	2	тест
						аудирование
				8 6		чтения, контроль письма,
18	12	4	8 6		высказывания, контроль	
1.0						монологического
						высказывания, контроль
						контроль диалогического
		<u> </u>				ORGANIZII
						экзамен
4	2.			2.	2.	тест
						аудирование
						чтения, контроль письма,
						высказывания, контроль
						высказывания, контроль монологического
	16	18 12 4 2 16 10	18 12 4 4 2 16 10 2 4 2	18 12 4 4 2 16 10 2	18 12 4 8 4 2 2 16 10 2 8 4 2 2	18 12 4 8 6 4 2 2 2 16 10 2 8 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 2

Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
МОДУЛЬ 8 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Trends	18	12	2		10	6	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
TEMA 2 Arts and Media	16	10	2		8	6	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
TEMA 3 Crime	18	12	2		10	6	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
Промежуточная аттестация							экзамен
5 семестр		T	1	<u> </u>			
МОДУЛЬ 9 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Communication	14	10	2		8	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль

							чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 2 Environment	12	10	2		8	2	монологического
TEMET 2 Environment	12	10			O	2	высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
		10	2		8	4	высказывания, контроль
TEMA 3 Sport	14						монологического
TEMIT'S Sport					O	•	высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
МОДУЛЬ 10.	16	12	2		10	4	монологического
TEMA 1 Medicine		12			10	Т	высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма,
							аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
							контроль диалогического
TFM4 2 Transport	14	10	2		8	4	высказывания, контроль
TEMA 2 Transport 14 10	17	10			0		монологического
					высказывания, контроль		

						чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 3 Literature	14	10		10	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
МОДУЛЬ 11 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Architecture	14	10	2	8	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 2 Globalisation	14	10	2	8	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 3 Art	14	10		10	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль

						чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
6 семестр						
МОДУЛЬ 12 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Psychology	22	12	2	10	10	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 2 Culture	24	14	2	12	10	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 3 Technology	20	12	2	10	8	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
МОДУЛЬ 13 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Education and Employment	22	12	2	10	10	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического

						высказывания, контроль
						чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
4	2			2	2	тест
20	12	2		10	8	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
4	2			2	2	тест
24	14	2		12	10	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
4	2			2	2	тест
20	12	2		10	8	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
4	2			2	2	тест
36						экзамен
22	20	4		16	2	контроль диалогического
	20 4 24 20 4 36	20 12 4 2 24 14 20 12 4 2 20 12 4 2 36	20 12 2 4 2 24 14 2 20 12 2 4 2 36	20 12 2 4 2 24 14 2 20 12 2 4 2 4 2 36 36	20 12 2 10 4 2 2 24 14 2 12 4 2 2 20 12 2 10 4 2 2 36 2	20 12 2 10 8 4 2 2 2 24 14 2 12 10 4 2 2 2 20 12 2 10 8 4 2 2 2 36 2 2 2

TEMA 1 Fashions and Consumerism						высказывания, контроль
						монологического
						высказывания, контроль
						чтения, контроль письма,
						аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
						контроль диалогического
						высказывания, контроль
TEMA 2 Technology and Change	24	20	2	18	4	монологического
TEMA 2 Technology and Change	2 4	20	2	10	4	высказывания, контроль
						чтения, контроль письма,
						аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
						контроль диалогического
						высказывания, контроль
МОДУЛЬ 16.	22	20	4	16	2	монологического
TEMA 1 People and Ideas	22	20	4	10	<u> </u>	высказывания, контроль
						чтения, контроль письма,
						аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
						контроль диалогического
						высказывания, контроль
TEMA 2 Journalism and Media	24	20	4	16	4	монологического
TEMA 2 Journalism and Wedia	24	20	_ +	10	+	высказывания, контроль
						чтения, контроль письма,
						аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
Промежуточная аттестация						зачет

8 семестр					_	
МОДУЛЬ 17 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Law and Society	20	16	4	12	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 2 Arts and Entertainment	18	16	4	12	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
МОДУЛЬ 18 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Business and Economics	20	16	4	12	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
TEMA 2 Science and Nature	16	14	2	12	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма, аудирование

Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест
9 семестр							
							контроль диалогического
МОДУЛЬ 19.							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 1 Does the Pronunciation	14	12	2		10	2	монологического
Matter?							высказывания, контроль
		чтения, контроль письма					
							контроль диалогического
							высказывания, контроль
TEMA 2 English and culture	16	12	2		10	4	монологического
							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма
							контроль диалогического
TEMA 3 Introduction to Learning							высказывания, контроль
Teaching	12	10	2		8	2	монологического
reaching							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма
							контроль диалогического
TEMA 4 Solving Communication							высказывания, контроль
problems	12	8			8	4	монологического
proofeins							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма
							контроль диалогического
TEMA 5 The Subject Matter of the							высказывания, контроль
English Language Teaching	12	8			8	4	монологического
Lighth Language Teaching							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма
Промежуточный тест	4	2			2	2	тест

TEMA 3 Communicative Approaches and Communicative Processes	16	12	2	10	4	монологического высказывания, контроль
						чтения, контроль письма
TEMA 4 On Communicative Competence	14	10	2	8	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма
TEMA 5 Promoting English Awareness	12	8		8	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
Промежуточная аттестация						зачет

МОДУЛЬ 21 . <i>TEMA 1</i> Successful Language Strategies and Techniques	12	10	2	8	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма
TEMA 2 Thinking About Teaching and Learning	12	10	2	8	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма
TEMA 3 Designing Effective Instruction	14	12	2	8	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма
TEMA 4 Teaching Tips: Strategies, Research, and Theory for College and University	14	10	2	8	4	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма
Промежуточный тест	4	2		2	2	тест
МОДУЛЬ 22 . <i>TEMA 1</i> The Case Against Teaching	12	10	2	8	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль монологического высказывания, контроль чтения, контроль письма
TEMA 2 How People Learn: Brain, Mind, Experience, and School	12	10	2	8	2	контроль диалогического высказывания, контроль

	1			1	<u> </u>		
							монологического
							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма
							контроль диалогического
TEMA 3 Active Learning: Creating							высказывания, контроль
Excitement in the Classroom	12	10	2		8	2	монологического
Excitement in the Classroom							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма
							контроль диалогического
TEMA 4 How Do I Organize My							высказывания, контроль
Lessons	12	8			8	4	монологического
Lessons							высказывания, контроль
							чтения, контроль письма
Промежуточная аттестация	4	2			2	2	тест
Форма итогового контроля по уч.	36						зачет с оценкой
плану	30						
ИТОГО	1260	466				614	

1.1. Содержание основных разделов и тем дисциплины

«Иностранный Практический язык. курс» изучается аттестационный семестры и включает в себя 848 часов аудиторных занятий и 376 часов самостоятельной работы студента. Изучение данной дисциплины актуализирует знания студентов, полученные при изучении иностранного языка. На протяжении всего курса дисциплины ставится задача сформировать базовые умения и навыки, необходимые для чтения и беседы на материале текстов учебника "Language Leader", аворы: Ian Lebeau и Gareth Rees. В основу данного учебника положены ситуативно-коммуникативный и тематический принципы. Наряду с коммуникативными упражнениями в учебниках также имеются лексические и грамматические упражнения, направленные формирование автоматизированных навыков, предупреждение и профилактику типичных ошибок, и контроль усвоения материала. Предтекстовые упражнения служат для закрепления фонетических навыков и правил чтения. Тексты представлены в монологической и диалогической формах. Они носят познавательный характер и способствуют дальнейшему развитию навыков устной и письменной речи на иностранном языке. В текстах используется лексико-грамматический материал, характерный для особенностей структуры предложений английского языка.

Слова и словосочетания, также и грамматические явления закрепляются в послетекстовых упражнениях. Речевые упражнения носят репродуктивный или творческий характер, ЧТО дает возможность студентам проявлять самостоятельность, выдумку и творчество при изучении иностранного языка. Работа по данным учебникам развивает следующие навыки и умения: К концу изучения курса дисциплины студенты должны уметь: а) читать общенаучные тексты с полным пониманием; б) понимать речь при непосредственном общении и в записи, содержащую в основном лексику изученного материала; в) выступать с сообщениями, вести ситуативный диалог, высказывать свое мнение по предложенной проблематике.

Внеаудиторные занятия предусматривают самостоятельную работу студентов с лексическим материалом, с чтением и переводом текстов профессиональной тематики, подготовкой проектов. Контроль внеаудиторной работы осуществляется в форме выборочного перевода, ответов на вопросы, выполнении тестов.

Промежуточный тест проводится в конце каждой темы модуля обучения. Промежуточный тест содержит лексико-грамматические задания изученного грамматического и лексического материала.

Содержание курса дисциплины

Семестр 2.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 1

Раздел 1: «Weather»

Лексика: Слова, описывающие погоду.

Говорение: Обсуждение экстремальной погоды. Разговор про различную погоду и времена года.

Грамматика:

1) Present Simple and Present Continuous.

Аудирование: Новости про ураган.

Чтение: Новости из Интернета про экстремальную погоду. Интервью из журнала с режиссёром документальных фильмов.

Письмо: Эссе про любимое время года.

Раздел 2: «People»

Лексика: прилагательные, описывающие личность.

Говорение: Обсуждение творческих людей.

Грамматика:

- 1) Past Simple.
- 2) Past Continuous.

Аудирование: Интервью с победителем марафона.

Чтение: Статьи из газеты про победителя марафона.

Письмо: Описание личности.

Раздел 3: «The Media»

Лексика: Слова и выражения, связанные с описанием ТВ программ.

Говорение: Обсуждение различных медиа источников. Разговор про новостные компании.

Грамматика:

- 1) Articles.
- 2) Relative Pronouns.

Аудирование: Интервью с медиа работником.

Чтение: Интервью с медиа работником. Статья про новостные организации в мире.

Письмо: Анонс ТВ программы.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 2

Раздел 1: «Health»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с медициной.

Говорение: Разговор про какой-то опыт в жизни. Обсуждение еды и диеты.

Грамматика:

1) Present Perfect Simple.

Аудирование: Отрывок из доклада о благотворительности в области здравоохранения.

Чтение: Руководство к благотворительности в области здравоохранения. Статья из журнала про еду для здорового разума.

Письмо: Благодарственное письмо.

Раздел 2: «Natural World»

Лексика: Прилагательные, описывающие места, животных.

Говорение: Обсуждение островов, животных и различных мест.

Грамматика:

- 1) Comparatives.
- 2) Superalitives.

Аудирование: ТВ программа про острова.

Чтение: Статьи из газеты про животных.

Письмо: Эссе с использованием сравнительной и превосходной степенями сравнения прилагательных.

Раздел 3: «Society and Family»

Лексика: Различные возрастные группы людей.

Говорение: Обсуждение темы технологий в современной жизни. Обсуждение семейной жизни. Различные семьи.

Грамматика:

- 1) Will, may, might.
- 2) First Conditionals.

Аудирование: Встреча футуролога и бизнес инвестора.

Чтение: Объявление института анализа будущего. Статья про низкую рождаемость в Германии.

Письмо: Статья про будущее.

Семестр 3

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 3

Раздел 1: «Science»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с наукой и преступлениями.

Говорение: Обсуждение правил и урегулирований в повседневной жизни. Разговор об отношении к науке.

Грамматика:

- 1) Must.
- 2) Have to, had to.
- 3) Could.

Аудирование: интервью с судебным ученым.

Чтение: Обзор ТВ программы. Газетная статья про проблемы для женщин в науке в Великобритании.

Письмо: Описание графиков.

Раздел 2: «The Night»

Лексика: Прилагательные, оканчивающиеся на -ing/-ed.

Говорение: Разговор про проблемы со сном.

Грамматика:

1) Going to, hoping to, would like to.

Аудирование: Разговор про сон.

Чтение: Обмен электронными письмами. Статья из журнала про людей, которые работают ночью.

Письмо: История.

Раздел 3: «Work and Industry»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с работой и бизнесом.

Говорение: Разговор про промышленность.

Грамматика:

1) Used to.

2) Present Simple Passive.

Аудирование: Собеседование с работниками.

Чтение: Статьи про различные виды промышленности.

Письмо: Описание процесса.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 4

Раздел 1: «Global Affairs»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с людьми и организацией.

Говорение: Разговор про ООН. Разговор про большой бизнес и глобализацию.

Грамматика:

1) Present Continuous.

2) Past Simple Passive.

Аудирование: Разговор про расписание. Разговор про Интерпол.

Чтение: ООН. История Майкрософт.

Письмо: Эссе «За и против».

Раздел 2: «The Environment»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с глобальным потеплением. Контейнеры и материалы.

Говорение: Разговор про причины и влияние глобального потепления. Обсуждение путей сокращения отходов.

Грамматика:

- 1) Present Perfect Continuous.
- 2) Phrasal Verbs.

Аудирование: Документальная запись про глобальное потепление.

Чтение: Эссе про глобальное потепление.

Письмо: Отчет.

Раздел 3: «Sport»

Лексика: Слова, связанные со спортом. Типы личностей.

Говорение: Разговор про спорт. Что бы сделали, если.... Обсуждение мирового кубка по футболу.

Грамматика:

- 1) Second Conditional.
- 2) Too, enough.

Аудирование: ТВ программа событий. Советы студентам перед экзаменом.

Чтение: Открытое письмо Премьер Министру. Статья из газеты про футбольных женщин-болельщиц.

Письмо: Официальное электронное письмо.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 5

Раздел 1: «Personality»

Лексика: Описание личности человека, прилагательные и существительные для описания внешности и характера.

Говорение: Умение описать сою внешность и характер, описать другого человека (члена семьи, друга, знаменитость).

Грамматика:

- 2) Вопрос к подлежащему.
- 3) Вопрос к дополнению.
- 4) Present Simple and Present Continuous.

Аудирование: Разговор о внешности и личности. Радиоинтервью с психологом.

Чтение: Описания людей (выдержка из энциклопедии, статьи из журнала и Интернета).

Письмо: Эссе про внешность и характер человека.

Раздел 2: «Travel»

Лексика: Фразовые глаголы, слова и выражения на тему «Путешествия».

Говорение: Обсуждение путешествий и событий из прошлого.

Грамматика:

3) Past Simple and Present Perfect Simple.

Аудирование: Разговор про путешествие заграницу. Интервью. Лекция.

Чтение: Статьи из журнала про путешествия и туризм, знаменитых открывателей.

Письмо: Биографическое портфолио.

Раздел 3: «Work»

Лексика: Слова и выражения, связанные с работой и временем.

Говорение: Описание различных видов профессий, важных вещей на работе, преимуществ и недостатков работы дома.

Грамматика:

- 4) Present Perfect Continuous.
- 5) Present Perfect Continuous and Present Perfect Simple.

Аудирование: Монологи, описывающие профессии, работу дома. Разговор с советником при написании жизнеописания.

Чтение: Объявления о работе, статьи из журнала о работе дома, советы для собеседования.

Письмо: Написание резюме. Жизнеописание.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 6

Раздел 1: «Language»

Лексика: Фразовые глаголы, слова и выражения, связанные с изучением языка.

Говорение: Обсуждение письменных текстов, языка в будущем.

- 1) Future forms: will, going to.
- 2) Present Continuous.

3) First Conditional.

Аудирование: Разговор между двумя студентами. Радиоинтервью.

Чтение: Реклама языковых курсов. Статья про вымирающие языки.

Письмо: Обсуждение таблиц и графиков. Отчет.

Раздел 2: «Advertising»

Лексика: Слова и выражения, употребляемые при составлении и написании рекламы, методы рекламирования.

Говорение: Разговор про рекламу, описание и обсуждение фотографий, обсуждение различных источников рекламирования продукции.

Грамматика:

- 1) Second Conditional.
- 2) Comparisons.

Аудирование: Монологи про рекламу. Разговор про рекламные технологии. Теледебаты о рекламе.

Чтение: Статья из журнала о рекламе, статья из газеты о рекламе для детей.

Письмо: Деловое письмо.

Раздел 3: «Business»

Лексика: Условия и должности в бизнесе, слова и выражения по теме.

Говорение: Планирование бизнес идеи. Обсуждение деловых дилемм. Разговор про достижения известных людей.

Грамматика:

- 1) Past Continuous.
- 2) Past Perfect.

Аудирование: Радио интервью о начале собственного бизнеса. Разговор про бизнес идею.

Чтение: Бизнесплан.

Письмо: Написание писем и e-mail.

Семестр 4.

Раздел 1: «Design»

Лексика: Абстрактные существительные, прилагательные.

Говорение: Обсуждения предметов в доме, обсуждение дизайна, дизайнерство

новых предметов.

Грамматика: Modals.

Аудирование: Разговор в музее дизайна. Беседа с учителем.

Чтение: Отрывок из дизайнерской книги.

Письмо: Отчет.

Раздел 2: «Education»

Лексика: Слова и выражения по теме образование и обучение.

Говорение: Обсуждение образования, описание учителей, обсуждение образовательной системы.

Грамматика:

1) Relative Clauses.

Аудирование: Монолог про обучение в университете. Обсуждения курса обучения.

Чтение: Статья-рассуждение на тему «Раздельные учебные учреждения».

Письмо: Деловое письмо. Письмо-договор.

Раздел 3: «Engineering»

Лексика: Слова и выражения по теме.

Говорение: Обсуждение инженерных достижений.

Грамматика:

- 1) Passive Voice.
- 2) Articles.

Аудирование: Радио интервью с женщиной-инженером.

Чтение: Статья о женщинах-инженерах. Статья про астероидах на Земле.

Письмо: Описание процесса с использованием страдательного залога.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 8

Раздел 1: «Trends»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с покупками, новыми трендами, модой.

Говорение: Разговор о трендах, моде и одежде. Обсуждение работы, здоровья и общества.

Грамматика:

- 1) Infinitives.
- 2) Ing-forms.

Аудирование: Разговор между продавцом и управляющим магазина.

Чтение: Статья из журнала про фильмы и моду.

Письмо: Описание трендов, избегая повторов.

Раздел 2: «Arts and media»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с искусством

Говорение: Умение вести дебаты как провести художественный грант. Обсуждение знаменитостей и искусство. Обсуждение новых событий.

Грамматика:

1) Reported Speech

Аудирование: Разговор про собеседование на работе.

Чтение: Статья из журнала про медиа.

Письмо: Отчет с элементами обобщения.

Раздел 3: «Crime»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с деньгами, технологиями, преступлениями.

Говорение: Умение поддержать беседу на тему преступлений. Разговор про преступления и преступников.

Грамматика:

1) Third Conditional.

Аудирование: Монологи преступников. Монологи про ограбления. Лекция про безопасность дома. Лекция про безопасность для автомобилей.

Чтение: Статья из газеты про кибер преступления. Статья про психологию преступлений. Статья про банковские ограбления.

Письмо: Описание происшествий с описанием причин.

Семестр 5.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 9

Раздел 1: «Communication»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с общением. Идиомы.

Говорение: Обсуждение новшеств в коммуникации и исследованиях.

Грамматика:

- 1) Continuous Tenses.
- 2) State Verbs.
- 3) Perfect tenses.

Аудирование: Мнения о том, как быть хорошим коммуникатором. Достижения знаменитых людей.

Чтение: Великие речи.

Письмо: Написание и проверка электронных писем.

Раздел 2: «Environment»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с окружающей средой.

Говорение: Обсуждение изменений в окружающей среде. Доклад о вулканах.

Грамматика:

1) Present Perfect and Present Continuous.

Аудирование: Вопросы и ответы про вулканы. Советы по составлению опросника.

Чтение: Газетная статья про окружающую среду. Газетная статья про таяние арктических ледников.

Письмо: Составление опросника.

Раздел 3: «Sport»

Лексика: Идиомы, связанные со спортом.

Говорение: Обсуждение спортивных игр. Обсуждение мужчин и женщин в спорте.

Грамматика:

- 1) Few/little, a few/a little.
- 2) Definite and zero articles.

Аудирование: Разговор с учителем карате.

Чтение: Реклама клуба карате.

Письмо: Эссе.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 10

Раздел 1: «Medicine»

Лексика: Медицинские термины, люди, условия и лечение. Заболевания.

Говорение: Что делает доктора хорошим. Обсуждение медицинских и этический вопросов.

Грамматика:

- 1) Future Continuous.
- 2) Going to.
- 3) Present Continuous.
- 4) Future Simple.
- 5) Future Perfect.

Аудирование: Разговор профессора про вопросы медицины. Лекция о том, как использовать интернет в исследованиях.

Чтение: Статья про медицинский прорыв. Информация про малярию.

Письмо: Написание кратких отчетов.

Раздел 2: «Transport»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с транспортом.

Говорение: Обсуждение видов транспорта. Обсуждение тяжелого путешествия.

Грамматика:

- 1) Modal Verbs (future).
- 2) Modal Verbs (past).

Аудирование: Сообщение ВВС про новый вид транспорта.

Чтение: Статья из журнала про безопасность на дорогах. Статья о транспорте будущего. Статья про хорошее путешествие на поезде.

Письмо: Описание графиков, и таблиц.

Раздел 3: «Literature»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с литературой.

Говорение: Обсуждение любимых/ нелюбимых книг.

Грамматика:

- 1) Narrative tenses: Past Simple, Past Continuous, Past Perfect, Past Perfect Continuous.
- 2) Used to.
- 3) Would.

Аудирование: Монологи про главных героев из литературы.

Чтение: Отрывки из романа. Описание литературных героев.

Письмо: Описание любимой книги.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 11

Раздел 1: «Architecture»

Лексика: Описание зданий, идиомы со словом bridge.

Говорение: Обсуждение и описание зданий. Обсуждение космических отелей. Сравнение мостов.

Грамматика:

- 1) Passive Continuous.
- 2) Passive Infinitives.

Аудирование: Интервью с архитектором.

Чтение: Выражение личного мнения о зданиях. Газетная статья про отели в космосе. Статья про знаменитые мосты.

Письмо: Описание здания.

Раздел 2: «Globalisation»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с глобализацией.

Говорение: Обсуждение положительных и отрицательных аспектов глобализации.

Грамматика:

- 1) Verb Patterns.
- 2) Have something done.

Аудирование: Разговоры про шлобализацию.

Чтение: Интернет сообщения про глобализацию. Статья про силу интернета.

Письмо: Краткое описание прочитанного.

Раздел 3: «Art»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с искусством и художниками.

Говорение: Что такое искусство? Обсуждение произведений искусства и картинных галерей. Обсуждение фотографий.

Грамматика:

- 1) Very, really, extremely.
- 2) Adverb Position in the Sentence.

Аудирование: Разговор про выставки.

Чтение: Реклама выставки в картинной галерее. Портфолио трех художников.

Письмо: Описание картины или фотографии.

Семестр 6.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 12

Раздел 1: «Psychology»

Лексика: Глаголы с частицами. Идиомы со словом mind.

Говорение: Обсуждение ролей в команде. Организация активности в группе.

Обсуждение книг про преступления.

Грамматика:

1) Relative Clauses.

Аудирование: Отрывок из лекции про динамику в группе.

Чтение: Опус для родителей про давление на детей.

Письмо: Дисскусивное эссе.

Раздел 2: «Culture»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с аспектами культуры.

Говорение: Сравнение двух описаний изменений культур. Дебаты по различиям в культурах.

Грамматика:

1) Reported Speech

Аудирование: Монолог про культурный шок. Обсуждение ошибок, допускаемых из-за разницы в культуре.

Чтение: Отрывок из рассказа о культурном шоке. Мнения про соблюдение культурных ценностей.

Письмо: Официальное письмо.

Раздел 3: «Technology»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с технологиями.

Говорение: Обсуждение технологий и их преимуществ. Дебаты про уровень технологического прогресса.

Грамматика:

1) Conditionals.

Аудирование: Описание гаджетов и отношение к ним.

Чтение: Статья про страх к технологиям.

Письмо: Статья.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 13

Раздел 1: «Education and Employment»

Лексика: Слова и идиомы, связанные с образованием и трудоустройством.

Говорение: Обсуждение различий в системах образования. Обсуждение ключа к успешной жизни. Устройство на работу.

Грамматика:

- 1) Continuous Tenses.
- 2) Perfect Tenses.

Аудирование: Собеседование при трудоустройстве.

Чтение: Газетная статья про образование. Жизнеописание.

Письмо: Жизнеописание.

Раздел 2: «Tourism and Conservation»

Лексика: Словосочетания, связанные с путешествием и сохранностью.

Говорение: Разговор про различные виды туризма. Обсуждение способов сохранения природы.

Грамматика:

- 1) Articles.
- 2) Modal verbs.

Аудирование: Интервью про туризм и сохранение природы.

Чтение: Брошюры каникул. Статья про боязнь пляжей.

Письмо: Эссе с элементами решения предложенной проблематики.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 14

Раздел 1: «International Relations»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с описанием характера, дипломатическим миром.

Говорение: Обсуждение национальных характеристик. Разговор про международные организации.

Грамматика:

- 1) Subordinate Clauses.
- 2) Modal Perfect.

Аудирование: Радиоинтервью -жизнь посла...

Чтение: Статья про национальные черты. Интервью с послом.

Письмо: Написание речи.

Раздел 2: «Health and Care»

Лексика: Словосочетания, связанные с здравоохранением. Язык эмоций.

Говорение: Разговор про здоровье и фитнесс. Обсуждение системы здравоохранения в разных странах.

Грамматика:

1) Future Forms with to be

Аудирование: Речь на церемонии окончания учебного заведения.

Чтение: Статья про счастье. Статья про здравоохранение на Кубе.

Письмо: Описание визуальной информации.

Семестр7.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 15

Раздел 1: «Fashion and Consumerism»

Лексика: Словосочетания, связанные с консюмеризмом.

Говорение: Обсуждение консюмеризма и материализма. Обсуждение роскоши в жизни. Обсуждение моды.

Грамматика:

- 1) Future in the Past.
- 2) Emphatic Structures.

Аудирование: Радиопрограмма про консюмеризм. Радиопрограмма про моду и социальную ответственность.

Чтение: Заголовки газет. Статья из модного журнала

Письмо: Краткий обзор прочитанного.

Раздел 2: «Technology and Change»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с технологиями. Идиомы со словом get.

Говорение: Обсуждение влияния технологических изменений. Разговор про технологические инновации.

Грамматика:

- 1) The Passive voice.
- 2) Causatives.

Аудирование: Диалог с советником по карьерному росту.

Чтение: Статья о том, что изменит мир. Статья про Гугл.

Письмо: Очерк о продажах.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 16

Раздел 1: «People and Ideas»

Лексика: Идиомы со словом hand.

Говорение: Обсуждение креативности. Разговор про местных (национальных) знаменитых людях.

Грамматика:

1) Conditionals.

Аудирование: Лекция про креативность.

Чтение: Статья про одаренных людей.

Письмо: Дискурсивное эссе.

Раздел 2: «Journalism and Media»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с масс-медиа. Идиомы со словом кеер.

Говорение: Обсуждение будущего газет. Разговор про важность журнализма.

Обсуждение новых источников для меда..

Грамматика:

1) Prepositional Verbs.

Аудирование: Медиа люди обсуждают свою работу. Разговор про журнализм.

Чтение: Газетная статья про журнализм. .

Письмо: Статья для газеты или журнала.

Семестр 8.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 17

Раздел 1: «Law and Society»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с правосудием.

Говорение: Разговор про различное поведение и негласные правила в обществе.

Обсуждение ювенального правосудия. Разговор про иммигрантов. Обсуждение ролей в команде. Грамматика:

1) Reported Speech.

Аудирование: разговор про преступления, совершаемые подростками и наказания. Разговор про иммигрантов.

Чтение: Статья про кампусы для малолетних преступников.

Письмо: Обзорное эссе.

Раздел 2: «Arts and Entertainment»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с искусством и развлечением.

Говорение: Обсуждение темы искусства и развлечений. Разговор про музыку.

Грамматика:

1) Non-Finite Clauses.

Аудирование: Преимущество Интернета.

Чтение: Развитие электронных технологий.

Письмо: Сценарий.

Раздел 1: «Business and Economics»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с бизнесом и экономикой.

Говорение: Планирование распределения бюджета. Обсуждение причин глобального финансового кризиса.

Грамматика:

1) Phrasal Verbs.

Аудирование: Рассказ банкира об убыточности.

Чтение: Бизнесс и экономические новости из газет. Статья про глобальный финансовый кризис.

Письмо: Деловое письмо.

Раздел 2: «Science and Nature»

Лексика: Слова, связанные с наукой и природой.

Говорение: Обсуждение научной фантастики.

Грамматика:

1) Nominalisation.

Аудирование: Описание книг и фильмов.

Чтение: Отрывок из научного сообщения.

Письмо: Выражение собственных мыслей и идей по теме.

Семестр 9.

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 19

- 1. Does the Pronunciation Matter?
- 2. English and Culture
- 3. Solving Communication Problems
- 4. Introduction to Learning Teaching
- 5. The Subject Matter of English Language Teaching

- 1. Classroom Options, Skills and Techniques
- 2. The Teaching of English a Communication
- 3. Communicative Approaches and Communicative Processes

- 4. On Communicative Competence
- 5. Promoting English Awareness

Аттестационный семестр

БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ № 21

- 1. Successful Language Strategies
- 2. Thinking About Teaching and Learning.
- 3. Designing Effective Instruction
- 4. Teaching Tips: Strategies, Research, and Theory for College and University

- 1. The Case Against Teaching
- 2. How People Learn: Brain, Mind, Experience, and School:
- 3. Active Learning: Creating Excitement in the Classroom
- 4. How Do I Organize My Lessons

3.3. Методические рекомендации по освоению дисциплины

Рабочая программа дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» составлена с учетом знаний, умений и навыков студентов, которые изучали иностранный язык на предшествующем этапе обучения. РПД предназначена для студентов языковых специальностей педагогического вуза.

При работе с предложенной РПД особое внимание студенты должны уделить формированию способности и готовности к межкультурной коммуникации, что предполагает развитие умений и навыков чтения и перевода текстов на английском языке, развитие навыков иноязычного общения.

Занятия по языку проводятся 1 раз в неделю. На занятии студентам предлагаются задания по всем видам речевой деятельности: аудированию, чтению, говорению и письму. Грамматика изучается по дополнительным учебникам. Студенты могут пользоваться различными учебниками по грамматике, используя также и грамматические задания в Интернете. Согласно учебному плану, студенты готовят курсовые работы в 8 семестре по темам, указанным в пункте 1.4. данной РПД. Студенты должны уметь пользоваться словарями: англо-русским и русско-английским, справочной литературой, а так же адаптированными и аутентичными источниками.

После изучения каждой темы студенты выполняют лексикограмматический тест и готовят задание на говорение.

Внеаудиторные занятия предполагают самостоятельное выполнение лексико-грамматических упражнений и проектных заданий, чтение и перевод текстов тематической направленности.

3.4. Темы курсовых работ

- 1. Изменение английского языка под воздействием Интернета.
- 2. Поисковое чтение как один из механизмов повышения скорости понимания текста.
- 3. Проблемы интенсивного обучения английскому языку.
- 4. Идиомы в английском языке и их использование говорящими на английском языке как на неродном.
- 5. Метод проектов как способ организации самостоятельной работы.
- 6. Заимствования в английском языке.
- 7. Стилистические функции артикля в английском языке.
- 8. Речевое поведение учителя на уроках английского языка.
- 9. Неологизмы в английском языке.
- 10. Национально-культурная специфика Семантики ФЕ в английском и русском языках.

4. Компоненты мониторинга учебных достижений обучающихся ТЕХНОЛОГИЧЕСКАЯ КАРТА РЕЙТИНГА ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Наименование	Направление подготовки и уровень	Количество	
дисциплины	образования	зачетных	
	(бакалавриат, магистратура, аспирантура)	единиц	
	Наименование программы/ профиля		
Иностранный язык.	44.03.05 Педагогическое образование	35	
Практический курс	(бакалавр)		
	Направленность (профиль) образовательной		
	программы: Русский язык и иностранный язык		
	(английский язык)		
C	межные дисциплины по учебному плану		
Предшествующие: ш	кольный курс по иностранному языку, иностранн	ый язык курс	
бакалавриата			
Последующие: Актуальные проблемы иностранного языка 2-4 курс бакалавриата,			
деловой иностранный	деловой иностранный язык, специальный иностранный язык 1-2 курс магистратуры.		

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	No 1	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 50 %
	Форма расоты	min	Max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	3	5
	пересказ, перевод)	3	S
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	3	5
	(составление по образцу)	3	3
	Подготовка		
	монологического	3	5
	высказывания,	3	3
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	4	5
	домашнее задание	4	3
	Письменная работа	3	5
	(аудиторная)	3	3
Промежуточный рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	6	10
Итого		30	50

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 2	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 50 %
	Форма расоты	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	3	5
	пересказ, перевод)	3	3
	Выполнение лексико-		_
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	3	5
	(составление по образцу)	3	
	Подготовка		
	монологического	2	5
	высказывания,	3	
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	4	5
	домашнее задание	4	
	Письменная работа	2	5
	(аудиторная)	3	
Промежуточный			10
рейтинг-контроль	Экзамен	6	10
Итого		30	50
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	No 3	
	Dances 11 o 5 o *	Количество	баллов 25 %
	Форма работы*	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	2	2
1	Работа с текстом (чтение,		
	пересказ, перевод)	1	2
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	1	3
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом		
	(составление по образцу)	2	3
	Подготовка		
	монологического		
	высказывания,	2	3
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное		
	домашнее задание	3	4
	Письменная работа		_
	(аудиторная)	1	2
Промежуточный			_
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	3	6
Итого		15	25

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	No 4	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 25 %
		min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	2	2
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	1	2
	пересказ, перевод)	1	<u> </u>
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	1	3
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	2	2
	(составление по образцу)	2	3
	Подготовка		
	монологического	•	2
	высказывания,	2	3
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	2	4
	домашнее задание	3	4
	Письменная работа	1	2
	(аудиторная)	1	2
Промежуточный		2	
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	3	6
Итого		15	25
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ		
		Количество баллов 25 %	
	Форма работы*	min	Max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	2	2
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	_	
	пересказ, перевод)	1	2
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	1	3
	упражнений	_	
	Работа с диалогом	_	_
	(составление по образцу)	2	3
	Подготовка		
	монологического		
	высказывания,	2	3
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	_	_
	домашнее задание	3	4
	Письменная работа		_
	(аудиторная)	1	2
Промежуточный			
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	3	6
			1
Итого		15	25

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 6	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 25 %
	Форма расоты	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	2	2
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	1	2
	пересказ, перевод)	1	2
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	1	3
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	2	2
	(составление по образцу)	2	3
	Подготовка		
	монологического	2	2
	высказывания,	2	3
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	2	4
	домашнее задание	3	4
	Письменная работа	_	
	(аудиторная)	1	2
Промежуточный			
рейтинг-контроль	Экзамен	3	6
Итого		15	25
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ		
			баллов 50 %
	Форма работы*	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
<i>y</i> (w <i>p</i> <i>w</i> <i>w</i>	Работа с текстом (чтение,	-	
	пересказ, перевод)	3	5
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом		
	(составление по образцу)	3	5
	Подготовка		
	монологического	_	_
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное		
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа		
	(аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный	(ијдиториил)		
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	6	10
Итого		30	50
111010		JU	50

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 8	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 50 %
		min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	3	5
	пересказ, перевод)	3	3
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	3	5
	(составление по образцу)	3	3
	Подготовка		
	монологического	3	5
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	4	_
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа	2	_
	(аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный			10
рейтинг-контроль	Экзамен	6	10
Итого		30	50
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	<u>№</u> 9	
	Dance 10 Com	Количество	баллов 30 %
	Форма работы*	min	Max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	2	3
. 1	Работа с текстом (чтение,		2
	пересказ, перевод)	1	3
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	1	3
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	_	_
	(составление по образцу)	2	4
	Подготовка		
	монологического	•	
	высказывания,	2	3
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	•	
	домашнее задание	3	4
	Письменная работа		
	(аудиторная)	1	4
Промежуточный			
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	3	6
·			
Итого		15	30

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 10	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 30 %
	Форма расоты	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	2	3
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	1	3
	пересказ, перевод)	1	3
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	1	3
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	2	4
	(составление по образцу)	2	4
	Подготовка		
	монологического	•	
	высказывания,	2	3
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное		
	домашнее задание	3	4
	Письменная работа		
	(аудиторная)	1	4
Промежуточный			_
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	3	6
Итого		15	30
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ		
		Количество баллов 40 %	
	Форма работы*	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	3	4
- J (N 1 N - 2 N	Работа с текстом (чтение,	-	_
	пересказ, перевод)	3	4
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	4
	упражнений	•	-
	Работа с диалогом		
	(составление по образцу)	4	5
	Подготовка		
	монологического		
	высказывания,	3	4
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное		
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа		
	(аудиторная)	4	5
Промежуточный	(издигориил)		
рейтинг-контроль	Теститрование	6	9
Итого		30	40
111010		30	40

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 12	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 30 %
		min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	2	3
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	1	3
	пересказ, перевод)	1	3
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	1	3
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	2	4
	(составление по образцу)	2	4
	Подготовка		
	монологического	•	•
	высказывания,	2	3
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	2	4
	домашнее задание	3	4
	Письменная работа	4	_
	(аудиторная)	1	4
Промежуточный			
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	3	6
Итого		15	30
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ		
		Количество баллов 30 %	
	Форма работы*	min	Max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	2	3
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	4	2
	пересказ, перевод)	1	3
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	1	3
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	_	_
	(составление по образцу)	2	4
	ПОДГОТОВКа		
	Подготовка монологического		
	монологического	2	3
	монологического высказывания,	2	3
	монологического высказывания, презентации по теме	-	
	монологического высказывания, презентации по теме Индивидуальное	3	4
	монологического высказывания, презентации по теме Индивидуальное домашнее задание	3	4
	монологического высказывания, презентации по теме Индивидуальное домашнее задание Письменная работа	-	
Промежуточный	монологического высказывания, презентации по теме Индивидуальное домашнее задание Письменная работа (аудиторная)	3	4
Промежуточный рейтинг-контроль	монологического высказывания, презентации по теме Индивидуальное домашнее задание Письменная работа	3	4
Промежуточный рейтинг-контроль Итого	монологического высказывания, презентации по теме Индивидуальное домашнее задание Письменная работа (аудиторная)	3	4

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ		
	Форма работы*	боты* Количество баллог	баллов 40 %
	Topiau pucorsi	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	3	4
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	3	4
	пересказ, перевод)	<u> </u>	7
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	4
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	4	5
	(составление по образцу)	4	3
	Подготовка		
	монологического	3	4
	высказывания,	3	4
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	4	5
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа	4	_
	(аудиторная)	4	5
Промежуточный			0
рейтинг-контроль	Экзамен	6	9
Итого		30	40
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 15	
	Dance 110 Fame *	Количество	баллов 50 %
	Форма работы*	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
1	Работа с текстом (чтение,		_
	пересказ, перевод)	3	5
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом		_
	(составление по образцу)	3	5
	Подготовка		
	монологического	_	_
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное		_
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа		
	(аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный			
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	6	10
Итого		30	50
		JU	JU

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 16	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 50 %
		min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	3	5
	пересказ, перевод)	3	S
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	3	5
	(составление по образцу)	3	5
	Подготовка		
	монологического	2	_
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	4	_
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа	2	_
	(аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный			10
рейтинг-контроль	Зачет	6	10
Итого		30	50
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 17	
	Danie nacamik	Количество	баллов 50 %
	Форма работы*	min	Max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	2	-
	пересказ, перевод)	3	5
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	2	_
	(составление по образцу)	3	5
	Подготовка		
	монологического	2	_
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	A	-
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа	2	-
	(аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный		-	10
	Тестирование	6	10
рейтинг-контроль	1 of the country	O	

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 18	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 50 %
	Форма расоты	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	3	5
	пересказ, перевод)	3	5
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	3	5
	(составление по образцу)	3	5
	Подготовка		
	монологического	2	_
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	4	_
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа		_
	(аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный			1.0
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	6	10
Итого		30	50
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ		
			баллов 50 %
	Форма работы*	min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
	Работа с текстом (чтение,		_
	пересказ, перевод)	3	5
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом		_
	(составление по образцу)	3	5
	Подготовка		
	монологического		
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное		
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа		
	(аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный	(иудиториил)		
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	6	10
Итого		30	50
111010		SU	5 0

	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ	№ 20	
	Форма работы*	Количество	баллов 50 %
		min	max
Текущая работа	Аудирование	5	10
	Работа с текстом (чтение,	3	5
	пересказ, перевод)	3	5
	Выполнение лексико-		
	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	2	
	(составление по образцу)	3	5
	Подготовка		
	монологического		_
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное		
	домашнее задание	4	5
	Письменная работа		
		3	5
Проголитоння	(аудиторная)		
Промежуточный	Зачет	6	10
рейтинг-контроль		20	50
Итого	гарон ій мошуш	30	50
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ		Fa 25 0/
	Форма работы*		баллов 35 %
	1 1	min	Max
	Выполнение лексико-		_
Текущая работа	грамматических	3	5
	упражнений		
	Работа с диалогом	3	5
	(составление по образцу)	3	3
	Подготовка		
	монологического	3	5
	высказывания,	3	5
	презентации по теме		
	Индивидуальное	2	_
	домашнее задание	3	5
	Письменная работа		_
	(аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный		_	
рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	5	10
Итого		20	35
	БАЗОВЫЙ МОДУЛЬ		
		Количество баллов 40 %	
	Форма работы*	min	max
		111111	ших

Текущая работа	Выполнение лексико- грамматических упражнений	3	5
	Работа с диалогом (составление по образцу)	3	5
	Подготовка монологического высказывания, презентации по теме	3	5
	Индивидуальное домашнее задание	3	5
	Письменная работа (аудиторная)	3	5
Промежуточный рейтинг-контроль	Тестирование	10	15
Итого		25	40

Итоговый модуль			
Содержание	Форма работы* Количество баллов 25 %		во баллов 25 %
		min	max
	Тестирование	15	25
Итого		15	25

Соответствие рейтинговых баллов и академической оценки:

Общее количество	Академическая
набранных баллов*	оценка
60 - 72	3 (удовлетворительно)
73 – 86	4 (хорошо)
87 – 100	5 (отлично)

5. Карта литературного обеспечения дисциплины (включая электронные ресурсы) Иностранный язык. Практический курс

(наименование дисциплины)

Для обучающихся образовательной программы

44.03.05 Педагогическое образование, квалификация бакалавр

(указать уровень, шифр и наименование направления подготовки,)

<u>Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)</u> форма обучения очная

(указать профиль/ наименование программы и форму обучения)

Наименование	Место хранения/ электронный адрес	Кол-во экземпляров/
		точек доступа
Основная литература		
1. Базовый англ.язык: развитие разговорных навыков	Библиотека КГПУ/	100
(учебное пособие по развитию навыков устной речи	кафедра иностранных языков	
для студентов неязыковых специальностей/КГПУ		
им.В.П.Астафьева Красноярск, 2015. – 144с.		
2. Language Leader Pre-Intermediate Course Book by Ian	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Lebeau and Gareth Rees. Pearson. Longman. 2011.		
3. Language Leader Pre-Intermediate Work Book by Ian	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Lebeau and Gareth Rees. Pearson. Longman. 2011.		
4. Language Leader Intermediate Course Book by David	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Cotton, David Falrey and Simon Kent. Pearson. Longman.		
2011.		
5. Language Leader Intermediate Work Book by David	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Cotton, David Falrey and Simon Kent. Pearson. Longman.		
2011.		

6. Language Leader Upper-Intermediate Course Book by	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Grant Kempton. Pearson. Longman. 2011.		
7. Language Leader Upper-Intermediate Work Book by	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Grant Kempton. Pearson. Longman. 2011.		
8. Language Leader Advanced Course Book by David	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Cotton, David Falrey, Simon Kent, Ian Lebeau and Gareth		
Rees . Pearson. Longman. 2011.		
9. Language Leader Advanced Work Book by David	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Cotton, David Falrey, Simon Kent, Ian Lebeau and Gareth		
Rees . Pearson. Longman. 2011.		
10. Teacher Development (Making the right moves). Krak	кафедра иностранных языков	20
T. Wash., 2014.		
11. The Natural Approach. Krashen S., Terrell T. Oxford.	кафедра иностранных языков	20
2013.		
12. The practice of English Language Teaching. Harmer J.	кафедра иностранных языков	20
London, 2011.		
13. Approaches and Methods in Language Teaching.	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Richards J. Cambridge.2014.		
14. Fundamental Concepts of Language Teaching. Stern H.	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Oxford. 2011.		
<u>Дополнительная литература</u>		
1. Oxford Practice Grammar by Norman Coe, Mark	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Harrisin, Ken Patterson; Oxford 2009		
2. Oxford Word Skills by Ruth Garins, Stuart Redmen;	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Oxford 2009		
3. Oxford Practice Grammar by Norman Coe, Mark	кафедра иностранных языков	20
Harrisin, Ken Patterson; Oxford 2009		
Учебно-методическое обеспечение для		
самостоятельной работы		
1. CD №1, №2 к учебнику Tom Hutchinson «English for	кафедра иностранных языков	
life. Intermediate » Student's book. Oxford University		

Press, 2009, p.102	
2. New Headway (Pre-Intermediate) by John and Liz	www.oup.com/elt/headway
Soars (Workbook with key); Oxford university press	
2011	
Ресурсы сети Интернет	
1. Парламент Великобритании	http://www.parliament.uk
2. Конгресс США	http://www.state.gov
3. Библиотека Конгресса США	http://thomas.loc.gov
4. Белый Дом (США)	http://www.whitehouse.gov
5. Министерство образования США	http://www.ed.gov
6. Электронные версии газет:	
"The Washington Post"	http://www.washingtonpost.com
"The USA Today"	http://www.usatoday.com
"The New York Times"	http://www.nytimes.com
"Daily Express"	http://www.express.co.uk
"Daily Mail"	http://www.dailymail.co.uk
"Daily Telegraph"	http://www.telegraph.co.uk
7. Сайты ТВ и радио- каналов:	
BBC World Services	http://www.bbc.co.uk
CNN	http://www.cnn.com
Voice of America	http://www.voanews.com
Reuters	http://www.reuters.com
ABC news	http://abc.go.com
Новостной дайджест	http://www.inopressa.ru
Breaking News	http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com
Study English News	http://www.studyenglishnews.com
8. Он-лайн курсы, упражнения, тесты	
Study.ru	http://www.study.ru
Learn a Language	http://www.edufind.com
English for Everybody	http://english-language.euro.ru

Teaching Grammar	http://www.eslpartyland.com/teachers/nov/gra
English Grammar Lessons	mmar.htm
«Все для изучающих английский язык»	http://www.english-grammar-lessons.com/
Ego 4 You	http://www.english.language.ru
	http://www.ego4u.com
9. Международный экзамен на знание английского	http://www.ets.org/toefl/nextgen
языка TOEFL iBT (Интернет-вариант)	
Информационные справочные системы	
1. «Britannica»	http://www.britannika.com
2. « High Beam Encyclopedia»	http://www.encyclopedia.com
3. «Encyclopedia Article Center»	http://encarta.msn.com/artcenter/
4. «Questia: The Online Library of Books and Journals»	http://www.questia.com
5. «Infoplease Encyclopedia»	http://www.infoplease.com/encyclopedia/

6. Карта материально-технической базы дисциплины

Иностранный язык. Практический курс. именование дисциплины)

Для обучающихся образовательной программы

44.03.05 Педагогическое образование (бакалавр)

(указать уровень, шифр и наименование направления подготовки,)

Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)

(указать профиль/ наименование программы и форму обучения)

Аудитория	Оборудование
	(наглядные пособия, макеты, модели, лабораторное
	оборудование, компьютеры, проекторы, информационные
	технологии, программное обеспечение и др.)
Аудитории	для практических (семинарских)/ лабораторных занятий
учебные	Notebook
аудитории	интерактивная доска
филологического	проектор
факультета	
	Телевизор
№ 3-38	Notebook
	интерактивная доска
	проектор
	магнитофон

Лист внесения изменений

Дополнения и изменения в учебной программе на 2017/2018 учебный год

В учебную программу вносятся следующие изменения:

- 1. В соответствии с приказом «О направленности (профиле) основных профессиональных образовательных программ в КГПУ им. В.П. Астафьева» от 07.02.2017 №36(п) в рабочей программе дисциплины и в фонде оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации обучающихся термин «профиль» изменен на «направленность (профиль) образовательной программы».
- 2. В соответствии с приказом «О внесении изменений в Положение о формировании ФОС для текущего контроля успеваемости, промежуточной и итоговой аттестации обучающихся по образовательным программам высшего образования программам бакалавриата, программам специалитета, программам магистратуры, программам подготовки научно-педагогических кадров в аспирантуре в ФГБОУ ВО «КГПУ им. В.П. Астафьева»» от 01.03.2017 №98(п) в фонд оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации обучающихся внесены изменения в Приложении 1 п. 3.2.1:

Прежнее наименование уровня	Новое наименование уровня
«высокий уровень сформированности компетенций	«продвинутый уровень сформированности
(87-100 баллов) отлично / зачтено»	компетенций (87-100 баллов) отлично / зачтено»
«продвинутый уровень сформированности	«базовый уровень сформированности компетенций
компетенций (73-86 баллов) хорошо / зачтено»	(73-86 баллов) хорошо / зачтено»
«базовый уровень сформированности компетенций	«пороговый уровень сформированности компетенций
(60-72 баллов) удовлетворительно / зачтено»	(60-72 баллов) удовлетворительно / зачтено»

Рабочая программа пересмотрена и одобрена на заседании кафедры "10" мая 2017 г., протокол № 9

Внесенные изменения утверждаю:

Заведующий кафедрой иностранных языков, профессор

В.И. Петрищев

МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования

«Красноярский государственный педагогический университет им. В.П. Астафьева»

Филологический факультет

Кафедра-разработчик кафедра иностранных языков

УТВЕРЖДЕНО на заседании кафедры Протокол № 9 от «10» мая 2017 г., Зав. кафедрой

____ В.И. Петрищев

ОДОБРЕНО

на заседании научно-методического совета направления Протокол № $_8$ от «17 » мая 2017 г.

И.В. Ревенко

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации обучающихся <u>Иностранный язык. Практический курс</u> (наименование дисциплины/модуля/вида практики)

Направление подготовки: *44.03.05 Педагогическое образование*

Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: *Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)*

квалификация (степень): *бакалавр*

Составители: профессор, д.п.н. Петрищев В.И., доцент кафедры иностранных языков, к.филол.н., Лефлер Н.О.

1. Назначение фонда оценочных средств

- 1.1. **Целью** создания ФОС дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» является установление соответствия учебных достижений запланированным результатам обучения и требованиям основной профессиональной образовательной программы, рабочей программы дисциплины.
- 1.2. ФОС по дисциплине «Иностранный язык. Практический курс» решает задачи: повышение уровня практического владения иностранным (английским) языком. Критерием практического владения иностранным языком является умение уверенно пользоваться языковыми средствами в основных видах речевой деятельности: говорении, аудировании, чтении и письме. Практическое владение языком специальности предполагает также умение самостоятельно работать со специальной литературой на иностранном языке с целью овладения профессиональными компетенциями.
 - 1.3. ФОС разработан на основании нормативных документов:
- федерального государственного образовательного стандарта высшего образования по направлению подготовки <u>44.03.05 Педагогическое образование,</u> <u>Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: "Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)", квалификация (степень)бакалавр;</u>
- образовательной программы высшего образования по направлению подготовки <u>44.03.05 Педагогическое образование</u>,

<u>Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: "Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)", квалификация (степень)бакалавр;</u>

- Положения о формировании фонда оценочных средств для текущего контроля успеваемости, промежуточной и итоговой аттестации обучающихся по образовательным программам высшего образования программам бакалавриата, программам специалитета, программам магистратуры, программам подготовки научно-педагогических кадров в аспирантуре в федеральном государственном бюджетном образовательном учреждении высшего образования «Красноярский государственный педагогический университет им. В.П. Астафьева» и его филиалах.
- 2. Перечень компетенций с указанием этапов их формирования в процессе изучения дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс»
- 2.1. **Перечень компетенций,** формируемых в процессе изучения дисциплины «Иностранный язык. Практический курс»:
- **ОК-1** способность использовать основы философских и социогуманитарных знаний для формирования научного мировоззрения;
- **ОК-5** способность работать в команде, толерантно воспринимать социальные, культурные и личностные различия;
- **ПК-1** готовность реализовывать образовательные программы по учебным предметам в соответствии с требованиями образовательных стандартов;

2.2. Этапы формирования и оценивания компетенций

	аны формирования ——————		Тип	Orrar	10111100
Компете	Этап	Дисциплины,		•	ночное
нция	формирования	практики,	контроля	-	цство/
	компетенции	участвующие в		КИМы	
		формировании компетенции		Номер	Форма
ОК-1	ориентировочный	Иностранный	текущий	1	чтение
		язык.	контроль		
		Практический			
		курс			
	когнитивный	Иностранный	текущий	2	говорени
		язык.	контроль		e
		Практический			
		курс			
	праксиологический	Иностранный	текущий	3	аудирова
		язык.	контроль		ние
		Практический			
		курс			
	рефлексивно-	Иностранный	текущий	4	Зачет с
	оценочный	язык.	контроль		оценкой
		Практический			
		курс			
OK-5	ориентировочный	Иностранный	текущий	1	аудирова
		язык.	контроль		ние
		Практический			
		курс			
	когнитивный	Иностранный	текущий	2	монолог
		язык.	контроль		ическое
		Практический			высказыв
		курс			ание
	праксиологический	Иностранный	текущий	3	промежу
		язык.	контроль		точный
		Практический			тест
		курс			
	рефлексивно-	Иностранный	промежуточна	4	Зачет с
	оценочный	язык.	я аттестация		оценкой
		Практический			
		курс			
ПК-1	ориентировочный	Иностранный	текущий	1	аудирова
		язык.	контроль		ние
		Практический			
		курс			
	когнитивный	Иностранный	текущий	2	Монолог
		язык.	контроль		ическое

	Практический			высказыв
	курс			ание
праксиологический	Иностранный	текущий	3	презента
	язык.	контроль		ция
	Практический			
	курс			
рефлексивно-	Иностранный	промежуточна	4	Зачет с
оценочный	язык.	я аттестация		оценкой
	Практический			
	курс			

3. Фонд оценочных средств для промежуточной аттестации

- 3.1. Фонды оценочных средств включают: <u>тесты, вопросы к зачету, вопросы к зачету с оценкой.</u>
 - 3.2. Оценочные средства
- 3.2.1. Оценочное средство Тест (Петрищев В.И., Лефлер Н.О., Language Leader Pre-Intermediate Course Book by Ian Lebeau and Gareth Rees. Pearson. Longman2011., Language Leader Pre-Intermediate Work Book by Ian Lebeau and Gareth Rees. Pearson. Longman2011., Language Leader Intermediate Course Book by David Cotton, David Falrey and Simon Kent. Pearson. Longman. 2011., Language Leader Intermediate Work Book by David Cotton, David Falrey and Simon Kent. Pearson Longman. 2011., Language Leader Upper-Intermediate Course Book by Grant Kempton. Pearson. Longman. 2011., Language Leader Upper-Intermediate Work Book by Grant Kempton. Pearson. Longman. 2011, Language Leader Advanced Course Book by David Cotton, David Falrey, Simon Kent, Ian Lebeau and Gareth Rees. Pearson. Longman. 2011., Language Leader Advanced Work Book by David Cotton, David Falrey, Simon Kent, Ian Lebeau and Gareth Rees . Pearson. Longman. 2011., Teacher Development (Making the right moves). Krak T. Wash., 2014., The Natural Approach. Krashen S., Terrell T. Oxford. 2013., The practice of English Language Teaching. Harmer J. London, 2011. Approaches and Methods in Language Teaching. Richards J. Cambridge.2014., Fundamental Concepts of Language Teaching. Stern H. Oxford. 2011)

Критерии оценивания по оценочному средству Тест

		Базовый уровень	Порогорий уровани
	Продвинутый		Пороговый уровень
	уровень	сформированности	сформированности
Формируем	сформированности	компетенций	
ые	компетенций		
компетенци			
И	(87 - 100 баллов)	(73 - 86 баллов)	(60 - 72 баллов)
	отлично/зачтено	хорошо/зачтено	удовлетворительно/зачте
			но
ОК-1	Обучающийся	Обучающийся	Обучающийся способен
	способен на	способен на	на удовлетворительном
	высоком уровне	достаточно хорошем	3.1
	использовать	уровне использовать	основы философских и

основы	основы философских социогуманитарных
философских и	и социогуманитарных знаний для формирования
социогуманитарных	знаний для научного мировоззрения
знаний для	формирования
формирования	научного
научного	мировоззрения
мировоззрения	

3.2.2. Оценочное средство Вопросы к зачету, вопросы к экзамену (Петрищев В.И., Лефлер Н.О.)

Критерии оценивания по оценочному средствуВопросы к зачету. Вопросы к зачету с оценкой. Вопросы к экзамену.

Вопросы к зачету. Вопросы к зачету с оценкои. Вопросы к экзамену.					
	Продвинутый уровень	Базовый уровень	Пороговый уровень		
_	сформированности	сформированности	сформированности		
Формируем	компетенций	компетенций			
ые					
компетенци	(07.100 %)	(72.0(5)	(60.72.5		
И	(87-100 баллов)	(73-86 баллов)	(60-72 баллов)		
	отлично/зачтено	хорошо/зачтено	удовлетворительно/за		
OIC 1	0.5	05	чтено		
ОК-1	Обучающийся	Обучающийся	Обучающийся		
	способен на высоком		способен на		
	уровне использовать	достаточно хорошем	-		
	основы философских	уровне использовать	* ±		
	и социогуманитарных		основы философских и		
	знаний для	и социогуманитарных			
	формирования		знаний для		
	научного	формирования	формирования		
	мировоззрения	научного	научного		
		мировоззрения	мировоззрения		
OK-5	Обучающийся	Обучающийся	Обучающийся не		
	полностью готов	вполне работать в	готов самостоятельно		
	работать в команде,	команде,	работать в команде,		
	толерантно	толерантно	толерантно		
	воспринимать	воспринимать	воспринимать		
	социальные,	социальные,	социальные,		
	культурные и	культурные и	культурные и		
	личностные различия.	личностные	личностные различия.		
		различия.			
ПК-1	Обучающийся	Обучающийся	Обучающийся не		
	полностью готов	вполне готов	готов самостоятельно		
	реализовывать	реализовывать	реализовывать		
	образовательные	образовательные	образовательные		
	программы по	программы по	программы по		

учебным предметам в	учебным предметам	учебным предметам в
соответствии с	в соответствии с	соответствии с
требованиями	требованиями	требованиями
образовательных	образовательных	образовательных
стандартов	стандартов	стандартов

4. Фонд оценочных средств для текущего контроля успеваемости

4.1. Фонды оценочных средств включают: <u>аудирование</u>, <u>выполнение лексико-грамматических упражнений</u>, <u>работа с диалогом в группе</u> (составление и исценирование), подготовка монологического высказывания, презентации по теме, индивидуальное домашнее задание, письменная работа (аудиторная).

4.2.1. Критерии оценивания см. в технологической карте рейтинга в рабочей

программе дисциплины Иностранный язык Практический курс.

		Количество
	V питарии опанирания	баллов
	Критерии оценивания	(вклад в
		рейтинг)
аудирование	Обучающийся полностью понимает основное содержание, умеет выделить отдельную, значимую для себя информацию, догадывается о значении незнакомых слов по контексту, умеет использовать информацию для решения поставленной задачи.	15
	Обучающийся не полностью понимает основное содержание, но умеет выделить отдельную, значимую для себя информацию, догадывается о значении части незнакомых слов по контексту, умеет использовать информацию для решения поставленной задачи.	12
	Обучающийся не полностью понимает основное содержание, не может выделить отдельные факты из текста, догадывается о значении 50% незнакомых слов по контексту, полученную информацию для решения поставленной задачи может использовать только при посторонней помощи.	10
выполнение лексико- грамматических упражнений	Обучающийся использует лексику и простые структуры отлично, также использует сложные семантические структуры, не допускает грамматические ошибки.	10

	Обучающийся использует лексику и простые структуры правильно, допускает ошибки при использовании сложных семантических структуры, редко допускает грамматические ошибки.	7
	Обучающийся использует лексику и простые структуры в основном правильно, допускает некоторые грамматические ошибки.	5
работа с диалогом в группе (составление и исценирование),	Задание полностью выполнено: цель общения достигнута, тема раскрыта в заданиом объёме (все перечисленные в задании аспекты были раскрыты в высказывании). Социокультурные знания использованы в соответствии с ситуацией общения. Демонстрирует способность логично и связно вести беседу: начинает при необходимости, и поддерживает ее с соблюдением очередности при обмене репликами, проявляет инициативу при смене темы, восстанавливает беседу в случае сбоя. Используемый лексикограмматический материал соответствует поставленной коммуникативной задаче. Обучающийся демонстрирует большой словарный запас и владение разнообразными грамматическими структурами. Допущены отдельные ошибки, которые не затрудняют понимание.	15
	Задание выполнено частично: цель общения достигнута, но тема раскрыта не в полном объёме. Социокультурные знания в основном использованы в соответствии с ситуацией общения. Обучающийся демонстрирует хорошие навыки и умения речевого взаимодействия с партнером: умеет начать, поддержать и закончить беседу; соблюдает очерёдность при обмене репликами. Используемый лексико-грамматический материал в целом соответствует поставленной коммуникативной задаче. Но учащийся делает многочисленные языковые ошибки или допускает языковые ошибки, затрудняющие понимание.	12
	Задание выполнено частично: цель общения достигнута не полностью, тема раскрыта в	10

	ограниченном объёме. Социокультурные	
	знания мало использованы в соответствии с	
	ситуацией общения. Демонстрирует	
	неспособность логично и связно вести	
	беседу: не начинает и не стремится	
	поддерживать ее, не проявляет инициативы	
	при смене темы, передает наиболее общие	
	идеи в ограниченном контексте; в	
	значительной степени зависит от помощи со	
	стороны собеседника. Демонстрирует	
	ограниченный словарный запас, в некоторых	
	случаях недостаточный для выполнения	
	поставленной задачи. Делает	
	многочисленные ошибки или допускает	
	ошибки, затрудняющие понимание.	
подготовка	Задание полностью выполнено: тема	
монологического	раскрыта в заданном объёме (все	
высказывания,	перечисленные в задании аспекты были	
презентации по	раскрыты в высказывании).	
теме	Социокультурные знания использованы в	
	соответствии с ситуацией. Используемый	
	лексико-грамматический материал	
	соответствует поставленной	
	коммуникативной задаче. Обучающийся	1.7
	демонстрирует большой словарный запас и	15
	владение разнообразными грамматическими	
	структурами. Допущены отдельные ошибки,	
	которые не затрудняют понимание.	
	Логичность высказывания соблюдена:	
	вступление, основная информация,	
	заключение. Средства логической связи	
	адекватны поставленной задаче и	
	разнообразны.	
	Page of page 1	

	Задание выполнено частично: тема раскрыта не в полном объёме. Социокультурные знания в основном использованы в соответствии с ситуацией. Используемый лексико - грамматический материал в целом соответствует поставленной коммуникативной задаче. Но обучающийся делает языковые ошибки или допускает языковые ошибки, затрудняющие понимание. Логичность высказывания вполне соблюдена: вступление, основная информация, заключение. Средства логической связи адекватны поставленной задаче, но однообразны.	12
	Задание выполнено частично: тема раскрыта в ограниченном объеме, социокультурные знания мало использованы. Демонстрирует ограниченный словарный запас, в некоторых случаях недостаточный для выполнения постав ленной задачи. Логичность высказывания не вполне соблюдена: вступление, основная информация, заключение. Средства логической связи неадекватны поставленной задаче и однообразны.	10
письменная работа (аудиторная)	Задание выполнено полностью: содержание отражает все аспекты, указанные в задании; стилевое оформление речи выбрано правильно с учетом цели высказывания и адресата; соблюдены принятые в языке нормы вежливости. Высказывание логично: средства логической связи использованы правильно; текст разделен на абзацы; оформление текста соответствует нормам, принятым в стране изучаемого языка. Используемый словарный запас соответствует поставленной задаче; практически нет нарушений в использовании лексики. Практически отсутствуют ошибки. Высказывание логично; средства логической связи использованы правильно; Используемые лексические и грамматические структуры соответствуют поставленной коммуникативной задаче. Лексические,	10

грамматические	И	орфографические	ошибки
отсутствуют.			

Задание некоторые выполнено: аспекты, указанные в задании раскрыты не полностью; имеются отдельные нарушения стилевого оформления речи; в основном соблюдены принятые языке нормы вежливости. Высказывание в основном логично; имеются отдельные недостатки при использовании средств логической связи; имеются отдельные недостатки при делении текста на абзацы; имеются отдельные нарушения в оформлении Используемый текста. словарный запас соответствует поставленной залаче. встречаются однако отдельные употреблении неточности В слов, либо запас ограничен, словарный но лексика правильно. Имеется использована ряд грамматических ошибок, не затрудняющих понимание текста. Орфографические ошибки практически отсутствуют. Текст разделен на предложения с правильным пунктуационным оформлением.

Задание выполнено не полностью: содержание отражает не все аспекты, указанные в задании; нарушение стилевого оформления речи встречаются достаточно часто; в основном не соблюдены принятые в языке нормы вежливости. Высказывание не всегда логично; имеются многочисленные ошибки в использовании средств логической связи, их выбор ограничен; деление текста на отсутствует; абзацы имеются ошибки многочисленные оформлении Использован текста. неоправданно ограниченный словарный запас; часто встречаются нарушения в использовании лексики, некоторые из них могут затруднять понимание текста. Либо часто встречаются ошибки элементарного уровня, либо ошибки немногочисленны, но затрудняют понимание текста. Имеется ряд орфографических и/или пунктуационных ошибок, которые значительно затрудняют понимание текста.

5

7

- **5.** Учебно-методическое и информационное обеспечение фондов оценочных средств (литература; методические указания, рекомендации, программное обеспечение и другие материалы, использованные для разработки ФОС).
- 1. Language Leader Pre-Intermediate Course Book by Ian Lebeau and Gareth Rees. Pearson. Longman2011.
- 2. Language Leader Pre-Intermediate Work Book by Ian Lebeau and Gareth Rees. Pearson. Longman2011.
- 3. Language Leader Intermediate Course Book by David Cotton, David Falrey and Simon Kent. Pearson. Longman. 2011.
- 4. Language Leader Intermediate Work Book by David Cotton, David Falrey and Simon Kent. Pearson Longman. 2011.
- 5. Language Leader Upper-Intermediate Course Book by Grant Kempton. Pearson. Longman. 2011.
- 6. Language Leader Upper-Intermediate Work Book by Grant Kempton. Pearson. Longman. 2011.
- 7. Language Leader Advanced Course Book by David Cotton, David Falrey, Simon Kent, Ian Lebeau and Gareth Rees. Pearson. Longman. 2011.
- 8. Language Leader Advanced Work Book by David Cotton, David Falrey, Simon Kent, Ian Lebeau and Gareth Rees . Pearson. Longman. 2011.
- 9. Teacher Development (Making the right moves). Krak T. Wash., 2014.
- 10. The Natural Approach. Krashen S., Terrell T. Oxford. 2013.
- 11. The practice of English Language Teaching. Harmer J. London, 2011.
- 12. Approaches and Methods in Language Teaching. Richards J. Cambridge. 2014. Fundamental Concepts of Language Teaching. Stern H. Oxford. 2011

6. Оценочные средства (контрольно-измерительные материалы)

Вопросы к экзамену во 2 семестре

Dwell on the topic:

- 1. Weather
- 2. People
- 3. The Media
- 4. Health
- 5. Natural World
- 6. Society and Family

Вопросы к экзамену в 3 семестре

Dwell on the topic:

1. Science

- 2. The Night
- 3. Work and Industry
- 4. Global Affairs
- 5. The Environment
- 6. Sport
- 7. Personality
- 8. Travel
- 9. Work
- 10.Language
- 11.Advertising
- 12.Business

Вопросы к экзамену в 4 семестре

Dwell on the topic:

- 1. Design
- 2. Education
- 3. Engineering
- 4. Trends
- 5. Arts and Media
- 6. Crime

Вопросы к зачету в 5 семестре

Dwell on the topic:

- 1. Communication
- 2. Environment
- 3. Sport
- 4. Medicine
- 5. Transport
- 6. Literature
- 7. Architecture
- 8. Globalisation
- 9. Art

Вопросы к экзамену в 6 семестре

Dwell on the topic:

- 1. Psychology
- 2. Culture
- 3. Technology
- 4. Education and Employment
- 5. Tourism and Conservation
- 6. International Relations
- 7. Health and Care

Вопросы к зачету в 7 семестре

Dwell on the topic:

- 1. Fashions and Consumerism
- 2. Technology and Change
- 3. People and Ideas
- 4. Journalism and Media

Вопросы к экзамену в 9 семестре

Dwell on the topic:

- 1. Law and Society
- 2. Arts and Entertainment
- 3. Business and Economics
- 4. Science and Nature
- 5. Does the Pronunciation Matter?
- 6. English and Culture
- 7. Solving Communication Problems
- 8. Introduction to Learning Teaching
- 9. The Subject Matter of English Language Teaching
- 10. Classroom Options, Skills and Techniques
- 11. The Teaching of English a Communication
- 12. Communicative Approaches and Communicative Processes
- 13. On Communicative Competence
- 14. Promoting English Awareness

Вопросы к зачету с оценкой в Аттестационном семестре

Dwell on the topic:

- 1. Successful Language Strategies
- 2. Thinking About Teaching and Learning.
- 3. Designing Effective Instruction
- 4. Teaching Tips: Strategies, Research, and Theory for College and University
- 5. The Case Against Teaching
- 6. How People Learn: Brain, Mind, Experience, and School:
- 7. Active Learning: Creating Excitement in the Classroom
- 8. How Do I Organize My Lessons

m .				
Teca	говь	re 3a	лан	ия

2 семестр

Модуль 1.

Раздел 1.

1 Use the words in the box to describe the weather.

hurr	icane	flood	windy	cloudy	humid	blizzard	foggy			
thun	derstor	m dr	ought							
0	Rain,	wind,	lightning a	and noise.				<u>thunde</u>	<u>rstorm</u>	
1			e anything	,						
2	The s	now is	very bad	and it's ve	ery windy.					
3	There	e's no w	ater to dr	ink.						
4	No b	lue skie	s today.							
5	The r	ain clos	sed the roa	ads.						
6	•		ew away.							
7		hot and								
8	I cou	ldn't ke	ep my hat	on.						
										/ 8
2	Mak	e sente	nces using	g the pres	ent simpl	e or presei	nt contin	uous.		
0	He / 1	like / Cl	hinese foo	d.	_	_				
	_ <u>He</u>	likes Ch	inese food	<u>d.</u>	·					
1	It / no	ot / rain	/ outside	/ this mor	ning.					
2	Every	y / year	/ my fami	ly / go / to	France.					

3	There / not / be / any / good	There / not / be / any / good programmes / on TV / tonight.							
4	You / use / the library / ofter	n?							
5	The shop / give / a discount	on wor	nen's cl	othes / tl	nis we	ek.			
6	Mehmet / revise / for his exa	ams / the	se days	•					
7	It / not / snow / in winter / he	ere.							
8	You / understand / Pawel's l	English?							
3 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Do these time expressions right now usually always currently sometimes these days never today every year Put the verbs in the box in come melt do trek		pre.	sent cont		_	nt continuou - 	/ 8 is?	
	STATE VERBS		A	CTION	VERB	SS			
				con	ıe				
A: 0 B: V A: 2 B: N A: 4 B: I A: 6 B: 7 A: V	'm not 5 about that do I. I also don't 1 you? I think it's n Why do you think so?	is the be Clio? I to ks ugly. eally like to but I do	est car to really lid What do e it. o need a Nissan M	o buy? ke it! lo you ³ _ bigger c			the Peugeot 3	/8 307?	

Раздел 2

1 Match the adjectives in the box to the person. You will not need to use them all.

polite miserable clever cheerf	ul kind inspirational shy
confident talented lazy stupid	rude quiet patient
PAULA	TIM
She always has a smile on her face.	He doesn't like meeting people.
cheerful	
She knows the answers to all my	He doesn't talk very much.
questions.	
	He never smiles.
She is always happy to wait for	
people.	He can do lots of different things.
She is sure she will be successful.	He doesn't like work.
	/ 8
2 Correct the mistakes in these se	ntences in the past simple.
0 I goed to the bank yesterday.	
<u>I went to the bank yesterday.</u>	
1 Were you lived in Germany?	

- 2 Last week he drived to Athens.
- 3 The schools wasn't opened for three days.
- **4** Do you fed the birds?
- 5 The museum haved two thousand visitors last week.
- 6 Did you can swim when you were a child?
- 7 Mariola seed her first film when she was twelve.
- 8 I didn't spoke to the electrician last night

/8

- 3 Use the prompts to make sentences using the past simple or past continuous.
- **0** How he kill man?

How did he kill the man?___

- 1 When bus arrive I read book
- 2 At eight o'clock film start

3	People live healthy lives thirty years ago
4	Sarah travel with her parents when she have the car accident
5	What you do at ten o'clock last night?
6	I not watch when the film start
7	He not very good at tennis
8	Which assistant work at 11 o'clock yesterday morning?
9	I not talk to you at that time
10	I finish university in 1999
11	When phone ring Artur not sleep
12	Who be at home when the police come?
ā	/ 12
4	Use the words in the box to fill the gaps. until afterwards then at first at the moment
0	<u>At first</u> I didn't understand the question but I did later.
1	I really like my course
2	I couldn't swim I was sixteen.
3	I was driving for ten hours, I was very tired.
4	It was easy at the beginning but it got harder.
	/ 4
5	Add appropriate words or phrases to the dialogue.
A:	What do you "think of Karl? He's OK. I'm not "about his girlfriend, Sienna, though. Who's she? What does she "about his girlfriend, Sienna, though.
B:	He's OK. I'm not 1 about his girlfriend, Sienna, though.
A:	Who's she? What does she ² ?
B:	On, she's about 1 metre /2, thin with long blonde hair.
	What does she ³ ?
	She's a teacher. She's here at the party. Is she? I haven't seen her. So what's she 4?
	She's very 5
tha	
	do I. What's she ⁷ now?
	Probably on Karl's computer checking her company emails. She's very hard-

TOTAL / 40

P	азоел 3	
1	Fill in the gaps with the correct word.	
0	Have you seen the new <u>series</u> Hello Sunday! on Channel 1?	
1	There's a <u>d</u> on animals at the North Pole tomorrow.	
2	Google is the most famous $\underline{\mathbf{s}}$ $\underline{\mathbf{e}}$ in the world.	
3	I want to be a _i and work on a newspaper.	
4	I have never met a <u>c</u> but I'd like to meet one, especially Br	ad
Pi		
5		
6	Most newspapers give a <u>w</u> on their website. They are usually	
in	terviews.	
7	There's a good <u>a</u> in today's newspaper about the European	
U	nion.	
8	Every Thursday I am at home watching my favourite <u>s</u>	
_0	<u>) </u>	
		/ 8
2	Correct the mistakes in these sentences.	, 0
0	He works as painter. \underline{a}	
1	It is on an appear of Spangar Street	
2		
3	Devile drive the court of fact	
4	People drive the cars too fast. Petra started at factory last week. A factory is very new	
•	Tetra started at factory last week. It factory is very new.	
5	The zoo is buying the elephant.	
6	He was listening to a music.	
7	What's on the TV tonight?	
•		
•		/ 8
	Complete the words in these sentences.	
0	Painting is my favourite ar_t	
1	He studied poli at university.	
2	His favourite hobby is phot	
3	Karol's father is a poli	
4	Karol's father is a poli He's seeing a psych for his phobia.	
5	i flated sci at school.	
6	This painting is by a very famous ar	
7	Many sci do not accept the results of these tests.	
8	Doctor Smith has a masters in psych	
		/ 8
4	Put the two sentences together using the relative pronoun in brackets.	
0	Picasso was an artist. He became very famous. (who)	
	Picasso was an artist who became very famous	

1	Carrots are nearing	vegetables. 1	mey can ma	ke your ski	n go orange. (w	/mcm)
2	UNICEF is an orga	anisation. It he	elps children	all over th	e world. (that)	
3	Peter is the man. H	le brings the p	ost every da	y. (who)		
4 anyv	Newspapers are in where. (that)	nportant mean	s of commu	nication. Yo	ou can read the	m
5	Fiona Smith is a st	udent. She stu	ıdies medicii	ne. (who)		
6	PowerPoint is a co	mputer progra	amme. It hel	ps you prep	pare presentatio	ns. (which)
7	Leonardo Da Vinc	i was a painte	r. He also in	vented mar	ny things. (who)
8	The SAS are profe	ssional soldie	rs. They do	the most da	ngerous missio	ons. (who)
	Add appropriate wo responding to suggestLet's try and I think we at What I don't think we Let's Have you got do Is there anything	stions. I get tickets for have have cout inviting I can we do invite Green't you get a	or the concert a photograp David? o? go. eg! He's bori good ideas? catering con	t. oh in the art ng. npany to m	ake the food?	ing and
Разо	цуль 2 Дел 1 Put the words in the ase operation nu	box into the urse clinic		ımn. treatment	TOTAL	/ 40
	nutrition injury			Г		
PEI surg	RSON OR THING teon	CONDI	TION	A(CTION	
3						

2	Complete the sentences using the past simple or present perfect.
0 1	I <u>have never worked</u> (never work) at the university. Real Madrid (win) thirty-five games this year.
2	The Peace Group (not finish) their research last
year.	The reace Group (not thirsh) then research last
3	There (be) no positive replies to date.
4	How many people (visit) the London Eye today?
5	The catering company (organise) the reception
yeste	
•	The meteor first (appear) on 18 April 2006.
7	In the last few days, we (receive) £350,000 in
new	funds.
8	The government(ban) the magazine three months
ago.	
	/8
3	Fill in the gaps with the correct words.
0	He had to stop playing football because of his high <u>blood pressure.</u>
1	He's not sleeping at all. I think he has <u>i</u> .
2	There are a lot of car in bread.
3	Hamburgers and $\overline{\mathbf{pizz}}$ as are $\underline{\mathbf{f}}$.
4	David always fails exams because he has poor con
5	I need more <u>v</u> so I am going to drink more orange juice.
6	I love <u>s</u> . It's my favourite fish.
7	More people suffer from <u>dep</u> in winter than in summer.
8	He's got a bad <u>me</u> He can't remember anything!
	/8
4	Make sentences using the present perfect and since or for.
0	I / be / a painter / 1989.
<u>I hav</u>	e been a painter since 1989
1	The / light / not worked / Tuesday.
2	The charity / work / with children / 25 years.
3	you / hear / from Mark / March?
4	This / country / be / a republic / a century.
5	They / not drive / the car / three days.
_	
6	Peter / not cook / a long time.
7	Professor Jones / give / any lessons / last week?
8	They / not meet / Graham / the last conference.

5	Fill in the gaps with one or tw	vo word	ls to co	omplete	the dia	logue.	
A: Go	ood morning. How ⁰ <u>can</u>			I hel	p?		
B: GC	ood morning. I'm having trouble	e steepin	ıg.				
	nm. How long have ¹				this pro	oblem?	
	out two months.						
A: Do	oes this happen ²			night	?		
B: Ye		2					
A: W	hat about stress? Do you someti	mes ³					stressed by
work'	?						
	little but not much.						
A: OI	X. ⁴	seen	an ost	teopath	?		
	s. I saw one last week. He think						
A: I tl	nink your problem is stress and	choleste	erol. Y	ou ⁵			
more	exercise in ⁶		to	improv	ve your g	general	health. You
7	coffe	ee at nig	ht eith	er ⁸		_	
you c	an sleep better.						
	_						/ 8
						TOTA	L / 40
Разде	ел 2						
1 Pu	it the words in the box into th	e correc	ct colu	mn.			
beach			ntain	sand	wave	hill	
	BY THE SEA			INLA	ND		
beach							
• ~							/ 8
	omplete the sentences with the		_	•	_		e.
0	Winter is <u>less hot</u>						,
1	That was						
2	Is the receptionist			(n	ot impor	tant) pe	erson in a
-	any? I don't think so.						
3	My eyesight is getting						
4	The conditions in Africa will b	e				(ba	d) in ten
years	' time.						
5	This year's conference will be					_ (succ	essful) than
last ye	ear.						
6	The choices are all bad but this	one is					_ (not bad)
	he others.						
7	A sports centre is			(ex	pensive) than a	play park.
	I'm the				-		

3	Complete the sentences with the correct animal.	, 0						
0								
	Many professors think that people and gorillas are related.							
1	There are always many <u>ra</u> in our garden in March.							
2	The gi is never hungry because he can eat the highest leaves.							
3	Be careful on the beach. There are many <u>cr</u> .	1						
4	There are two types of <u>el</u> , the African and the Indian, but they both	nave						
DI	g ears.							
		/ 4						
3	Is the underlined word a noun or a verb?							
0	Make sure you plant the flowers carefullyverb							
1	The main <u>cause</u> of bad teeth is too much sugar.							
2	Don't <u>damage</u> my car!							
3	We'll ship the boxes to Turkey by next week.							
4	You can do a lot of <u>harm</u> with a pen and paper							
		/ 4						
5	Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.	, .						
0	a children believe in Father Christmas.							
Ū	a) Many b) Much c) Little							
1	How money do you have?							
•	a) a lot of b) many c) much							
2	animal charities can afford to build animal parks. They are too expension	ive						
-	a) Little b) Not much c) Few	. ,						
3	There is not chance for Peter. He will fail the exam.							
	a) many b) much c) lot of							
4	time and money is needed for the project.							
-	a) Many b) Few c) A lot of							
5	There is space to put my furniture. I need a bigger room.							
	a) not many b) few c) little							
6	There are programmes on TV that I watch. I don't have the time.							
_	a) not much b) few c) little							
7	You were lucky! There's damage to your car.							
-	a) too few b) not many c) not much							
8	David hasn't got a friends at university.							
_	a) lot of b) much c) many							
	e, ~,							

6 Fill in the gaps with words or phrases describing photographs.
I have two pictures in front of me. The first one is older so the second picture is more
colourful and ⁰ <i>clearer</i> . The first picture ¹ sh a large family. The picture is
about 150 years old. The family ² l very serious. In the ³ b there
about 150 years old. The family ${}^2\underline{\mathbf{l}}$ very serious. In the ${}^3\underline{\mathbf{b}}$ there is a garden. There are four children ${}^4\underline{\mathbf{w}}$ are sitting in front of the parents. The
picture is quite dramatic.
In the second picture we $\frac{5}{c}$ a moden family of four people. It is
because the mother and father are wearing cowboy clothes. In ${}^{7}\underline{\mathbf{t}}$
$\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ of the picture are the mother and father, sitting on horses and $^{8}\underline{\mathbf{o}}$
<u>t</u> are the children, wearing T-shirts and jeans. I think we should use
the first picture. It is more powerful.
/ 8
TOTAL /40
Pasden 3
1 Fill in the gaps with the correct word connected with age.
0 A <u>baby</u> can't walk.
1 A <u>r</u> person doesn't have to work.
2 A m person should be careful with their health. 3 A young a could be finishing university soon.
A young <u>a</u> could be finishing university soon.
4 A <u>c</u> can ride a bicycle. 5 A <u>t</u> always fights with parents.
<u>-</u> , , , ,
7 A <u>th</u> probably has children. 8 An <u>a</u> is probably still at school.
-
/ 8
Fill in the gaps with will, won't, may or might.
There <u>won't</u> be a class tomorrow. The teacher is sick.
This summer it be hotter than last year. I'm not sure.
2 I not be able to get to the party tonight. I'll let you know.
The government definitely have an election this year, I'm sure.
4 Some people need more vitamins than others.
5 Do you think we have air cars in a thousand years?
6 It probably rain tomorrow but check the weather report.
7 The computer has a virus. You definitely have to buy a new one.
8 David is always late but he be on time tomorrow. It's possible.

3	Are these sentences true or false? Correct the false ones by making changes
to	the underlined adjectives.
0	He almost died. He is very <u>lucky</u> <u>true</u>
1	He always fails his exams. He's very <u>careful</u> .
2	A calculator is unuse in English exams.
3	What a terrible thing to say! You are so <u>unkind!</u>
4	I feel very comfortableless with new people.
5	Ha has no abanca It's bonalass
6	<u>-</u>
_	That's a very <u>unusual</u> pen. Where did you buy it?
7	He nearly won. He is very <u>luckyless</u> .
	/7
4	Use the prompts to make sentences with the first conditional.
0	I / pass / my university exam / I / be / a graduate.
	pass my university exam I will be a graduate.
1	All men and women / work / birth rate / definitely / decrease.
•	Thi mon and women's work's onthi face's definitely a decrease.
2	We / lose / the contract / I / be / responsible.
_	We hose the contract it be responsible.
3	The government / not change / their decision / the minister / resign.
J	The government hot entange then decision the immister tresign.
4	We / need / childcare / we / have / another child.
•	We r need remideate r we r nave r another ennia.
5	You / not come / you / not see / Esra.
J	Tou / not come / you / not see / Lsru.
6	I / change / the time / it / not be / suitable.
U	17 change / the time / it / not be / suitable.
7	David / not phone / what / you / do?
,	David / not phone / what / you / do:
0	He / not now / the fine / he / find / the heals / today
8	He / not pay / the fine / he / find / the book / today.
	C
9	Sarah / want / the ticket / you / phone me?
	/9
5	Put these sentences from a TV programme in the right order.
a)	So what do you think about smoking? $\underline{0}$
b)	Because when you smoke, I have to inhale your smoke.
c)	I think it's important that people don't blame others for their decisions. If you choose
•	good health you won't stand near a smoker.
d)	OK. Calm down, everyone!
	•
e)	Personally, I disagree. I love smoking. Why can't I smoke? That's a good point, but what about my choice to have good health?
f)	That's a good point, but what about my choice to have good health?
g)	Well, I have to disagree. Sometimes I don't have a choice where to stand. Have you
	ever been in a room full of smoke?
h)	Personally, I think smoking is a bad thing and should be made illegal.

i)	Only if you stand next to me. What I think is that everyone should have the choice smoke or not to smoke.	e to
	/8	
	TOTAL	/ 40
	семестр	
	Іодуль 3	
	аздел 1	
	Fill in the gaps with the correct word. The first letter(s) are given for you.	
0	Can you <u>keep</u> a secret?	
1 2	Can you _an the results of the tests? The police will study the _e before making a decision.	
3	My baby went to the doctor for her first <u>v</u>	
4	Sherlock Homes was able to <u>s</u> many crimes.	
5	Explorers <u>d</u> new places.	
6	It was his hand. Look! Those are his <u>f</u> .	
7	The judge said he was innocent. He didn't <u>c</u> the crir	ne.
8	The investigation didn't <u>re</u> any new evidence.	
		/ 8
0	Write sentences with the same meaning using must or have to. It is a very good idea to ring your mother tonight. ou must ring your mother tonight. It is necessary to not smoke in restaurants.	
2	It is not necessary to drive your car to my house.	
3	If you forget to buy a birthday present, your mum will be angry.	
4	The law says it is necessary to wear a seatbelt in cars.	
5	You may take this course if you want.	
6	It is necessary that you do not walk on the grass.	
7	The university wants every person to show their identity card at the entrance.	
8	Sports Club rule: Always wear sports shoes in the gym.	

3	Change the preposition to make a correct phras	se.
0	opinion to something <u>of</u>	
1	angry in someone	
2	history in something	
3	proud at someone	
4	received something to someone	
5	belong from something	
6	afraid in something	
7	lead on something	
8	happened with someone	
9	spend money in	
10	thanks with someone	
11		
12	separate to something	<u></u>
		/ 12
4	Choose the correct words to complete the sente	nces.
0	In my last company we <u>b</u> wear a suit. I wo	
	a) had to b) did not have to c) could d)	could not
1	you play tennis when you were a child?	
	a) Had tob) Did not have to c) Couldd)	Could not
2	I'm sorry, I come to the party yesterday.	I was sick.
	a) had to b) did not have to c) could d)	could not
3	I loved the old market. You always find	fresh vegetables.
		could not
4	My car broke down, so I take the bus.	
_		could not
5	You buy me a new watch. I was happy w	•
_	a) had to b) did not have to c) could d)	could not
6	Were you at the game? I see you.	
_		could not
7	We take the exam again because we fail	
	a) had to b) did not have to c) could d)	could not
		/ 7
5	Use the phrases in the box to complete the sente	ences.
co	onnected led to caused so means that me	eant that
0	The drunk driver <u>caused</u>	the accident.
1	The new law po	eople have to drive more slowly.
2	All offices have computers	people need to learn
	how to use the Internet.	
	The development of planes is	to the development of
_	the motor car.	
4	The death of the Prime Minister	a new election.

5	I lost my house keys. This	I couldn't get in	ito my
hou	ise.		
		/ 5	
		TOTAL	/ 40
Pa	здел 2	TOTAL	7 40
	Use the words in the box to complete the sentences.		
	sleep in sleep for sleepless sleep well sleep through	doze	
	sleepy wake up fall asleep		
L	17 1		
0	I don't go to the cinema. I always sleep through the whole	film.	
1	I have been studying very hard. I didn't		
2	Don't expect me at work tomorrow morning. I'm going to		·
3	My grandfather always has a in the after	moons.	
4	, David! You're going to be late.		
5	Good night!		
6	He looks very tired. I think he had another	night.	
7	I think it's time for bed. I'm very		
8	I always have a glass of water before I	•	
0	Complete the sentences using the correct verb patterns. Esra / enjoy / work / at hotel. ra enjoys working at the hotel		/ 8
1	Scientists / seem / know / cure.		
2	I / look forward / meet / you.		
3	You / need / say / more / about / this topic.		
4	I / not / like / swim / in winter.		
5	The body / keep / work / 24 hours / a day.		
6	The Americans / succeed / land / on the moon / 1969.		
7	You / manage / find / the answer / to my question.		
8	Babies / tend / sleep / on their backs.		

5 0		e missing word uses <i>-u</i>	ng or -ed.	
1	The news	ery all of us.		
2	Having three chi	ldren is very		
3	What an		·	
4	Historians are	by disc	overies of new docu	ments.
-				
4	CI 41	1		/ 2
	Choose the correc		7	
0	This person wor		<u>_b</u>	J) . CC
	a) engineer	b) teacher	c) nurse	d) office
	orker			
1	_	to wear a uniform.	1 1 1 1	
•	a) astronomer			•
2	_	to use the telephone all		T . 44
	a) security guard	b) engineer	c)baker	d) call-centre
	orker			
3	_	y be done at night.		
	a) astronomer	·	c) engineer d) i	nurse
4	This person wor	ks with sick people.		
	a) baker	b) astronomer	c) nurse	d) security guard
				/ 4
5	Rewrite the senter	ces using <i>going to</i> or h	noning to for future	intentions.
		e planned to visit Paris		
	We are going to visit	-	ans weenend.	
		prefer to do when you	leave university?	
_	What Would you	prefer to do when you	icave aniversity.	
$\frac{}{2}$	The new govern	ment would like to incr	ease taxes next vear	
	The new govern	ment would like to mer	ease taxes next year.	
- 3	They are not pub	olishing the book this w		
	They are not par	misming the book this w	cck.	
4	Lintend to give t	he results at the next m	eeting	
•	i intend to give t	ne resurts at the next in	comg.	
5	I know I don't h	ave much time but I wa	nt to see three more :	neonle hefore we
	nish.	ave maen time out i wa	in to see timee more	people before we
11	111511.			
6	When does Turk	ey plan to join the EU?		
U	When does full	ey plan to join the EO?		
7	Krakow has dag	ided to have a new festi	val in December	
,	Manuw Has ucc.	ided to have a new testi	vai iii Deceiiiuci.	
8	I don't want to h	e in class when the lect	urer gives the results	
O	i don i wani io t	e in class when the lect	urer gives the results	•

6 Rewrite the sentences from the d	lialogue, replacing th	ne underlined mistakes wi	ith
the correct word.		0	
A. What would we do tonight?		0 <u>shall</u>	
B. I don't think. I'm easy. What do yo	ou want to do?	1	
A. Well, I'd <u>adore</u> to see the new Jam	es Bond movie.	2	
B. Oh! I'm not keeping on Bond mov	ies. They're silly.	3	
A. Let's look at the paper. I'd <u>happier</u>	see a film than go to	a restauran	
B. I don't <u>feel</u> a film. I'll fall asleep.		5	
A. Hmm well.			
B. I'd <u>rather</u> to go to the theatre.		6	
A. How about the new David James p	olav ⁹		
B. Celia Waters is better that David Ja	•	7	
A. But I can't see her plays in the pap		her stay at home!	
8	ici. I tillik you <u>nad</u> lat	mer stay at nome:	
		/ 8	
		TOTAL /4	40
Раздел 3			
1 Put the words in the box into the	e correct column.		
industry buyers exports		retailers	
employee organisati	ion report deliver	$\cdot_{\mathbf{v}}$	
employee organisati PEOPLE	_	•	
employee organisati PEOPLE	THIN	•	
	_	•	
	THIN	GS	
	THIN	GS	′ 8
PEOPLE	THIN organisation	GS /	′ 8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the	THIN organisation	GS /	′ 8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the Peter doesn't play tennis any more	THIN organisation	GS /	′ 8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the polynomial of the	THIN organisation	GS /	8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the Peter doesn't play tennis any more	THIN organisation	GS /	8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the polynomial of the	THIN organisation correct form of used	GS /	· · · 8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the peter doesn't play tennis any more Peter used to play tennis. 1 I have stopped smoking. 2 Vikings used long boats to disc	THIN organisation correct form of used and the correct form of used and t	GS /	· 8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the peter doesn't play tennis any more Peter used to play tennis. 1 I have stopped smoking. 2 Vikings used long boats to disc	THIN organisation correct form of used and the correct form of used and t	GS /	· 8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the peter doesn't play tennis any more Peter used to play tennis. 1 I have stopped smoking. 2 Vikings used long boats to disc	organisation correct form of used cover the world. not live in cities.	to.	· 8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the peter doesn't play tennis any more Peter used to play tennis. 1 I have stopped smoking. 2 Vikings used long boats to disc. 3 A hundred years ago foxes did at the period of th	organisation correct form of used over the world. not live in cities. hat women had small	to.	· 8
PEOPLE 2 Rewrite the sentences using the of the peter doesn't play tennis any more Peter used to play tennis. 1 I have stopped smoking. 2 Vikings used long boats to disc. 3 A hundred years ago foxes did sentences.	organisation correct form of used over the world. not live in cities. hat women had small	to.	· 8

3	Write the correct words in the blanks.		
0	Can human beings <i>conduct</i> electricity?		
1	If he works hard he will definitely get a pr	•	
2	For many years they have been the m	<u>l</u>	in the
ele	ectronics industry.		
3	I am good friends with all my c	in the compar	ny.
4	Can you s us with 30 new co	omputers?	
5	It costs half of our budget to <u>i</u>	spare parts f	rom Scandinavia.
6	Piotr isn't here again. He isn't very <u>r</u>		
	· -		/ 4
4	Identify which is a compound noun, writing y	as or no	/ 4
0	1	es of no.	
1	tomato plant <u>yes</u> bank card		
2	hot country		
3	world championship		
4	railway station		
5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	big news		
6	fresh juice hot bath		
7			
8	lunch break		
			/ 8
5	Make passive sentences from the prompts.		
0	Galaxy chocolate / make / Cadbury.		
	alaxy chocolate is made by Cadbury		
1	The Olympics / hold / every four years.		
2	Snails / eat / France.		
3	Presents / give / every year at Christmas?		
_			
4	Gold coins / not / use / in business / today.		
_			
5	New Orleans / often / affect / floods.		
6	Copper / use / for protecting windows?		
_			
7	A criminal / arrest / in England / every two m	inutes.	
	D 1 / 6 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1		
8	Pearls / find / inside / oysters / divers.		

6	Make polite phrases for		g. The first	word is given	for you.	
0	We will agree on £670	•				
<u>Sh</u>	all we call it £670?		•			
1	We agree to order 2,00	0.				
	<u>/hat</u>	150/				
2	You order 200 we offe	r 15%.				
3	That's too much!					
	<u>That</u>					
4	I'm sure we cannot do	that.				
	<u>I'm</u>					
					/4	
					TOTAL	/ 40
M	одуль 4				TOTAL	, 10
	здел 1					
1	Put the words in the box	into the co	orrect colun	nn.		
		ster staff				
	*	kesperson	assistant	civil servant		
	PEOPLE			ANISATION	IS	
	staff					
		'			•	/ 8
2	Change the sentences to	show futuu	re arrangen	nents		/ (
0	The government (have)		_	icites.		
-	e government is having an		_			
1	They (meet) at the rest					
2	You (have) your piano	lesson tom	orrow?			
3	The wedding (take place	ce) in the su	ımmer.			
_						
4	The plane (not land) ur	ntil 20.15.				
	The ary (telse) the mlane to	Comovio				
5	They (take) the plans to	o Geneva id	mignt.			
6	What time the presiden	ut (onen) the	exhibition	· ?		
U	what time the presiden	it (open) tin	CAMORION	<u>.</u>		
7	I (not do) anything this	evening ex	cept watch	TV.		
			1			
8	My partner (buy) me a	dog this we	eekend.			

3 Rewrite the sentences, correcting the underlined mistakes.
0 It's not far, mostly 250 metres.
It's not far, only 250 metres
1 English is a difficult language. <u>Therefore</u> , it's very important in business today.
There were not many visitors. <u>Mainly</u> ten people came.
3 So the train always leaves on time, it always arrive late.
4 There was an increase in crime last year. <u>Although</u> , we need more policemen.
4 Fill in the blanks using adjectives or adverbs.
THE ALADDIN HOTEL & THEME PARK
This ⁰ world-class hotel and theme park waits for you and your family. ¹ _ O
fifteen minutes from Holchester Airport and ² <u>j</u> 200 metres from the lovely
Fanshaw Beach, The Aladdin Theme Park offers you a ³ _m
holiday that you and you children will never forget.
ROOMS AND SERVICE
- with lots of room for large families
⁵ c beds - you will never want to get up!
views from your balcony of the south coast of England.
service for all of your problems. Call and we'll be there!
ACTIVITIES
firework displays every night! h rides - the fastest in Europe!
9 <u>h</u> -s rides - the fastest in Europe!
elephants from the East to transport you round the park! shows and concerts, just right for Aladdin's cave!
shows and concerts, just right for Aladdin's cave!
PRICE
The ¹² com package, including travel, accommodation, all games, rides
and shows - only £125 per person

5	Make sentences using the past simple passive.
0	Dynamite / discover / Alfred Nobel.
\underline{D}	ynamite was discovered by Alfred Nobel.
1	The fine / not pay / for six months.
2	When / David / take / to the hospital?
3	The museum / close / during the summer.
4	Her first novel / not publish / until 1964.
5	Who / give / the DVD?
6	The Spencer Group / launch / last week.
7	All the tickets / sell?
8	The evidence / analyse / by scientists / all night.
	/ 8
n	TOTAL / 40
	аздел 2
1	Complete the sentences using the words for containers and materials. You will
	not need all the words. aluminium carton jar paper packet tube cardboard box
	aluminium carton jar paper packet tube cardboard box metal can pot plastic
0	Aluminium is a type of metal.
1	Can I have a of toothpaste, please?
2	I want a of coke, not a bottle.
3	Put all the papers in that and I'll take it outside
	s rubbish.
4	She keeps insects in a glass
5	Bags used to be made of Now they are made of
J	Dags used to be made of Now they are made of
6	I'd like a of milk please.
7	
8	Could I have a of rice, please. Cans are usually made of
O	-
	/ 3
2	Add the correct particle to make phrasal verbs.
0	It's just rubbish. Throw it <u>away</u> .
1	The cost of fruit and vegetables is going every day.
2	Could you find the latest stock market prices, please?

3	David borrowed my notes but hasn't given them yet.	
4	I have to cut on the number of sweets I eat.	
5	Has the teacher given enough books to the class?	
6	A lot of thought went preparing the wedding reception.	
7	The chess club was set at the school two years ago.	
8	Research was carried for six months.	
	202000000000000000000000000000000000000	/ C
•		/ 8
3	Rewrite the sentences using the times/dates in brackets. Use the present	perfect
Λ	continuous if possible.	
0	I work in the local office. (1992)	
	ve been working in the local office since 1992.	
1	David and I know each other. (six months).	
2	I don't understand what he is saying. (30 minutes)	
	W	
3	We are building a new house. (January)	
4	They come to this café. (ten years)	
	I	
5	I want that car. (I was a boy)	
6	They are working on a new project. (Monday)	
7	Peter is using the computer. (six hours)	
8	The company is in trouble. (three months)	
	The company is in trouble. (times months)	
		/ 8
4	Choose the correct word to fill in the gaps.	
0	Floods and hurricanes are examples of $\underline{\underline{c}}$.	
	a) global warmingb) high temperaturec) extreme weather	d)
rai	inforests	
1	You can't go to work in those clothes. You look	
	a) dump b) scruffy c) well-kept	d)
de	erelict	
2	Don't your rubbish in the park.	
	a) run-down b) wasteland c) dump	d)
cle	ean	
3	Global warming causes to melt.	
_	a) sea levels b) wasteland c) drought	d)
gl:	aciers	~ ,
_	Is on walls a new type of art?	
•	a) graffiti b) reef c) canal	
	d) drought.	

5 I'm not going to buy the hous	se. n s	_ and it would cost too mu	ch to repair.
	lerelict	c) dump	d)
wasteland		• •	
6 The house is always clean an	d		
•	un-down	c) extreme	d) scruffy
7 Nothing grows there. It's a		,	, ,
	wasteland	c) extreme	d)
derelict	, astoraira	c) onerenie	4)
8 There's a in the south.	There's bee	en no rain for months	
	emperature	c) drought	d)
rainforest	emperature	c) drought	u)
Tamforest			
			/ 8
5 Correct the question tags.			
0 It's next week, aren't it?			<u>_isn't it?</u>
1 It hasn't happened yet, can it	?		
2 Diseases get stronger in hot v	weather, hav	en't they?	
3 They're waiting in the next ro	oom, couldn	't they?	
4 You could speak to the mana	ger, can't yo	ou?	
5 Germany has the largest popu	ulation in Eu	rope, isn't it?	
6 If you eat carrots you can see	in the dark,	don't you?	
7 He walks to work, isn't he?	,	, and the second	
8 The result couldn't be right, i	is it?		
			/ O
			/8
		TOTA	
Раздел 3		TOTA	
Раздел 3 1 Decide which of the sports in t	he box can		L /40
	he box can		L /40
1 Decide which of the sports in t			L /40
1 Decide which of the sports in t people.	g fencing	be played alone and whic	L /40
1 Decide which of the sports in t people. archery badminton cycling hockey	g fencing judo saili	be played alone and whic football gymnastics ng	L /40
1 Decide which of the sports in t people. archery badminton cycling	g fencing judo saili	be played alone and whic football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE	L /40
1 Decide which of the sports in t people. archery badminton cycling hockey	g fencing judo saili	be played alone and whic football gymnastics ng	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in t people. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE	g fencing judo saili NE	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional senters	g fencing judo saili NE	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional sentered in the second conditional sentered in	g fencing judo saili NE	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional sentered in the second conditional sentered in	g fencing judo saili NE ences using	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional sentered in the second conditional sentered in	g fencing judo saili NE ences using	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional senter of I want some help / tell you. If I wanted some help, I would tell you. What / you do / you fail the tell you.	g fencing judo saili NE ences using	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional sentered in the second conditional sentered in	g fencing judo saili NE ences using vou. est?	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional senter of I want some help / tell you. If I wanted some help, I would tell you. What / you do / you fail the tell you.	g fencing judo saili NE ences using vou. est?	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional senter of I want some help / tell you. If I wanted some help, I would tell you. What / you do / you fail the tell you.	g fencing judo saili NE ences using to the sailing to the sailin	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional senter 0 I want some help / tell you. If I wanted some help, I would tell you. What / you do / you fail the tell It is sunny / we go to the beautiful or the second conditional senter.	g fencing judo saili NE ences using to the sailing to the sailin	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more
1 Decide which of the sports in topeople. archery badminton cycling hockey ALONE 2 Make second conditional senter 0 I want some help / tell you. If I wanted some help, I would tell you. What / you do / you fail the tell It is sunny / we go to the beautiful or the second conditional senter.	g fencing judo saili NE ences using to the same server wou. est? ch. ass the law.	be played alone and whice football gymnastics ng EED MORE PEOPLE football	L /40 ch need more

5	The bus arrives on time / we not be late for	class.			
6	We have better players / can win the match.				
7	What / happen / the experiment fails?				
8	We increase exports / may make a profit.				
9	I am richer / can buy my own car.				
10	It is fantastic / Peter comes.				
11	Emre asks you / can you give him some adv	rice?			
12	The company agrees / may promote him.				
		1			
	dd too or enough to the sentences.				
0	She's got <u>too</u> many children to lool				
1	There aren't ingredients	in the fridge to cook anything nice.			
2	Do you have time to fini	sh the report?			
3	I don't like her. She's se	lfish.			
4	I didn't drink water before	the race.			
5	There is much work to do.				
6	Have you found people to o	come?			
7	Do you think he is professional				
8	I'm tired to go out tonight.				
4 0		/			
	forrect the underlined phrases in the dialog	gue.			
	What's the best way to get to the university?	0 11/2/1			
	ood, it's probably best if you take the High	<u> </u>			
Stree		1			
	ut it's very crowded at this time.	2			
	mm, being honest, I hadn't thought about				
that.	<u>I think I</u> use St. Peter's Street and then turn	2			
into S	Short Avenue. Have you got a map?	3			
A: <u>G</u>	et me see, here's one. What if Short				
Aver	Avenue's closed. There's a match today. What 4				
shou	ld I do?				
B: Tl	hat's a hard. I think you should take a taxi.				

5 Name the personality types that m	atch the desc	rintions.		
0 He sits in the corner at parties.		unsociable		
1 She doesn't need anyone.		sel		
2 He doesn't like to make mistakes		cau		
3 She likes to do dangerous activiti		r		
4 He loves meeting people.	-	<u> </u>		
5 She prefers to work alone.		ind		
6 He doesn't worry if he doesn't wi		n		
7 He has to win every game.	_	<u>c</u>		
8 In his job he checks things all the	_	car		
5 J. 1 J.		/ 8		
		TOTAL / 40		
Модуль 5				
Раздел 1				
1 Use the sentences below to write a	ljectives that	describe Naomi and Sylvina.		
The first two letters of each personali				
NAOMI		SYLVINA		
0) She loves to try new things.	1) She want	s to be the manager of the		
2) She rarely gets angry.	company.			
4) She loves giving presents.	3) She is always pushing her ideas.			
6) She's very relaxed about things.	5) She always tells people what to do.			
8) She's always ready to accept new	7) Some days she's happy, others angry.			
ideas.	9) She alway	ys has lots of new ideas.		
10) You can trust that she will get				
things done.				
	4	-		
0 <u>adventurous</u>	1 <u>am</u>	<u> </u>		
2 <u>ev</u>	3 <u>as</u>			
4 ge	5 <u>bo</u>			
6 <u>ea</u>	7 <u>mo</u>	<u> </u>		
8 <u>op</u>	9 <u>cr</u>			
10 <u>re</u>		440		
	, .	/ 10		
2 Correct the questions. Use the a	nswers to he			
O Are you like Italian food?		A: Yes I do.		
<u>Do you like Italian food?</u>				
1 Do you have finished the exams?		A: Yes, I have.		
2 Why is the best company to work for	?	A: The Purple Group.		
3 Do they discuss the issue at the more	ent?	A: Yes. They are.		

4	Who did see the accident?			A: That n	nan did.	
5	How often are they being in the office?				A: Every Mond	ay.
6	Were you go to the exhibition?			A: No, no	ot yet.	
7	Which car do you choose?			A: I chos	e the black one.	
8	Have you seen David on the TV last week?		A: Yes, I did.			
						/ 8
3	Find the odd	one out. The	en wr	ite the prefix tha	at two words share	•
0	lingual	cycle	2	define	<u>bi</u>	
1	comfort	rail		like		
2	boss	rated	use			
3	define	do		social		
4	behave	playe	er	understand		
5	circle	perform	J1	run		
6	confident	shadowed	heha			
U	Confident	Shadowed	ocne	ive		
1	Malza canton	oog on grogti	ona fr	om the nuemnte	uging progent gim	· -
4		ces or quesu	OHS 11	om me prompts	s using present sim	pie or present
Λ	continuous.	/ * D * .	TI	1 D .		
0	They / live			<u>v live in Paris.</u>		
1	This summ	ner / people /	buy / .	lots of sun cream	l .	
2	He / look /	like / a very	thoug	htful person.		
3	Our sales p	people / usual	ly / no	ot come / to the o	ffice.	
4	More and a	more people /	belie belie	ve / in personalit	y tests?	
5	In the back	ground / two	wom	en / dance.		
6	I / not see /	/ the connecti	on.			
7	They / go /	to Canberra	twice	a month? Yes, th	ney do. Every month	·
8	The public	ation of new	books	/ decline / every	year.	
F	Complete	the dielected		ng one o u true	ands in the sons	/ 8
5					ords in the gaps.	
	·		K to E	velyn. She's very	y upset.	
	What did I do		1	44 -	. 1	
A:	: Come ¹	Shirle	y! You	ı were really rud	e to her.	

B: Telling her the dress looked terrible? Well, ² true! A: I don't ³ It looks really nice. Anyway you didn't have to say it! Do you know why she was wearing it? B: I ⁴ know. Does it matter? B: Yes it does. It was a birthday present from her mother and her mother is coming to the office today. I ⁵ she's really upset now. A: Oh. What can I do? How ⁶ asking her out for lunch? B: Didn't you listen to me? Her mother's coming to the office. A: Oh. Why ⁷ I buy her a little present and a card saying sorry. B: Now that's a great ⁸ !
6. Now that s a great! / 8
TOTAL /40
 Paздел 2 1. The underlined words are all in the wrong sentences. Correct them. O After picking up your luggage, you need to go through inoculationcustoms I broaden you to think again. It's a very important decision.
Before going to Malaysia, you need to take an <u>sights</u> for malaria.
There are many <u>abroad</u> you can go to from Frankfurt Airport.
If I have time, this summer I want to <u>vast</u> the Amazon.
It's good to <u>experience</u> your horizons.
The world is so <u>customs</u> . You couldn't visit all of it.
When in Istanbul, make sure you see all the <u>destinations.</u>
Will you ever go <u>explore</u> or will you always stay in England?
I want to <u>urge</u> a new way of life so I'm going to visit the Sahara.
2 Complete the sentences with the phrasal verbs in the box. get to look around carry on stop off got back set out
You'll get there by three o'clock if you early. Feel free to the shop and choose what you want. On you way home, will you at the supermarket and ouy some milk? Did you the office on time? I'm sorry I stopped you. Please

5	y ————————————————————————————————————					home last			
night	•								/ 5
	it the verbs i						1	1 ,	\neg
walk write	like carr	ry take	look	begin	die	hurry	keep	hate	
WIIIC	-ed	-d			-ied		irreg	ular	
walk									
0	Take sentence Pablo Picas blo Picasso w There / neve	so / be / a vas a paint	painter er	•	-	simple	or prese	ent perfo	/ 10 ect
1	THEIC / HEVE	n oc / a wc	duling /	iii space.	•				
2	When / the A	American \	War of I	ndepend	ence /	end?			
3	We / have /	6,200 theft	s / on th	ne underg	ground	l / last y	ear.		
4	This year / s	een / an in	crease /	in profit	s from	touris	m.		
5	The consulta	ant / arrive	/ yet?						
6 mont	The guides /	/ lead / 2,50	00 climb	pers / to t	he top	of the	mountair	ns/ alrea	dy this
7	There / be /	violence at	the stace	dium / al	ready.	It / sta	rt / twent	y minute	es ago.
									/ 8
Before today argumas be an solution life of solution solu	dd a word in the I start, one a so please paraments both 1 hand increase in b build s, hotels and f dirt and noise we s it'd be a goodwed.	thing we ⁰ y attention I it will proports air polyling the air tourists. Is se! I think hould mak	_should to what and 2 ovide lot lution as port is t that wh we 6 e the de	rements I have to s of new and noise hat our lat we wants	o say ope jobs. pollut ovely ant? W _ stop	For maening and On the ion. Ar little vive move talking tonight	nother dis llage will ed here for and start with our	e there a here. On har advanta I be fille or a quie acting. protest.	re the d, there will ge d with cars, t life, not a I To begin
								TOTAL	

1 Complete the sentences with the words from the box. challenging boring exciting flexible glamorous repetitive rewarding stressful **0** My work is very *repetitive*. I put the tops on toothpaste tubes. Because I work at home my hours are very _____. 1 Being a model is a very _____ job. You get to wear all those lovely 2 clothes! I hate being an interviewer. It's so . People always say the same 3 things. Dealing with difficult patients is very _____! 4 5 I want a _____ job. A job that keeps me working hard. Working with sharks is very ______ but very dangerous. 6 Nobody notices what I do and the money isn't very good. My job isn't very 7 /7 2 Add the word that goes in each sentence. Pay special attention to the preposition. 0 I want to gain _fluency__ in six languages. I have no ______ of working in a bank but I can learn fast. 1 Your chances of promotion will _____ on how hard you work. 2 As the new Marketing Manager, I will be _____ for the whole marketing 3 department. Do you have any _____ of accountancy? If not, we'll need to send you on a 4 course. What do you _____ for in an ideal candidate? 5 From next week you will ______ to Sarah Smart in Room 412. 6 / 6 3 Match the person with the description. a) I'm being interviewed for the job. 0) Expert b) I know a lot about the subject. 1) Interviewer c) I'm giving the interviews. 2) Candidate d) I'm working in the job. 3) Interviewee e) I might get the job. 4) Employer f) People work for me. 5) Employee / 5 4 Complete the sentences with the correct form, either present perfect or present perfect continuous 0 They have been working (work) in this office for six weeks. _____ (know) the result since last week's meeting. 1 How many cartons _____ (arrive) from Thailand? 2 Exam week _____ (not be) as frightening this year. 3 We _____ (see) more serious illnesses since last month. 4

5		you	(10	ook) for the Satchell
repor	t? I've got it here.			
6	The department		(investiga	nte) the site for more than
	years.			
7	I'm sure he		(not finish) th	e project yet.
			(lose) mone	
resign				
			_ your dog	(not
eat) h	is food?			
- ~			•.•	/9
A: W you a B: I'r A: I'r B: W A: M B: 5 _ A: A B: Le A: I'c A: I w A: I w	ell, to begin with, a ttracted to this job? m¹ aske a laso interested in ithout a laso interested in ithout a laso interested in a very grant g	ed me that. This is a large too much detail, and the skills nee that for a mo thought a when you would be	as a job that but your background I've had about your previous was working in the poded for this job. Wha ment. I think the mosel about all the travel bout that but I don't	experience for this job. job? sition of t do you think they are? t important skills involved? think it
	of the year for us?	N. 1 .1		
B: I 1	³ I don'	t know the answ	er to that.	/ 10
				/ 13
Мон	6			TOTAL / 40
Моду <i>Разда</i>				
	ne underlined word He didn't study the _ <u>native</u>	e language at sch	wrong sentences. Co ool as he is a <u>accent</u> se he is speaking in a se	speaker.
2	I can speak Turkis	h but I have an E	nglish <u>bilingual</u> .	
3	Do you speak any	grammar langua	ges.	
4	I know vocabulary	but my <u>native</u> is	awful.	
5	I learn English dia	lect from songs a	nd American soap op	peras.

6	Because his mother is French and his father is Irish, he is <u>foreign</u> .	
_		/ 6
2	e i	pecial
•	attention to the preposition.	
0		
1	<i>y y e e</i> <u></u>	*.1
2		with my
	vork.	
3	,	wn.
4	J J J ================================	
5	J J J J	. 1 .
6	<u> </u>	i to what
	is happening.	1.0
•		/ 6
3	1	rst, using
Λ	will, going to or present continuous for future meaning.	
0		
1	We're going to have a party.	
1	,	
•	Are you	
2	,	
2	The club	
3		
4	How many people	
4	J .	
5	I'm sure you	
3	I promise not to tell them anything.	
6	I promise I The concert has been arranged to start after the parent-teacher's meeting	
6	The concert has been arranged to start after the parent-teacher's meeting. The concert	5 .
7	He wants to come but it is unlikely because he doesn't have time.	
,	It is unlikely	
8		
O	Where	
	WHELE	/ 8
1	Dut the two centeness tegether and make an first conditional centeness	
4	8	. The
Λ	first two words are given.	
0	He sees you. He gives you the tickets.	
1	<u>If he sees you he will give you the tickets.</u> No one speaks the language. It dies	
1	No-one speaks the language. It dies.	
2	Vou start studying. Vou foil the even	
2	You start studying. You fail the exam. Unless you	
	UTHESS VOII	

3	You can't attend the course. You buy the CD-ROMs.					
	If you					
4	I have a swim. I fi	nish this work.				
_	As soon as					
5		extinct. It isn't disastrous	for the ecological system.			
_	If humans					
6		ust start the meeting with	hout him in five minutes.			
	If he					
_				/ 6		
		he box with the correct				
	- ·	out a identity card me	go to the party us to			
	ave class early					
th	em to wear shoes in th	e house customers to s	smoke in the public lounge			
yc	ou read in bed					
	Let	Allow	Permit			
			employees to enter			
			without an identity card			
6 0 1 2 3	Underline the odd of fluently extinct disappearance die out	disappearance die out extinction extinct	extinct disastrous die out disappear			
			11	/ 3		
7	Correct the unde	erlined words in the sen	tences.			
0	I'm not <u>hope</u> abou	it that.	_sure			
1	It's definitely valu		<u> </u>			
2	I don't believe abo	out that.				
3	I'm frightened I d					
4						
5	I feel you're right	-				
6	Yes, I think that w					
	,		/6			
			TOTAL	/ 40		
P	издел 2		10112	, .		
1 0	The underlined wor		sentences. Correct them. filmed in <u>catchy</u> locations.			
1 2	Everybody recognise	s the <u>shocking</u> of McDor hip will be 'A bite a day	nalds. , keeps the doctor away'.			

3	Our profits haven't increased.	The campaign hasn't been very misleading, has i	lt?				
4	It's <u>dull</u> . People will think we are selling fruit. We're not!						
5 choo	I want a <u>logo</u> message that makes e us.	kes people think their lives will be better if they					
6	I thought the war videos David took were really exotic.						
7	We can't afford to do it ourselves. We need slogan.						
8	The song in the advert is really	persuasive. It's playing in my head all the time.					
9	Can you think of something eff	fective to make people laugh?					
10	The film was so witty I fell asle	eep in the middle.					
			/ 10				
2	Match the method of advertis	sing to the sentence.					
0) Th	nis can be found in ancient sites.	a) poster					
1) Y	ou need the postal service for	b) product placement					
this.	•	c) wall painting					
2) If	it it's a good film it'll work.	d) word-of-mouth					
3) Yo	ou only need your friends.	e) endorsement					
4) Fo	ound in newspapers.	f) commercial					
	n the wall.	g) classified ad					
	sually come between	h) handbill					
· ·	rammes.	i) mail order					
_	ou need someone famous for						
this.							
8) Yo	ou need lots of people on the						
	ts for this.						
			/ 8				
3	The underlined words are all	in the wrong place. Correct them.					
0	persuasive food	_junk food					
1	interactive sums		_				
2	food message		_				
3	vast target		_				
4	fast website		_				
5	attractive television		_				
6	junk advertisement		_				
			/ 6				

4	Rewrite these sentences in the second conditional.
0	If he sees her, he will tell you.
	If he saw her he would tell you
1	If I have time, I will help you.
2	It will be good, if they add a tune.
3	If I am in charge, I will promote Silvio.
4	If there aren't enough tickets, I will stay at home.
5	If people are more careful, I won't have to keep picking up rubbish.
5	Complete the text, using the correct form of comparison of the adjectives
\sim	ven.
	K, let me tell you about my opinions about these adverts. I think the ⁰ most effective
(ef	ffective) advert is the one by the Smith Group. It's 1 (clever) than
the	e advert by Bodlers and ² (funny). It's not as
.—	(cheap) as the advert by Greggs. In fact, it is the
4	ddlers is the 5 (expensive) advert but worth every penny. The one by (successful). It was truly awful!
A	
	/:
6	Put the following phrases/sentences in the right order.
a)	This brings me to my next point.
b)	——————————————————————————————————————
c)	My presentation is divided into four parts.
d)	I'd like to introduce my colleagues
e)	Now let me summarise our main points.
f)	Our purpose today is to
g)	If you have any questions, we'd be pleased to answer them at the end.
	/6
	TOTAL / 40
Pa	издел 3
1	Choose the best answer, a), b) or c) to complete the sentences.
0	We get our products from a <u>supplier</u> in Turkey.
	a) competitorb) customerc) supplier
1	We'll have to you extra for transportation.
	a) chargeb) lossc) price
2	We have 45% of the market. That's 10% more than our nearest
	a) wholesalerb) competitorc) retailer
3	The shop has about 200 every day. 180 of them are tourists.
	a) customers b) suppliers c) staff

4	Too many	_ fail and lose all their	money. I'd rather work for a safe	
	mpany.			
	a) partners	b) manufacturers	c) entrepreneurs	
5	If you don't pay your	, you'll be	arrested.	
	a) partnersIf you don't pay youra) taxes	b) wages	c) profit	
6	Every week I go to a _	to buy all	the ingredients I need for my	
res	taurant.	•		
	a) manufacturer	b) wholesaler	c) entrepreneur	
7	If you want to make some	e money, you should _	in one of the new Interne	et
	companies.			
	a) partner	b) invest	c) profit	
8	If I work hard this yea	r. they'll make me a	c) profit in this law firm.	
	a) customer	b) community	c) partner	
9	We buy directly from			
	a) supplier			
10	The company has made a	of more	than £2.5 million this year and is in	
10	big trouble.	or more	than £2.5 million this year and is in	
	a) profit b)	wage	a) loss	
11		_		
11			an be found on Hastings Street.	
10		b) manufacturer		
12	The award for best bus	sinessman is given arti	er a vote by the whole business	
	·	b)	a) antuanum arm	
	a) partner	b) community	c) entrepreneur	_
•		1 1	/ 12	2
			vith the words in the box.	
_	profit a company (x3)	into business a pro-	duct (x2) bankrupt	
a c	ontract			
	launch	0) <u>a product</u>		
b)	launch			
c)	run	2)	·	
d)	negotiate	3)		
e)	go			
f)	go			
g)	found			
h)	introduce			
	nake	0)		
				8
3	Make sentences from	the prompts using t	,	
0	People / ask / question	1	-	
J	People were asking que.	•	•	
1	You / work / for the w		y presentation.	
1	TOU/WOIK/IOI HIE W	note / or last year!		
2	Peter / not sleep / whe	n the baby / woke up.		_

3	What a terrible meeting. Nobody/ listen / to me.	
4	We / leave / when the fax arrived.	
		/ 4
4	Complete the sentences with the word in brackets in eith	er the past
cor	ntinuous, past perfect or past simple.	
0	The meeting <u>finished</u> (finish) late.	
1	The baby woke up and started to cry while her mother	
	(make) the lunch.	
2	I (be) busy for the whole wee	k. Sorry, I couldn't
me	eet you.	
3	He (remember) that he	
	(not pay) the bill.	
4	Everyone (try) to buy those s	hoes all day today.
	When the police (arrive) the pro-	
	(left) the building already.	
6	I (want) to help but he	
	(make) his decision before I arrived.	
7	I (write) all the reports by ten	o'clock. Then I went
	me.	
		/ 10
5	Fill in the gaps in the dialogue with two or three words.	
A:	We are interested in your new STANDOUT computers and we	⁰ _are thinking
$of_{\underline{}}$	placing a large order.	
B:	placing a large order. Hmm, ¹ you like to order?	
A:	About 36,000. We'll pay the whole cost on delivery.	
	I'm afraid ² very difficult. We are	e a small company you
see	·	1 3 3
	Let me ³ I understand you. You a	re saving that you
dor	n't have enough people to make them?	, ,
	We don't have a lot of money to manufacture so many compute	ers at one time.
	I see. ⁴ we paid 25% earlier? ⁵	
	le to meet the order then?	
	I'm sure we could if you paid 35% earlier. 6	feel about
tha		1001 40041
	That sounds fine.	
11.	That sounds thie.	/6
		TOTAL /40
1 0	PAMACTA	101AL / 40
4 C	еместр	

Модуль 7 *Раздел 1*

1	Identify whether the word is a 'verb',	'adjective',	'person' or 'thing	· ·
0	scientific	_adjective		,
1	engineering		_	
2	innovate		_	
3	productive		_	
4	designer		_	
5	useable		_	
6	artistic			
7	development		_	
8	inventor		_	
9	manufacture		-	/ 0
2	The underlined words are all in the	wrong sent	ences. Correct the	/ 9 e m.
0	I don't want old things. I want them to	_		
	_up-to-date			
1	Elegant goods are better than mass-pro	oduced good	ls.	
2	She's got very <u>functional</u> hair. Everyo	one wants to	look like that.	
3	It's simply <u>retro</u> . It's very easy to use	but quite ug	ly.	
4	Look at her in that dress and look at h	ow she walk	s. She's so <u>handm</u>	ade!
5 sty	It was popular when I was a boy and it w	t is popular	again. They call it	a <u>traditional</u>
6	Is it a car or is it a spaceship? I don't l	know but it's	s definitely <u>up-to-d</u>	ate.
7	As part of learning our culture, my mo	other wants i	me to learn <u>futurist</u>	ic dances.
				/7
3	Write the abstract noun that best descri	ribes each s	entence. The first	two letters
	are given for you.			
0	Every thing will always get better!			optimism
1	Everything looks new and up-to-date.			<u>mo</u>
2	Everything must be useful and not wa	steful.		<u>ef</u>
3	More and more goods are produced in	factories in	this area.	<u>in</u>
4	Become a smooth shape, look better, l	look newer,	look faster.	<u>st</u>
5	Buying and selling goods is important			co
			•	
4	Choose the best answer a), b), c) or	d) to compl	ete the sentences.	
0		_	you don't want to.	
	a) must b) don't have to	c) cou	-	d) should

1	In my opinion, we	check with ou	r partners before making
	a decision.		
	a) canb) have to	c) could	d) must
2	If you keep working this hard you		get a promotion.
	a) could b) don't have to	c) can	d) mustn't
3	My driving is so bad, I		on the road.
	a) shouldb) could	c) shouldn't	d) couldn't
4	Pilots	fly too many hours.	
	a) shouldb) couldn't	c) don't have to	d) mustn't
5	It looks useless but I	try a	nd fix it if you want.
	a) shouldb) can	c) must	d) have to
			/ 5
5	Correct the mistakes in the underlin	ned words, using the	sentences in brackets to
	help you.		
0	It <u>can't</u> be the answer. (It's the only	y possible answer)	
	_It must be the answer	-	
1	The experiment <u>must</u> be working.	(Nothing has happene	d)
•	T. 111 (7.1.1111)		
2	It might be true. (I don't believe it)		
3	They must be in had by new (I'm	not cura)	
J	They <u>must</u> be in bed by now. (I'm	not sure)	
4	The car might be Peter's. (It's my	 car)	
		,	
5	The camera can't be in the bedroor	m. (I've looked in all t	the other rooms)
6	He <u>must</u> be swimming. (or sunbath	ning?)	
7	Che can't be staying with Eleine (Thara'a navyhara alaa	for him to go)
1	She <u>can't</u> be staying with Elaine. (7)	There's howhere else	ioi iiiii to go)
8	The president might be involved in	the scandal. (It's imp	ossible that he didn't
	ow)	` -	
	,		/8
6	Complete the sentences using one	e word from the box.	•
ap	peal point look value feature	s made aimed	
0	It would <u>appeal</u> to consumers	everywhere.	
1	It's excellent for mon	ey.	
2	It's of bakelite.		
3	It has one weak I don	't really like.	
4	One of the best is its e	economic use of electr	ricity.
5	It's at businessmen w	ith time to relax.	
6	They very stylish.		
			/ 6

TOTAL / 40

Age 4-16 all education	Age 4-11	leduc	cation
is	Age 11-18	edu	ucation
⁰ _compulsory	Age 18+	³ edi	ucation
Students pass courses ba	sed on the results of exam	is and continuous	
4			
2 Complete the sen	tences using the correct	verb from the bo	X.
graduate get study	went make retake	hand in revise	e do
0 I want to <u>study</u>	Biology tonight for my	y test tomorrow.	
	so I will it n		
2 He will	from university if he page	asses his exams.	
3 Now he is doing h	is homework he is beginn	ing to	some progress.
_	night to for the		
	all assignments by F		
	f you win but you should a	always try to	your best.
	college in Warsaw.		
8 I hope I	a good grade in the ex	am.	
		<u>.</u>	/ {
	ucation that best describ	es each sentence.	The first letter is
given for you.		:4	
<u> </u>	you have a degree at univ	ersity. <u>postg</u>	<u>raauate</u>
education	huginaggag		
1 Learning done in 1		-	
_	ng the postal service.	-	
d Learning when yo	ou live in another city or co	ound y.	
4 Studying on the ir	utarnat	۵	
• •	from their parents.	<u>b</u>	
	ication, even after retireme		
<u>1</u>		ont.	
<u>1</u>			/ (
4 Add the relative	pronouns or adverbs. Do	not use <i>that</i> .	, .
	<u>who</u> I like the mos		
	I can find someth		
	r we went to		
	s performance	•	
	I wanted to se		
5 David hates food	comes pre-co	oked.	
	the man car		
	the place we		
-	r course I che		

5 0	Combine the two sentences to make one sentence with a relative clause. That house is too expensive. We saw the house last week.
U	_That house, which we saw last week, is too expensive.
1	This is the German course. I passed it.
2	Mr Burns is making the proposal. He is very experienced.
3	The project is in Phnom Penh. This is in Cambodia.
4	I won't change the decision. Paul disagreed with it.
5	The chairman opened the meeting. He is also the director of operations.
6 bi	The concert started at 8'o clock. The concert was to celebrate the President's rthday.
7	This is the new research scientist. He will be working on bacteria.
8	The online study programme costs £2000. It is compulsory.
6	Complete the dialogue using the phrases / sentences in the box.
	Supposing we
	So, the next thing to do is
-	that's the best solution.
	The bad thing is
	There are several ways to deal with this.
	How about
	Let's see, what other things we can do?
	Good evening ladies and gentlemen. We have a problem. Recently there have been
	ses of students finding that things have been stolen from their rooms. <u>e</u> . First we
co	ould call in the police immediately. The good thing is this will frighten the thieves and
ge	et a quick result.
_	it will be noticed by everyone, including the media. I don't tillik the rector will be
	appy about that.
	ask the police to do things quietly, do you think that would help.
A:	I don't think so. I have never known the police to do anything quietly. 3
C:	doing our own investigation and getting students involved. I'm sure that
	ere's someone who has seen something. Yes, I think 5. Of course to make it work, we need the students' help. 6
	eve a meeting with the students
111	/ 6
	TOTAI / 40

Разде	гл 3								
1. Co	omplete the senter	nces with a ve	erb. The fi	rst letter is given fo	or you.				
0	If you are so sure, we'll <u>test</u> the theory on you.								
1	We need to <u>f</u>	a solut	ion by the	end of the day.					
2	Politicians worked	d through the	night to try	and <u>mt</u>	he deadline.				
3				rch before we annou		,			
4			-	me a mod	lel?				
5	It'll take many da								
6				n a breakt					
7	The car's not read	ly. We still ha	ve to <u>d</u>	the safety te					
		_				7			
2		_		ct column in the tal					
_				meteor prototy	•				
ımpac	et collision ma	ass-produce		simulation def					
	Production	1	J	Problems in Space					
mass-	produce								
						1			
3	Change the hest	angwar a) b)	a) or d) t	o complete the sent	/ 11	1			
0				vate company in 197					
	was sold	b) solo	_		s sold				
a)	d) has been sold	b) son	J	C) IIa.	5 50IU				
1	The degree			to him by his father					
	will give			c) will be gi					
u)	d) gives	b) 15 g	,1 v C11	<i>c)</i> will <i>be g</i> .	1 1 011				
2	They		mv nl	ans vet.					
	didn't accept	b) weren't a	ccented	c) haven't accepte	ed d)				
	't been accepted	<i>2)</i>	o o p to th	o) mu vom v mocopio					
			b	etween 9 a.m. and 2	p.m.				
				c) could be collect					
collec	eted								
4	I		by his beh	naviour! c) surprise					
a)	am surprised	b) were surp	rised	c) surprise	d) surprise	d			
5	The order giving	permission		un	til too late.				
a)	wasn't arrived	b) hasn't bee	en arrived	c) didn't arrive	d) hasn't				
arrive									
6	There		a mis	stake. I didn't do it.					
a)		b) mu	st		c) mustn't be				
	d) mustn't								
7	The cinema			three films every da	ay.				
a)	was shown	b) shows		c) showing	d) is	3			
showi									
		r adverts		by th	ne Bluejuice				
Co	ompany this year.								

a) designed	b) have designed	c) were designing	d) have
been designed			
9 By the time we get back	he	·	
a) goes	b) will go	c) will hav	e gone d) is
gone			
10 I	the reports	by tomorrow morning.	
a) prepare	b) will prepare	c) will be p	prepared d) is
prepared			
The company		_ the results soon.	
a) should knowb) sh	ould have known	c) should be known	d) should
have been known			
12 Altogether there are sixteer	types of penguin.	Only eight types	
	_ on these islands.		
a) have been seenb) are	e seeing	c) have seen	d) see / 12
4 Correct the mistakes in	n these sentences.	Write '0' if there shoul	
article.			
0) I need to find engineer quic	kly <u>an</u>		
1) The good furniture is hard t	o find.		
2) I want to travel to a centre of	of the		
earth.			
3) My friend lives in Netherland	nds		
4) Can you give me a answer?			
5) He's been engineer for six y			
6) It's best thing you have eve	r		
done.			
			/ 6
5 Match the two halves of	of the sentences.		
0) Yes,	a) let's do	that.	
1) We all	b) possible	e solution.	
2) What do you	c) agree the	en.	
3) Another possibility	d) think ab	out that?	
4) That's a	e) is buyin	g a new one.	
			/ 4
		TOTA	L / 40
34 0			
Модуль 8			
Раздел 1		, ,	
Fill the gaps with the correct	_		
0 I can't <u>keep</u> up with the	_		
1 The new management w			
2 He was the first to			
3 If you dow	n a little bit you wo	on't be tired all the time!	

4	What do	we nee	ed to d	o to help	you	i	nto the idea	ı?	
5					ntually				
6							out in thirty	years.	
7							decision. V		you ask
them								J	J
									/7
2	The unc	derline	d word	ls are all	in the wr	ong sen	tences. Cor	rect then	n.
0	We expe	ect the s	ales fi	gures to	decline at	£55 milli	ion.		
	<u>top out</u>								
1	The pro	fits this	year r	emain <u>go</u>	compared	l with las	st year, whi	ch is good	news.
2	An impi	roveme	nt in pe	erforman	ce will unf	fortunate	ly be follov	ved by a c	l <u>ramatic</u> .
3	Yes, we	haven'	t seen	a huge in	nproveme	nt, only a	sharp one.		
4	Do you	expect 1	the res	ults to <u>gr</u>	adual stab	le in the	future?		
5	We have	e seen a	stabil	ise increa	ise, of 5%	per year			
6	Attenda	nce will	l <u>slight</u>	up if we	decrease	the price			
7	The eco	nomy is	s still n	noving u	p and dow	n and I d	lon't think i	t'll <u>top ou</u>	ı <u>t.</u>
8	We're e	xpecting	g a <u>ren</u>	nain rise	in prices,	from €5 1	to €10.		
9	From a	€2 milli	on pro	 fit to a €2	20 million	loss, the	fall was <u>st</u>	eady.	
q	uantity ir	the bo	X.		c omplete t		e using the	expressio	/ 9 ons of
						2011			
				plenty o	f none	a few	some of	much	
					ot of				-
Poss	ible in ser	itence A	only.		1_ <u>a cou</u>	ple of			
Poss	ible in ser	tence E	only.		2				•
	ible in bot				3				1
					4				
Poss	ible in nei	ther ser	ntence.		5				
					6				
					/				
					8				1

4	Write '-ing', '-infinitive' or 'both' next to the verb or phrase to show wh	ich
ty]	pe of verb comes next.	
0	would like + _ <u>infinitive</u>	
1	decide +	
2	practise +	
3	begin +	
4	hope +	
5	manage +	
6	suggest +	
7	advise +	
8	good at +	
		/ 8
5	Correct the underlined mistakes in the sentences.	
0	Can I do a point?	
	Can I make a point?	
1	I'm very unhappy for the results.	
2	Well, to <u>call</u> up, we have agreed to meet again next week.	
3	I'll look <u>at</u> the matter.	
4	We're here to <u>say</u> the proposal to close the gym.	
5	Go in front. What did you want to say?	
6	I see which you feel.	
7	Sorry, would I just say something else?	
8	Thank you for your <u>saying</u> . It's always nice to hear what people think.	
O	Thank you for your <u>saying</u> . It's always mee to hear what people think.	
	/ 8	
	TOTAL	/ 40
Po	издел 2	, 10
	Write the adjectives that we can use to describe films, novels and TV	
	rogrammes.	
0	<u>incomparable</u>	
1		
_	$\underline{\circ}\underline{u}\underline{t}\underline{}\underline{}\underline{}\underline{}\underline{}\underline{}\underline{}$	
3	$gri_{}$	
4	$m \circ v = 1$	
5	$\underline{h}\underline{i}\underline{l}\underline{}\underline{}\underline{}\underline{}$	
6	$\underline{g} \underline{r} \underline{o}_{}$	
•		

2	Add the genre to the description.	
0	Popular type of dance musicsoul	
1	A programme about politics.	
2	The TV comedy series.	
3	A cartoon, for example.	
4	Music with speaking.	
5	Tells the day-to-day lives of normal people.	
6	There's probably a murder or a robbery.	
7	Written by myself, about myself.	
8	Usually very frightening.	
		/ 8
3	Tick the words that are related to films.	
cho	reograph ✓ special effects	
geni	 ; ,	
nov		
sequ		
set	chapter	
	e turner series	
pag	series	
		/7
4	Correct the mistakes and rewrite these sentences.	/ /
0		
-	He said he is going to the bank.	
_ <u>11e</u>	Payid said he saught the bus vesterday	
1	David said he caught the bus yesterday.	
2	He said me that the report had been finished	
4	He said me that the report had been finished.	
3	The president said he will win the election.	
3	The president said he will will the election.	
4	The journalist told Peter wait for his telephone call.	
7	The journalist told I etcl wait for his telephone can.	
5	The report said the project can't be finished that year.	
J	The report said the project can't be infished that year.	
6	He said he wanted the job for a long time.	
U	The said he wanted the job for a fong time.	
7	They said they have been living there for six months.	
,	They said they have been fiving there for six months.	
8	The actor said he is happy to be here.	
U	The actor said he is happy to be here.	
5	Write questions in direct speech from the reported form.	/ 0
0	Sue asked me when I would come.	
_	When will you come?	
1	The director asked me if I wanted the job.	
1	The director asked the first walked the job.	

2	The journalist ask	ed me why I was	there.				
3	The interviewer asked me if I had ever worked in design before?						
4	They asked me what offer I could give.						
5	She wanted to kno	ow if I knew the re	esult of the tests.	_			
6	They wanted to ki	now if the car had	been bought the week before.	_			
	Complete the gar	tongog uging the		 / 6			
6 nl	-	itences using the	correct comparing and contrasting				
0 hr	f2000 a month is	more than	f200 a wool				
1	The weether today is	a lot	£200 a week. yesterday. Yesterday was				
1	lovely, but look at all		yesterday. Testerday was				
2			finishing the plans for				
_			ot finished I'll lose my job.				
3			her last one. In fact, the storyling	ıe.			
	is almost the same.	· <i>J</i>	ner last one. In fact, the storyin	10			
4		eport are	my results. In fact they	J			
-	are not the same at al	-	1115 1 2000 1110 1	,			
5	Your offer of £1,200		as £600 today and the				
	rest next week. It's st						
		,	/ 5				
			TOTAL /	40			
Pa	издел 3						
1.	Add the words that	go with behavior	r to make word combinations.				
0	b ad behaviour						
1	<u>cr</u> beha	aviour					
2	<u>hu</u> beh	aviour					
3	<u>a -s</u> beha	viour					
4	go beha	viour					
			,	/ 4			
2	Put these words/	phrases in the co	rrect column in the table.				
	fingerprint hosta		wyer prosecutor robbery				
ev	ridence suspect w	itness thief o	ffender attorney bank robber				
	eople connected	Things connecte	_				
wi	ith the law	with crime	crime				
			suspect				

0	Make one sentence in the third conditional using the verb in the brackets. The car didn't start. We were late. (would)
	the car had started we wouldn't have been late.
1	I didn't pass the exam. I didn't study. (might)
2	You couldn't do the job. You don't have the experience. (could)
3	They didn't win the election. They broke their promises. (would)
4	He was arrested. They found his fingerprints. (might)
5	You didn't lock the door last night. You were robbed. (would)
6	The police lost the evidence. The trial couldn't begin. (could)
7	You didn't think carefully. You didn't see the mistake. (might)
8	Steve stopped to eat something. He missed his plane. (would)
1 2	Ali <u>must have seen</u> (see) something. He was sitting on his balcony at e time! Why did you do that? You (know) better. They (hear) the robber breaking in. They weren't even
	at home! Dr Smith (be) in the laboratory all day yesterday but I'm not sure.
4	at home! Dr Smith (be) in the laboratory all day yesterday but
5 6 7	at home! Dr Smith
5 6 7 w	at home! Dr Smith

2	I want he's inno	ocent beca	use				
3	The things clear	rly shows.					
4	The facts of this	s <u>trial</u> are o	clear.				
5	There should be	e no <u>thoug</u>	ht in your n	ninds that th	nis man is g	uilty.	
6	I am sure that y	ou will fin	nd my suspe	ct innocent.	,		
7	You can look at	t it <u>on</u> two	ways.				
8	I will buy witne	esses to co	nfirm that	••			
						/ 8	,
						TOTAL	/ 40
Mo	<u>местр</u> цуль 9 дел 1						
	dd the missing v		· ·	_			
	eorge always war		_	<u>?</u> .			
	speak						
2 S	he's the life of the	1	······································				
3 I	ll have a	word	with ner.				
	want to get it on						
6 H		o laughter					
	he couldn't get a _			avs			
8 Y	ou never	out o	f things to s	av. do vou?)		
			6	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			/8
BU	se the words fro	m the box	k below to c	omplete th	e passage.		
sens	e contact	(charisma	liste	ner		
	vocabulary						
ram	bler pac	ce	body	appe	arance		
The	re are many ways	to commu	inicate and i	not all of the	em need you	u to master t	he words,
the '	vocabulary of a la	anguage. (Often it is yo	our '	$\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$	vay you look	that is
	first form of comm						
exai	nple, are you sitti	ng up strai	ght or sittin	g with your	teet up? Ro	emember, ev	en
unsp	ooken communica	uon sends	messages to	o tne	If y	you are a frie	andly
	on or someone wi						
fria	However, even that of mine loves s	neaking b	nnonable S ut he is a ⁵	peaker need	and can nev	ver stav on ti	ne tonic
for	very long. Anothe	r friend of	mine does	not maintain	n eye ⁶	whe	n topic

speaking and so the person list	ening quickly le	oses interest. If	you speak too fast, it ca	ın
be very annoying, so also think the most serious conversation,	κ about the $'_{}$	of you	speech. Finally, even in	n
	try to show a g	ood ⁸	of humour. Everyone	<u>,</u>
likes to laugh.				
		_		/8
C Tick the verbs that canno	4	e continuous as	pect.	
0 Hate	1 live			
2 be	3 drive			
4 кеер	3 KHOW			
6 depend	7 protect			
8 reveal				
				/8
D Fill in the blanks with the	word in the bi	rackets in the s	imple or continuous	
aspect (present or past).				
0 What <u>are you doing</u>				
1 Can you turn the sound dow	n? I		(talk) on the phone	•
2 The government		(vote) on th	e law next Saturday.	
3 She always4 Until the car is fixed, David	(listen) to music	when she's studying.	
4 Until the car is fixed, David			(drive) me to work.	
5 During the meeting, I		(hear)	a lot of people	
complaining.		(1)		
6 These days, I	1 6	_ (do) a four-mi	le run in the mornings.	
7 Journalists report that more	and more famo	us couples		
(separate).		(1	
8 The minister		(just leave) the	building when the	
protesters started throwing sto	nes.			/0
E Add and morel to an all more			1 : 4 1 1	/8
E Add one word to each sent		iii. write the	word in the space and	
mark where the word should	_	hanan't		
0 We * had a car since my sis			t loft	
1 We were a little late but the			. 1611.	
2 The cockroach lived for mil 3 I'm not trying again. I tried	<u>-</u>			
4 They appealed four times be		•	 tonco	
5 They couldn't get in becaus				
6 Historians now decided that				
7 As a result of high temperat		_		
8 Dr Ahren taught Archaeolog				
o Di Allich taught Archaeolog	gy yet but plans	to ficat schieste	/8	
			/ 40	
Раздел 2			/ 4 V	
A Read the text and decide	which answer	A R CorD)	nact fits aach snaca	
I hate living in towns. People			_	
⁰ cosmopolitan atmosphere are				
cosmoponium aunosphere are	diffortunately g	,1 v 111g a	impression of wi	ıaı

it is like to live in a city.	They never to	alk about the h	igh ²	rates a	and the
vandalism vandalism	that you can	see on every st	reet. They do no	ot talk al	out
4 congestion	and the horro	ors of ⁵	hour. Ins	stead the	y talk about
the great ⁶ congestion c	onnections fro	om one part of	town to anothe	r. Cities	are also so
ugly. I hate those identic	al grey concre	ete '	blocks. Give	me the	country
anytime, where there are	wide 8	spaces a	and ⁹	views	. What's
anytime, where there are more, at a time when the	re is real fear	of ¹⁰	warming an	nd extrer	ne
change, w	e should take	advantage of	the countryside	while it	is still
there.					
0 a climate	b cosmopolit	tan c	mindless	d oper	n
1 a significant	b stunning	c	false	d glob	oal
2 a traffic	b noise	c	transport	d crim	ne
3 a mindless	b rush	c	false	d abar	ndoned
4 a crime	b traffic	c	apartment	d clim	ıate
5 a rush	b scientific	c	mindless	d stun	ning
6 a global	b transport	c	noise	d sate	llite
7 a false	b detached	c	apartment	d scie	ntific
8 a abandoned	b false	c	open	d sign	ificant
9 a detached	b stunning		global		dless
10 a significant	b detached		climate	\mathcal{C}	
11 a transport	b climate	c	traffic	d glob	oal
					/11
B Match the adverbs t	hat have sim		•		_
0 mostly		a pensively			
1 thoughtfully		b deliberately	7		
2 intentionally		c mainly			
3 possibly		d normally			
		e perhaps			
5 generally		f relatively			
					/5
C Put the correct pres	ent form (pe	rfect, continu	ous or simple) o	of the ve	erb in the
brackets in the blanks.					
0 The officers <u>have fin</u>	<u> iished</u>	(finish) th	eir inspection a	nd will n	ow write up
their report.					
1 She	(write) six nove	els since 1999.	- ~	
2 (you attend) the extra lessons that Dr Smith is giving? 3 I know the film is showing at the cinema because I (see)					
	ving at the cir	nema because			(see)
it.	,				
4					
5 I				,	
6 'How long (you wait)?' 'For ages!' 7 This is the third time that they (win) the election.					
8 'Can I collect my car?'	Yes, we		(C	neck) it a	and it seems
to be fine'.					

9 They (in	nvestigate) all week but haven't found a single
clue.	
10 Over the last six months, companies	(make) huge
profits.	
	/10
D Complete the second sentence so th	at it has a similar meaning to the first
sentence. Use between two and five w	ords.
0 What's the time?	
Do you_know what the time is?	
1 Who saw it happen?	
<u>I wonder happen.</u>	
2 What's the answer?	
<u>I'd like to</u> <u>is.</u>	
3 Did the representative sign the docum	ents?
Could you tell the d	ocuments?
4 Why was the battle fought?	
Does anyone know_	?
5 Which car is the newest?	
	newest?
6 How many applicants were there?	
I wonder	
7 Did he understand the instructions?	
Do you know instr	ructions?
8 How much time has passed?	
I'd like to_	_passed.
	/8
E Identify the extra word in the follow	wing sentences.
0 That is a very true.	_a
1 That's the one way of looking at it.	
2 I'm being interested in knowing.	
3 I'd like one to know how you did that	
4 You have had a point, but don't you the	
5 You're having absolutely right.	
6 I'd go along with you to there.	
	/6
	40
Раздел 3	
A Add the missing words to complete	the following idioms:
0 Don't ever take your <u>eye</u> off	_
1 They're trying to move the	
2 I think he a bit of an owr	 n goal.
3 I tell you, it's a new ball	
4 You need to be the ball a	
5 I'd like to start the ball b	

6 You must always try to ensure a _____ playing field.

5 I think it was a c			•	
•		nearest toilet is plea s of Chinese pottery		
•	-	she will go to a loca		
o when she leaves	school she hopes s	she will go to a loca		/8
F Decide if the ser	ntences show exan	nples of the followi	ing: (Write A, B or	
space.)		•		
A Emphasising adj	jectives			
B Emphasising adv				
C Emphasising exp				
0 He was the best 1		loubt about that.		_ <u>C</u> _
1 It was incredibly	-	C 11 .1 .1.1 .1.1	1 1 .	
2 They liked the fit		-		
3 I can't believe he	•		•	
4 I would be extre	• •			
6 The discovery of		nis, is that this was r		
		•	e Smiths have put ir	
7 We a like to pay	thouse to the trem	chidous work that th	e simins have put if	··/7
				/40
				,
Модуль 10				
Раздел 1				
A Add the correct	t prepositions to t	he sentences, if neo	essary. If a prepos	ition is not
needed, add a zero				
0 Your explanation				
1 It'll take me son				
2 You have to be o	ver the age of 18 to	o participate	. 1.	
3 It took a while to	or him to decide	if he wan	ited to go.	
4 My father doesn's			OD.	
5 She gave her con		me operation. three challens	740	
-		ad to show consent		
_		ting through to him.		
o i imany succeede	a gen	ang unough to min.		/8
B Put the words i	n the box in the co	orrect columns.		70
			liabetes	İ
transplant	V 1	J		İ
*	arthritis	anaesthetist p	osychiatrist	İ
infection		1	· -	İ
painkiller	fever	vaccine		1
Illnesses/Diseases	People	Treatments	Medical terms	1
			symptom	İ

C Fill in the blanks with the correct	•	nuous, going to or
present continuous) of the verb in l		(i aim) 4la a amary yyla am
O I have always wanted to be soldier	so 1 <u>am going to Join</u>	(Join) the army when
I finish school.	(1)	41
1 Unlike most weekends, I	(spend)	the whole of next
weekend in the office.		. 0 1. 111
2(you	attend) the conference in Ex	teter? It would be great
if you could come.	4	
3 They are afraid they can't take on		
(still complete) two other contracts th	•	() · () · ()
4 He knows he failed the course but	ne	(not repeat) it as
he doesn't like the lecturer.		
5 DHL	_(deliver) the package tonight	nt so could you take it
for me?	th A	
6 They	_ (publish) the book on 4 th A	August.
7 To deal with the many complaints,		(open)
their doors to people two hours earlie	er for just one day.	/7
		/7
D Match the first half of the senter	nces to the second to form o	correct future perfect
or will sentences.		
0 I'm sure he	a inform you when we have	ve some
	information.	
1 By the time the train arrives	b we'll buy the tickets.	
2 I will certainly	c given birth in time for su	immer.
3 When Steve gets here	d give birth in the spring.	
4 They will	e have been completed by	then.
5 She will probably	f will be here for the meeti	ing.
6 They assure me that they will	g they will have bought the	eir
	tickets.	
7 She will have	h have informed you by To	uesday.
		/7
E Add one word to each sentence t	to correct it.	
0 They it will be good idea to start in	n June <i>think_</i>	
1 It probably be best if you waited an	nother month	
2 We don't deal with this now, I don	't think we'll be able to deal	with it later.
3 Which angle you think we should	take?	
4 But it probably not work		
5 I'll talking to Ali as soon as I get the	ne chance.	
6 They'll want us clean the kitchen b	oefore we leave	_
		/6
		/40

A Read the sentences and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each space.

0 If you ride a ____motorbike_, you must wear a helmet in case you are hit by a car.

	ec balloon d motorbike		
1 At weekends I'm lear	ning to fly a	<u>_</u> .	
a van b glider	c tram d bar	ge	
2 Being on a	_is like sailing across the	e sea on air.	
a truck b coad	ch c hovercraf	t d submarine	
3 Our company has two	elve that tra	ansport people to over 36	cities across
the country.			
a coaches b motorbike	——————————————————————————————————————		
	-	can land almost anywhere.	
•	s c vans d cab		
		s not very fast I can ride it	around cars.
I can even carry it when	necessary.		
a truck b ferr			
6 A cheap holiday optio			
a barge b hyd	rofoil c ferry	d glider very effective in times of	
			war.
a balloons b helicopter			
	f the river to the other we		
a tram b ferry	c glider	d van	
			/8
		ect column in the table.	_
turbulence shuttl	e fumes	freight seat	
belt			
puncture anti-le	ock brakes traffi	c signals	
tailback	T		
Safety features	Transport problems		
		connected with	
		transport	
		shuttle	
			/8
C Complete the second	l contonno so that it has	a similar meaning to the	
-		orm, and other words. Us	
two and five words.	s in bolu in the future it	orm, and other words. Os	e between
0 The law allows me to	vota when I am aightean		
be able to	vote when I am eighteen	•	
	will be able to	vote	
	rd or they won't allow yo		
have to	ra or mey won tanow ye	ou III.	
	vour identity	eard hefore they will let we	u in
2 I am avnosting navy de			
	your ruching t	wo days	u III.
could	evelopments in the next to	card before they will let yo wo days.	u III.

	new developments in the next few days.
	he will be available to see you?
be able to	
	see you?
4 They won't le	you go to the wedding because you don't have an invitation.
can	
	to the wedding because you don't have an invitation
	vere good, I don't think we need another exam.
might	
we	another exam as the results were good.
	nce of survival for the panda if new laws are not made.
be able to	
	survive if new laws are not made.
	visitors book now you won't be asked to sign when you leave.
need If you sign the b	ok novy vou
	ok now you when you leave.
•	sible to visit your relatives at the weekend.
could Wo	your relatives at the weekend.
W C	your relatives at the weekend.
D Add the com	est nest model in the centences
	ect past modal in the sentences.
0 When I was or	the top of the mountain I <u>could</u> see for miles.
When I was on Although the i	-
O When I was on Although the route.	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different
O When I was on Although the route. When I was cl	the top of the mountain I <u>could</u> see for miles.
O When I was on Although the proute. When I was claimidnight!	the top of the mountain I <u>could</u> see for miles. coads were closed I <u>to get home by taking a different</u> see for miles. Coads were closed I <u>to get home by taking a different</u> see for miles. Coads were closed I <u>to get home by taking a different</u> see for miles.
O When I was on Although the route. When I was claimidnight! Amundsen	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott.
O When I was on Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of sec	the top of the mountain I <u>could</u> see for miles. coads were closed I <u>to get home by taking a different</u> see for miles. Coads were closed I <u>to get home by taking a different</u> see for miles. Coads were closed I <u>to get home by taking a different</u> see for miles.
O When I was on Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of security plane.	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. coads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. urity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the
O When I was on Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of security plane. I	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. coads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. urity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the to find what I was looking for although it was the last one they had.
O When I was on Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of security plane. I Because I had	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. coads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. urity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the
O When I was on 1 Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen4 Because of secondary. I6 Because I had week.	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. Burity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the lot of the last one they had. The last for a week, I teach an extra ten hours this
O When I was on Although the proute. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of secure plane. I Because I had week. We	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. urity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the lost of ind what I was looking for although it was the last one they had. The lost of a week, I teach an extra ten hours this go to England without a visa until we joined the E.U.
O When I was on Although the proute. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of security plane. I Because I had week. We When I was at	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. Burity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the lot of the last one they had. The last for a week, I teach an extra ten hours this
O When I was on Although the proute. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of security plane. I Because I had week. We	the top of the mountain Icould see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. urity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the lost of ind what I was looking for although it was the last one they had. The lost of a week, I teach an extra ten hours this go to England without a visa until we joined the E.U.
O When I was on 1 Although the proute. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of security plane. I Because I had week. We When I was at more.	the top of the mountain I see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different illd I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. urity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the to find what I was looking for although it was the last one they had. been sick for a week, I teach an extra ten hours this go to England without a visa until we joined the E.U. school, we play football on the school grass. Not any
O When I was on 1 Although the proute. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen4 Because of secondare. Because I had week. We8 When I was at more. E Correct the n	the top of the mountain I see for miles. coads were closed I to get home by taking a different ild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. urity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the to find what I was looking for although it was the last one they had. been sick for a week, I teach an extra ten hours this go to England without a visa until we joined the E.U. school, we play football on the school grass. Not any istakes in the following phrases.
O When I was on Although the proute. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of security plane. I Because I had week. We When I was at more. E Correct the more.	the top of the mountain I see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different to get home by taking a differe
O When I was on Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of seculars. I Because I had week. We When I was at more. E Correct the more. Don't you tho The best solvi	the top of the mountain I see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different lild I go to bed early. If I wanted I stayed up until reaching the North Pole before Scott. Burity concerns, we even carry a bottle of water onto the lose to find what I was looking for although it was the last one they had. I been sick for a week, I teach an extra ten hours this go to England without a visa until we joined the E.U. school, we play football on the school grass. Not any listakes in the following phrases. But that would be easier think go would be to do nothing right now
O When I was on Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen	the top of the mountain I see for miles. coads were closed I to get home by taking a different of the second
O When I was on Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen	the top of the mountain I see for miles. bads were closed I to get home by taking a different to get home by taking a differe
O When I was on Although the route. When I was clamidnight! Amundsen Because of security and a security are also secured as a security and a security are a security and a security are a security and a security are a security as a security as a security are a security as a security are a security as a security are a security as a security as a security are a security as a security as a security are a security as a securit	the top of the mountain I see for miles. coads were closed I to get home by taking a different of the second

7 You can't discuss that mistakes have been made
8 I hope we agree that that this is the best road to deal with this
/8
/40
Раздел 3
A Read the sentences and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each space.
0 <u>Science fiction</u> is almost always set in the future.
a a romance b science fiction c a thriller d a memoir
1 His are a collection of the many interesting experiences he had in his
life as a diplomat.
a novels b plays c memoirs d essays
2 Although the audience loved it, the hated and gave it terrible reviews.
a dramatistsb judges c biographers d critics 2 It is better to see an enthe stage than read it in a book
3 It is better to see on the stage than read it in a book. a poetry b a blog c a play d memoirs
4 For the last four years, he has been keeping a, showing everything that
has happened on his journey round the world.
a a memoir b an essay c a diary d a history
5 As he can't write himself he is going to employ a
a ghostwriter b critic c novelist d judge
6 He has kept us all up to date on his on the Internet.
a history b blog c essay d thriller
7 Her is more interesting than other people's accounts of her life
a history b biographyc essay d autobiography
8 Before he died, John Smith wrote a book of, in which he discusses many
of the political theories of the twentieth century.
a critics b essays c memoirs d blogs
9 I have always wanted to write Preferably, it will be about a murder
mystery.
a a crime story b an essay c a romance d a diary
10 I've just written a short book of I am hoping that someone will put
them to music and make them into songs.
a plays b memoirs c novels d poems
/10
B Circle the correct word in the sentences.
O The room was silence / silent. Nothing could be heard.
1 If you strike / strain a match, we might be able to see something. 2 There was a sudden well / shrink. Someone was very frightened.
2 There was a sudden yell / shriek. Someone was very frightened.3 He couldn't see anything in the darkness / glare.
4 He spoke in a voice that was only just cry / audible.
5 If you shout in a cave you may hear the shrieks / echoes.
6 Don't let the wax from the candle / lamp burn your hand.
7 The sudden flash /gleam blinded him for a moment.
8 I wish I could identify the tune he cries / whistles.
•

C Put the following verbs in their correct	form in the right spaces.
lie step see wait	put hide watch
walk look shoot close	turn out
notice	
The man closed his book and ⁰ <u>put</u> it or	n the table. He looked down the street to the
house and ¹ that	at someone
the light in the	e bedroom. He
stood up and ⁴ for this impat	iently and now it was time to move. He
stood up and 4	onto the street. He looked round, hoping no
one ⁵ him. As	he was turning to look behind him there
was a sudden noise and he felt a sharp hot pa	
_	ped. He immediately sat up and
around. When	
°in his shoe. If	any one found them there would be
trouble. And who 9	
towards Cel	ia's house? Who knew he
ner from tha	at cafe? He lay back down and
nis eyes. One	thing he was sure of was he had to get out
of there fast.	4.0
D Add used to, use to or would to the follo	_
0 I <u>used to</u> believe that my parents d	
1 Didn't you live with Sarah	
2 When we were at university, we	
3 People didn't spend hours of much on there.	on the internet because there wash t very
	take the early train to I and an?
4 I'm sure I've seen you before. Did you 5 We always be sent to bed b	efore seven o'clock when we were children.
3 We always be sent to bed b	/5
E Identify the extra word in the following	
0 Look there, I'd like to make a proposali	
1 Could I suggest we meet towards you the	
2 If you included the more information about	
interesting.	at your concugues, it a make it more
3 I need more of time to think about this	
4 I wasn't expecting to be pay as much as the	
5 You'll find it is good value for some mone	
2 2 2 3 11 2 11 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 1 2 5 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	/5
	/40
Manyin 11	,
Модуль 11	

A Use another form of the word in brackets to complete the sentence.

0 I can't see the answer to this. It really is <u>insoluble</u>. (solution)

1 He was wearing a	hat, which was really	as he	normally doesn	ı't wear
one. (usual)				
	to say something li			
	the limits of the p	project as they we	ere to easy the fi	rst time.
(define)				
=	me. I wanted to sa	ay that I thought	it looked very ni	ice.
(understand)				
	with the facts. They are _			
	intentions are	They should	be focussing on	health, not
education. (place)				
	their fear of			
-	th time on i	ssues and did not	discuss the key	point.
(important)				
	ck from his injury he look			
• •	in the street	ts in Saturdays th	at you cannot w	alk.
(crowded)				
				/10
	from the box below to co			
derelict	ugly dilapic demolish		down	
traditional	commissioned		build	
	design res			
Trust ¹ certainly an effort was furious that the ⁵ Inibuilding, somethin Charters house was insisted that the buthe original style slarge parts of the build cost much more	d lain ⁰ <u>dilapidated</u> for mo a new project to completely the Trust to ³ e once ⁴ Chatially, the Heritage Trust so gethat might not be ⁷ so when it was first built in ilding would not turn into a building actually was. Note that was originally plant their ¹² on to be the standard of the stan	etely ² bridges with arters House had suggested a new but word 1692. However, an ⁹ one, however, corow the Heritage and anned, by agreeing	the building a local communication alocal communication been allowed to been allowed to be a local communication be a local communication palacensidered how a local communication that then rebuilt. Also to the work the	g. This was nity that o get so or the, as unity e but that though this e Trust
				/12
	g word to the sentence. I	f one is not nece		
0 The award giver	<u> </u>	1 (*	<u>is</u>	
-	eeded in re-elected for a s			
-	nsect were made extinct i			
3 The prisoners ar	e moving now. They bein	g taken to the vis	iting room.	

4 A new treaty will announced in the next few days.	
5 I hate photographed, especially in the mornings.	
6 New employees requested to register for the Family Club.	
7 The next snow fall won't be seen for some time.	
D Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to	/7 the first
sentence. Use the passive form of the word in bold and any other wo	ords. Use
between two and five words.	
0 The council commissioned a new building project for the following y	ear.
commission	
A new building project <u>was commissioned by</u> the council for the fe	ollowing year.
1 We inspected the factory four times. Then there was the accident.	
inspect	
The factory four times before the acciden 2 We expect to show his new work during the Summer Exhibition.	ıt.
2 We expect to show his new work during the Summer Exhibition.	
expect	
His new work during the Summer Exhibit	tion.
3 The Heritage Trust has maintained the building for the last six years.	
maintain	
The building the Heritage Trust for the la	st six years.
4 There is no doubt that the behaviour of the witness has affected the ju	ıry.
affect	
There is no doubt that the jury the behavi	our of the
witness.	
5 We sent the parcel by Express Mail yesterday evening.	
send	
The parcel by Express Mail yesterday even	ening.
6 The last I heard, they were checking identity cards at the door.	
check	
The last I heard, identity cards at the door 7 I needed someone to tell me what to do because I had no idea.	r.
tell	
I what to do because I had no idea.	/
	/7
E Rearrange the words to make sentences.	
0 need think through we carefully to this. We need to think this through	
1 be idea something good might have to it a better	
2 should them something offer we	
4 about them have more we'd to out find	

Раздел 2

global human

climate

 \mathbf{A}

A Match one word in column A with another in column B and put in the correct place in the sentences.

labour

change

choice

B

B Put the letters in the right order to make abstract nouns. 0 wrkingneto networking 1 ivicretyat 2 fluceinen 3 abortioncolla 4 archieryh C Fill in the gaps with the missing word. The first two letters are given. 0 The documentary will be televised on Channel 4 on 23 rd February. 1 Just being on a reality programme should not mean that you become a ce	Cilliate	choice
child multinational fair rights free companies	n atural	greed
multinational fair rights free consumer O The world is full ofnatural resources, such as coal and gas. 1	corporate	trade
fair free companies companies resources	child	market
free consumer companies resources such as coal and gas.	multinational	warming
	fair	rights
O The world is full of	free	companies
coffee is coffee made by small farms who don't sell to big companies. If we don't fight against then eventually only five or six companies will control everything. Some people say being able to choose from five different types of toothpaste is an example of It hink it's just confusing. Recently, the rise of has meant that it is now hard to say whether a company is English, French or German. We live in a economy which means anyone can sell anything anywhere. The terrible storms we have seen this year are an example of? Although we say it no longer exists here, isn't seeing kids on the street selling papers form of? Not allowing me to speak at the meeting is an attack on my basic? Surprisingly, the UK and Northern Europe will not be affected by as it will actually get colder here. B Put the letters in the right order to make abstract nouns. wrkingneto fluceinen abortioncolla abortioncolla abortioncolla archieryh C Fill in the gaps with the missing word. The first two letters are given. The documentary will be on Channel 4 on 23 rd February. Just being on a reality programme should not mean that you become a ce		
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2 If we don't fight against then eventually only five or size companies will control everything. 3 Some people say being able to choose from five different types of toothpaste is an example of I think it's just confusing. 4 Recently, the rise of	1	_ coffee is coffee made by small farms who don't sell to
companies will control everything. 3 Some people say being able to choose from five different types of toothpaste is an example of	big companies.	
3 Some people say being able to choose from five different types of toothpaste is an example of	2 If we don't fight against	then eventually only five or six
example of		
whether a company is English, French or German. 5 We live in a		**
whether a company is English, French or German. 5 We live in a	example of	I think it's just confusing.
anything anywhere. 6 The terrible storms we have seen this year are an example of		
anything anywhere. 6 The terrible storms we have seen this year are an example of		
6 The terrible storms we have seen this year are an example of 7 Although we say it no longer exists here, isn't seeing kids on the street selling papers form of		economy which means anyone can sell
7 Although we say it no longer exists here, isn't seeing kids on the street selling papers form of? 8 Not allowing me to speak at the meeting is an attack on my basic 9 Surprisingly, the UK and Northern Europe will not be affected by as it will actually get colder here. 8 Put the letters in the right order to make abstract nouns. 0 wrkingneto 1 ivicretyat 2 fluceinen 3 abortioncolla 4 archieryh C Fill in the gaps with the missing word. The first two letters are given. 0 The documentary will betelevised on Channel 4 on 23 rd February. 1 Just being on a reality programme should not mean that you become a		
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9 Surprisingly, the UK and Northern Europe will not be affected by		
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 2 fluceinen 3 abortioncolla 4 archieryh C Fill in the gaps with the missing word. The first two letters are given. 0 The documentary will be _televised_ on Channel 4 on 23rd February. 1 Just being on a reality programme should not mean that you become a ce 	•	<u>orking</u>
3 abortioncolla 4 archieryh C Fill in the gaps with the missing word. The first two letters are given. O The documentary will be <u>televised</u> on Channel 4 on 23 rd February. 1 Just being on a reality programme should not mean that you become a <u>ce</u>	•	
4 archieryh C Fill in the gaps with the missing word. The first two letters are given. The documentary will be <u>televised</u> on Channel 4 on 23 rd February. Just being on a reality programme should not mean that you become a <u>ce</u>		
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 0 The documentary will be <u>televised</u> on Channel 4 on 23rd February. 1 Just being on a reality programme should not mean that you become a <u>ce</u> 	G 700 4 3 4 4 4	/4
1 Just being on a reality programme should not mean that you become a <u>ce</u>		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 The event is being given 24-hour <u>co</u> by the news networks.	0.0	
3 The <u>pr</u> is on the Sports Channel at 9 p.m.	3 The <u>pr</u> 1s on the	Sports Channel at 9 p.m.

4 I can't even go out and get a			;!
5 The weather is <u>br</u>	on Radio 3 every	two hours.	
6 Have you seen the <u>ne</u>	this morning? Y	ou're on the front page!	
7 Sammy Elias is leaving the	series as his <u>ch</u>	will be killed in the nex	κt
episode.			
8 The <u>pr</u> has to co	ntrol itself. It can't let	any story be published in ev	ery
paper.			
			/8
D Complete the second sen	tence so that it has a	similar meaning to the firs	t
sentence. Use the words in b	old. Use between two	and five words.	
0 John needs to clean his offic	ce. Can you ask him?		
request			
Can you _request John to clear	<u>n</u> his office?		
1 He worked until he had som	nething to eat.		
stop			
He	something to eat.		
2 He reached the top of the m		ather.	
manage	_		
He	the top of the mou	ntain despite the weather.	
3 Why don't you take a rest the	his weekend?		
suggest			
I	_ a rest this weekend.		
4 Of course I remember. We		weekend.	
remember			
Of course I	1,000 kms	in one weekend.	
5 Please remember that you n			
forget		•	
Don't	carefully.		
Don't6 The cleaning company says	they can do the whole	house in one day.	
offer	•	-	
The cleaning company		_the whole house in one day	7.
The cleaning company7 I'd like to go to a Turkish re	estaurant tonight.	•	
feel like	_		
I	_a Turkish restaurant	tonight.	
I 8 I think you need to show so	me sympathy to your l	orother.	
try			
Why don't you	to you	ır brother.	
Why don't you9 The government were motive	vated by the election re	esults to change the Visa Lav	w.
encourage	•	_	
The election results	th	ie Visa Law.	
			/9
E Rearrange the words to n	nake sentences.		
0 year have the checked we e			
_Every year we have the car of	hecked		

1 had the hospital has painted walls the	
2 yesterday photographs got my I done	
3 are the furniture the council removed week this having	
4 the guest Peter had uninvited party from removed the	
	/4
F Add the missing word to the following sentences.	
0 Let rephrase that.	_me
1 What do you by that?	
2 Could you me a specific example?	
3 Basically what I'm is the customer is always right.	
4 What I really to say was we need to look a little more carefully.	
5 Could you explain that in more please?	
6 Sorry, I don't know you mean.	
	/6
	/40
Раздел 3	
A. Read the sentences and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) be	st fits each space.
0 Never trust what the <u>critics</u> say. They always write bad things.	
a sculptors b critics c realists d collectors	
1 With his new and original style, his work is really	
a retrospective b abstract c realist d groundbreaking	
2 A of the collection will be shown to special guests bef	ore the exhibition.
a masterpiece b preview c retrospective d realist	
3 A works with stone, metal or even wood but doesn't u	se oil or
watercolour.	
a painter b realist c sculptor d collector	
4 His style is reflected in his use of graffiti and images of	of today's famous
people.	•
a abstract b contemporary c realism d modern	
5 This documentary will look at her work right up until	the last days of
her life.	·
a realist b retrospective c masterpiece d prev	['] iew
6 His images of war and suffering in his photography are very	
they affect some politicians.	I
a thought provoking b controversial c groundbreaking d abstract	
7 painters of Matisse would have been Van Gogh and L	autrec.
a modern b abstract c contemporary d controvers	
8 It is a very rare piece so the only person who has it would be a rich _	
a realist b critic c artist d colle	
9 This is her and it will be the only painting she is reme	
a masterpiece b retrospective c realism d preview	
a mastification of the specific and provides	/0

B Match one word in column A with another in column B and put in the correct place in the sentences. (Some words in column A are repeated.)

A	В
heavily	different
painfully	wrong
entirely	unexpected
utterly	criticised
highly	-qualified
highly	praised
completely	shy
completely	unbelievable
totally	unjustified
totally	useless
.totally	useless In fact he may be too good for the

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
0 He is very <i>highly qualified</i>	In fact he may be too good for the job.			
1 We thought he would lose so the res	sult was			
2 The brochure said it was a hotel but	2 The brochure said it was a hotel but in fact it was a bed and breakfast. The brochure			
and reality were				
3 You'll be lucky if you get him to sa				
4 How can he say I'm useless? He's r	never seen me. The criticism was			
5 It wasn't just one mistake. He got e	very question			
6 He has been	by all his former employers. Not one has a			
bad thing to say about him.				
7 Look how thin she is and yet you're	e telling me she can eat anything. That's			
8 Thank you for trying to fix it but I to	old you it would be			
The co	mputer is dead.			
9 The minister has been	in the press for going out to a			
party the night before the election.				

C Put the following words in the correct box below.

<u> </u>	nowing words in the t	COLLECT SOIL SCIOT		
freezing	extremely	completely	excellent	
interesting	totally	unique		very
warm	slightly	furious		upset
GRADABLE ADJECTIVES UNGRADABLE ADJECTIVES		IVES		
ADVERBS	S FOR GRADABLE	ADVERBS F	OR UNGRAD	ABLE
AΓ	DJECTIVES	ADJ	IECTIVES	
very				

D Mark the place where the adverb in the brackets goes in the sentence.

- 0 I * believe that you are right. (certainly)
- 1 It is the worst restaurant in the world. (probably)
- 2 The panda can be seen in the highlands of china. (frequently)
- 3 Can you cook your own food? (there)
- 4 They are known as vegetarians. (mostly)

/9

/11

5 The Magna Carta was not signed. (in6 We take the car to work. (mainly)7 After last night, he'll want to stay in	,	
E Add a missing word to complete the o_Firstly, I'll give some for a line of the second	about about	/7 ns. /4 / 40
	ich answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each spac	
a breaking up b getting on c falling		,
1 If we don't a put up with b get down to c	get used to d fall out with	
a break up b fall out with c get us 3 After Helena and Pawel	, Pawel started dating Ewa.	it.
a fell out with b got on c put up 4 I really just can't a get down to b get on with c	d broke up Severing She's just so cold	
a get down to b get on with c	fall out with d break up	
5 How do you	it. It's so annoying!	
a get on with b put up with c		
		/5
<u>-</u>	with 'mind'. Make sure the form is correct.	
0 You must be <u>out</u> of your m	aind shout this I'm sure there is more than on	•
solution.	nind about this. I'm sure there is more than one	
2 Take your time up you	ır mind.	
3 I'm in minds about thi	s. It might be a good idea but it is a risk.	
4 Knowing everything's in control give	es me of mind.	
		/4
C Match the words to their definition 0 case file	a the reason that makes someone do	
	something, especially when this	
	reason is kept hidden	
	b a doctor trained in the treatment of	

	mental illness
2 profile	c a process in which you make a
- p	judgment about a person or
	situation, or the judgment you make
3 psychiatrist	d a set of papers, records etc that
5 psychiatrist	contain information about a crime
4 assessment	e to use the knowledge and
+ assessment	information you have in order to
	understand something or form an
5 dadwaa	opinion about it
5 deduce	f a description that gives important
	details about a person, a group of
	people, or a place
	/5
	t are not necessary. If nothing needs to be
deleted mark with ✓.	
O That's the car which I bought.	<u>_which</u>
1 That's the type of person I can work	
2 Have you got a good reason why yo	
3 This is the shop where I used to wo	
4 Here's the man who he showed me	•
5 Look at the person that's standing in	
6 On Saturday was the day when she	left.
	/6
E Label the sentences D (for defini	ng relative clauses) and ND (for non-defining
relative clauses).	
0 That's the car I bought.	<u>D</u> _
1 The Potemkin, a B class battleship,	was sunk in an accident yesterday
2 It is the kind of situation in which o	ne could find themselves.
3 It was so noisy, which was really di	sappointing
4 Magnesium, which is bought in 5m	g packets, should be treated with care
5 Do you know whose bag is that in t	he reception area?
6 I don't think you know what the ans	swer is.
•	/6
F Complete the second sentence so	that it has a similar meaning to the first
-	ake relative clauses. Use between two and five
words.	
0 I've never been here before.	
that	
It's the first time <u>that I've been</u>	here.
1 The results were very good. This was	
which	r
The results were	unexpected.
2 The solution was in Dr Smith's note	

by	
The solution was in the notes	his office.
3 In the last programme they talked about M	
which	
You need to see the last programme	about Malaria.
4 My daughter was ill last night. It made it i	mpossible for us to come.
making	
My daughter was ill last night,	for us to come.
My daughter was ill last night, 5 Myers Corp has been very successful this	year. It is owned by Jon Myers.
which	
Myers CorpJo	on Myers, has been very successful this
year.	
6 You've been talking to someone and I know	ow who it is.
talking	
I know the person who	
	/6
G Correct the mistake in the phrases for	giving advice by either changing or
adding a word.	
0 Why do you give him it.	_ <u>don't</u>
1 It's vital which you do it immediately.	
2 You would also make changes to the staff	· •
3 I'd advice you to do something about it.	
 4 I think you need make a change fast. 5 You might concern selling everything. 6 If I were you, I take a break. 7 It's essentially that you call her. 8 It might be a good ideal to give him a holice. 	day/8
	/40
Раздел 2	
A Match the words to their definitions.	
0 language a.	the way all the parts of a
	place, building, city etc. are
	arranged.
1 customs b.	a system of communication
	by written or spoken words,
	which is used by the people of
	a particular country or area
2 cuisine c.	your ideas about what is right
	and wrong, or what is
	important in life
3 institutions d.	the typical weather conditions
	in a particular area

4 values5 traditions	 e. a particular style of cooking f. beliefs, customs, or ways of doing something that have existed for a long time, or these beliefs, customs etc in
6 geography	general g. things that are done by people in a particular society because it is traditional
7 climate	h. art, music, theatre, film, literature etc. all considered together
8 the arts	 i. important systems of organization in society that have existed for a long time
B Put the words from the box h	oelow in the gaps.
	adequate intriguing isolated
1 You don't have to be so2 The success of a mystery novel3 The house was very	depends on how the mystery is, miles away from anywhere. in, the scientists became very
C Change the underlined word 0 Your culture is in direct threat	
 culture 1 Further develop is needed befo 2 The American War of Independ 3 Men are always accused of sex 4 His social behaviour means he 5 The cultural activities are designifierent countries. 6 He had been a soldier but becan 	dence <u>dates</u> the American Civil War. never women. never gets invited to parties. gned to show that many people live here from me a chemist <u>war</u> .
7 There are several different form8 Cultural understanding must be	ns of <u>communicate</u> . e able to cut across <u>national</u> borders.
9 I don't know how <u>value</u> it is but 10 The argument was all over <u>an</u> her	at I know you can't afford it understand. She thought that he was lying to

11 In the backstreets of the city you will find many artistic <u>cultures</u> which are almost
unknown to the general public
12 I don't know how old it is. It looks <u>time</u> .
D Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Use the word in bold to make reported speech. Use between two and five
words.
0 'I didn't see the exhibition.'
She said she hadn't seen the exhibition
She said <i>she hadn't seen</i> the exhibition. 1 'Can you explain that again?'
can
She askedit again. 2 'The government is discussing the issue now'.
discuss
He says the issue now.
3 'They moved house after they sold theirs'
sell
He told me they had moved house after
4 'I'll send the results tomorrow.'
send
He said the results tomorrow.
5 'We have been organising fashion shows for ten years.'
organise
He told us they fashion shows for ten years. 6 'Purcell Lake is in the north of the city.'
be
He said Purcell Lake the north of the city.
7 'What time will the doors open?'
open
He asked me open. 8 'They might return in the new year.'
return
They said they in the new year.
/8
E Add the missing word. If one is not necessary write '□'
0 We invited him visit us for the holiday
1 He refused accept the proposal.
2 He apologised arriving late.
3 She regretted telling them the news.
4 Tom warned not to be late for my appointment again.
5 They promised to tell me the whole story.
6 Sarah insisted staying late.

7 My parents always encouraged me try harder.
/7
/40
Раздел 3 A Pood the conteness and decide which engineer (A. R. C. or D) best fits each space.
A Read the sentences and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each space. O You will have never seen this before. It's autting adae technology
O You will have never seen this before. It's <u>cutting edge</u> technology.
a practical b user-friendly c cutting edge d handy
1 The X1 model is now The X2 model replaced it.
a obsolete b handy c green d durable
2 I can't make the computer work but I'm not surprised. I'm a bit of a
a gadget b technophobe c device d technological
3 My grandad had the same watch for thirty years. It was very
a cutting edge b practical c durable d out of date
4 An army knife is a very thing as it can do many things.
a hard-wearing b handy c obsolete d easy to use
5 This little helps you open jars that are difficult to open.
a machine b gadget c apparatus d equipment
6 Have you got all the you need to go climbing?
a equipment b device c machines d apparatus
7 This little radio can be used anywhere and is easy to use.
a hard-wearing b state of art c practical d durable
8 The machine has a powerful which means it keeps working 24 hours
a day.
a apparatus b engine c technology d gadget
9 The systems will ensure that you have the most up to date security
system in the country.
a obsolete b practical c easy to use d state of the art
/9
B Use another form of the word in brackets to complete the sentence.
O There's a lot of <u>mistrust</u> in this office. No one believes anything anyone says. (trust)
1 Wearing a pair of jeans is rather for a wedding. (appropriate)2 The meeting was as nothing was agreed on. (effective)
3 Could you come on Saturday as Friday is rather (convenient)
4 We hope that racial is now a thing of the past and colour will never
again decide your position in life. (equality)
5 It was a case of total Why they didn't sack him sooner I'll never know.
(management)
6 The planning was spectacularly Only ten minutes before the quiz
started someone asked if we had bought the prizes. Of course no one had. (efficient)
7 I think it highly that there'll be snow today. It's too warm. (likely)
8 They were to get the report in on time. (able)
9 You would have known not to say that, if you weren't so (sensitive)

10 Some of the figures in this report are and need to be corrected.	
(accurate)	
11 It's to clean the flat three times a week. We only have two rooms!	
(necessary)	
12 I having my picture in all the newspaper. Why can't the paparazzi	
leave me alone. (like)	
/12	2
C Add an extra word to each sentence.	-
O You see him if you get there on time. will	
1 If you went to night school, you be able to learn French.	
2 You had won the competition, what would you have done with the money?	
3 They will be released that they don't leave town over the next few days.	
4 There be a clear reaction from the chemicals if you add a drop of water.	
5 If you get here really early, you have a chance of getting a ticket but it's unlikely.	
6 You can go to Japan as long you send an email every day that you are there.	-
7 You saw a celebrity buying a newspaper in your local shop, what would you do?	
D Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first	
sentence. Use the word in bold to make third or mixed conditional sentences. Use	
between two and five words.	
0 Because hunting wasn't banned the number of foxes in the UK decreased alarmingly.	
ban	
If hunting _hadn't been banned the number of foxes in the UK would not have	
decreased alarmingly.	
1 He's very short sighted so he couldn't get his flying licence.	
be	
If he, he might have got his flying licence.	
2 She didn't buy the right tickets so we're not in Warsaw now.	
be	
If she had bought the right tickets we, in Warsaw now.	
3 He took the first offer so only received 10,000 pounds.	
receive	
If he hadn't taken the first offer, he more than 10,000	
pounds.	
4 Light is faster than sound so I saw the lightning before I heard the thunder.	
see	
If sound was faster than light, I the lightning after I heard	
the thunder.	
5 The rebels didn't sign the treaty so the war continued for another six months.	
sign	
If the rebels, the war would not have continued for	
another six months.	
6 The company went bankrupt because they didn't invest their money wisely.	
90	

•		noney wisely they		·	
	fast and r	now I'm sitting in a hos	spital bed.		
drive		1 т	11 2/1 2/1	1 2 11 1	
If you		slower, I wo	uldn't be sitting in	a hospital bed nov	
1 You won't be g1 Things'll get be2 But I can assure3 I promise you,4 Look up, I under	go out of a etter, I gu e you, we it won't a erstand he	e're going to put things go any more further.	rd for that. all right.		/5
Модуль 13				,	40
Раздел 1					
A Place the idio	ms from	the box in the right co	olumn.		
all-rounder	dark ho	rse egghead	show-off		
know-all	high-fli	er loose can	non		
team player	whiz-ki	d smart	alec		
Positive mean	ing	Neutral or both	Negative me	aning	
all-rounder					
D Cl 4	141 4	00, 41 • 1 4 1 • 40			/9
		fits the right descripti			
		cals that maybe dangerd ne who cannot eat nuts.		<u>toxic</u> al	
2 Used to describ			, for example.	f	
		s related to the mind an	d to emotions	ps	
		ne who thinks some thi		S	
		ument that changes peo	_	pe	
5 esect to describe	oc un uige	sment that enanges peo	pro s minus.	P*	/5
C. Fill in the blan	nks with	the second word of th	e collocation.		75
0 critical <u>thinking</u>		Will be did will of the did of the			
1 dumbing	_				
2 informed					
3 interpersonal _					
4 knowledge					
5 rote					

	/6
D Fill in the blanks with a ve	erb in the continuous aspect (present, present perfect,
past or past perfect).	
	_ (serve) in the school hall while the kitchen is being
redecorated.	
	(divide) his time between working at the office and
•	e his manager found out and warned him.
2 The committee	(suspend) its activities from Thursday
at 16.00.	
3 I	(phone) the delivery company now to come and get
the boxes.	
4 He	(try) to finish the programme for weeks.
5 I am certain that he	(negotiate) an agreement last week
but I don't know if it was succ	essful.
6 I	(drive) all night so I needed some sleep before we set
off again.	
7 There is little evidence to su	ggest that the cost of living
(increase).	
8 Humans	(live) on the island until the terrible storms of
1826.	
	/8
E Replace the incorrect verb	phrase with the perfect aspect.
<u>-</u>	Minister. <u>have (already) met</u>
1 Consider the choices you su	ggested last week, I think we should take a week off in
June	
2 I completely gave up hope of	of getting a place at university when the acceptance letter
arrived.	
3 Breakdowns were happenin	g for weeks and we need to deal with it before it's too
late.	
	ive hundred and thousand of years before humans
	ved, we gave up ever being rescued
-	six months to find another.
• •	f him for days before he finally picked up the phone.
, she was trying to get noid o	1 mm 101 days service the imaily present up the phone.
8 Jane will be waiting for six	hours by the time he gets home

6 traditional _____

	Change one word in each sentence to correct it. I imagine it would be sure if we could have a car instead of a bicycle.
	re helpful
	Some don't agree with private schools because they encourage education.
2	It's absolutely elementary that drivers take suitable precautions.
3	It is a prediction that all applicants have degrees.
4	It would be an address for someone to have experience in deep-sea diving.
	/4 / 40
Pa	аздел 2
	Fill in the missing word in each of the sentences. The first letter is given.
	You don't have to arrange anything yourself if you go on an organised excursion.
	The urban s grows larger as the size of the city increases.
	The tailless Siamese cat has joined the growing list of endangered s
	The sooner we find a cheap and practical new source of renewable $\mathbf{e}_{\underline{}}$, the
be	tter.
	If we go on holiday this year, we can only afford a b airline.
5	Don't try and visit the museum in this baking t It'll be too hot!
6	The storms of the last few weeks have caused irreversible \mathbf{d} to our house.
7	I would rather stay on the beach than spend countless hours looking at ancient
m	
	/7
B	Match the two halves of these travel idioms.
_	

0 get back	a to nature
1 soak up	b the sights
2 go off	c hair down
3 avoid getting	d from it all
4 let your	e by the pool
5 take in	f the beaten track
6 get away	g the tourist traps
7 steer clear of	h the atmosphere
8 lounge around	i ripped off

C Read the text and mark the underlined indefinite, definite and zero articles as right (\checkmark) or wrong (X).

I live on <u>an</u> island that is the gateway to the Atlantic.	0_✓
<u>Ø</u> island of Tresco is one of many islands known	1
as the Isles of Scilly. They lie 28 miles from Lands	2
End, the most south-westerly point of Britain.	3
Scilly consists of five inhabited islands. Only one island	4
has direct access to the mainland. There is the combined	5
population of about 2000. The islands' position produces	6
a place of great contrast. Being surrounded by the sea means	7
they rarely have <u>a</u> frost or snow, which allows local farmers	8
to grow the flowers well ahead of those on mainland Britain	9
while Atlantic winds means spectacular winter storms hit the	
islands from <u>a</u> time to time.	10

islands from \underline{a} time to time.	10	
 D Replace the modal in the sentence with the modal that agrees v brackets. 0 Ocean liners might be able to cross the Atlantic within three days. (<u>can</u> 		0
1 I'm afraid the Prime Minister will not attend the meeting tomorrow possibility)	r. (general	
2 You can't keep library books beyond their return date. (strong proh	ibition)	
3 You might get your visa stamped before approaching the customs of rule or obligation)	officer. (outside	
4 Evan says he might help you put up the shelves at the weekend. (with	illingness)	
5 Should you turn off the lights when you leave, please? (request)		
6 She might not be in the training session as she just phoned from the certainty)	e bank. (negative	
7 The trend must suggest that we are becoming less willing to borrow likelihood)	v money. (small	

8 You can register at the police station	as soon as possible. (advice)
9 We could get out of the house by 09. (personal obligation)	45 or we won't get to the station on time.
10 You shouldn't borrow my books tor	night as I have to revise. (permission)
	/10
	ese sentences stating a position or asking for
clarification.	say that there are limitations to the lengths you
are prepared to go?	say that there are inintations to the lengths you
1 1 0	on is not If you can't accept it
then this meeting is over.	on is not If you can t accept it
_	from but that doesn't mean I agree with you.
	come to an agreement so there is no point in
continuing the discussion.	
_	edure in place if you want production times to
improve.	1 3 1
5 OK, you've been very ab	out what you want, but you have not been so
clear about how you hope to achieve it.	
	/5 / 40
Модуль 14	
Раздел 1	
which ones with personal relations?	o be associated with things and ideas, and
aloof analytical charming cultur	red devious dogmatic
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ffacing
Things and ideas	Personal relations
	aloof
	10

	Add the missing word in the following sentences.	
	Working in China was his first overseas <u>posting</u> .	
1	Although the ambassador has diplomatic from prosecution	n, he can be
as	asked to leave the country.	
2	2 She might not be a good mathematician, but she is greatv	working with
fi	ïgures.	
3	The recent breakdown in negotiations has resulted in a worsening of dipl	omatic
	between the two countries.	
4	Although they seemed interested, investors had a reluctance	put
	money into the project.	-
	My father is very proud the results of my exams this year	•
	While in India, Mark made mistakes because of his lack of cultural	
	Even though she is afraid of the dark, she has a great passion	
	norror movies.	
8	The summit aims to bring about the end of 20 years of wa	ar.
		/8
C	$^{ m C}$ Express the notion in brackets by adding a subordinating conjunction	
	right place. Use each subordinating conjunction once only.	
	Changes are made soon, the company will go out of business. (condition))
	<u>Unless changes are made soon, the company will go out of business.</u>	,
	We are trying to find the man lived in this house. (relative)	
$\frac{1}{2}$	The speaker hasn't arrived we have to postpone the meeting. (reason)	
	B. ()	
3	3 He reported the growth of crops had decreased by 20 percent. (reported)	
4	I couldn't get to the shops today I'll have to go tomorrow. (result)	
5	He had even finished talking about the agenda, half the audience had left	the room.
	(time)	
`		
6	Ensure the smooth passage of the law, I have spoken to all the MPs. (pur	pose)
		,
7	No one thought to close the windows last night, the office has been burgl	ed. (cause)
		,
8	The weather stays nice, we can have dinner on the balcony. (condition)	
9	He could have checked my bank details he was online. (time)	
	<u> </u>	
1(O Can you pick up the diary I left on your desk? (relative)	

D Correct the modal perfect in each of the following sentences.

- 0 The committee should make a decision by the end of last week. *should have made*
- 1 It ought to have rained! The road is dry.
- 2 I can't see Mike. He should have already gone to the party.
- 3 We must have seen the doctor and then we would have known that Margaret was pregnant earlier.
- 4 I can't have phoned earlier but I completely forgot. I'm sorry.
- 5 They must have avoided making the same mistake if they had read my report earlier.
- 6 Thank you for your help. I shouldn't have done this without you.
- 7 As the wedding is tomorrow, he can't have bought the ring already.
- 8 The police might not have arrested him when they had the chance. They'll never catch him now.
- 9 We can't have paid for the visa as we don't need one for this country.

E Match the second half of the sentence with the first.

2 Mater the second han of the senter	ice with the hist.
0 Our main objective	a that you get the report to me by the
	end of the day.
1 I'd strongly	b should be a key objective.
2 It's vital	c to think again about the
	implications.
3 I think	d is to increase production by 20
	percent.
4 The cutting of costs	e advise you to consider this proposal.
5 I urge you	f you ought to consider moderating
	your position.

- 0 <u>d</u>
- 1 ____
- 2 ___
- 3
- 4 ___
- 5 ___

/9

Раздел 2 A Match the words in column A with the words in column B to make collocations related to health and healthcare.

A	В
0 outdated	a equipment
1 life	b pressure
2 maternity	c pain
3 preventive	d system
4 alternative	e expectancy
5 premature	f ward
6 general	g ageing
7 blood	h medicine
8 immune	i practitioner
9 chest	j medicine

B Fill in the gaps with the correct language of emotions. The first letters are given. 0 Standing on the top of the mountain was a really exhilarating experience. 1 The work of the paramedics in difficult conditions was truly <u>i</u>. Now I want to be one. 2 The arrogant behaviour of the new surgeon **ant** everyone in the hospital. 3 We were so $\underline{\mathbf{r}}$ when the government grant solved our funding problem for operations. 4 They were **el** when the scan showed that they were going to have twins. 5 Long waiting lists for simple treatments are so **ex** for patients. 6 A cold shower right after a run is really **inv** 7 After becoming **dis** with conventional medicine, he turned to herbal remedies. 8 Ever since I had the check-up and the doctor told me I was cured, I have felt so rej and full of energy. 9 Coming from a modern hospital to this one, with all its outdated equipment, is like going back to the 19th century. It is so **dis** . /9 C Choose the correct linker to fill in the gaps. 0 You might be right. _____, the decision has already been made. a consequently <u>b nevertheless</u> c meanwhile d otherwise 1 _____ the phone rang, I knew it was you. c and a whilst b s ince d as soon as 2 There has been an increase in post-operative infections. _____, I have been unhappy with the success rate of operations. a moreover b subsequently c for this reason d after that 3 _____ the specialist has a good reputation, his diagnosis was completely wrong.

	b until		
though			
4 A choice need	s to be made in the near futu	re between funding the da	y-care centre
u	sing the money to improve the	he existing primary school	l.
a when	b and c	but d in add	dition
5 The mortality	rate of newborn children has	s still not decreased	, we
	our home support to new mo		
a for this reason	b furthermore	c subsequently	d since
	o be no logic to her behaviou		
she needs psychi	atric treatment.		
a meanwhile	b after	c even though	d
consequently			
7 We cannot mo	ove to the next phase	the company have	approved the
project.			
a and	b therefore c wher	n d until	
8 We were so pl	eased when they accepted or	ur bid. Imagine how we fe	lt when,
, t	they changed their mind.		
a while	b meanwhile	c subsequently	d
furthermore			
9	_ to the depressing findings of	of the government report, l	nospices are a
real success story			
a in contrast	b nevertheless	c in addition	d therefore
			/9
	sentences using the most su		e.
	at he must have an operation		
	re an operation		
-			
	l to ride bicycles without ligh	nts.	
Bicycles		nts.	
2 A decision fro	m the bank is imminent.	nts.	
2 A decision fro The bank	m the bank is imminent.	nts.	
2 A decision fro The bank		nts.	pplicants this
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year.	m the bank is imminent.	company will refuse any a	pplicants this
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year.	m the bank is imminent.	company will refuse any a	pplicants this
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all	m the bank is imminent. n but very probable that the control of t	company will refuse any age café or restaurant.	pplicants this
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all Food	m the bank is imminent. n but very probable that the control of t	company will refuse any age café or restaurant.	pplicants this
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all Food 5 The budget wi	m the bank is imminent. n but very probable that the concept of the content of t	company will refuse any age café or restaurant.	pplicants this
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all Food 5 The budget wi The budget	m the bank is imminent. n but very probable that the concept of the content of t	company will refuse any age café or restaurant.	pplicants this
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all Food 5 The budget wi The budget 6 We expect you	m the bank is imminent. n but very probable that the concept of the content of t	company will refuse any age café or restaurant. s. is hotel at 10 p.m.	
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all Food 5 The budget wi The budget 6 We expect you	m the bank is imminent. n but very probable that the concept of the content of t	company will refuse any age café or restaurant. s. is hotel at 10 p.m.	
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all Food 5 The budget with the budget 6 We expect you You 7 It has been decision from the part of the part	m the bank is imminent. n but very probable that the concept of the content of t	company will refuse any age café or restaurant. s. is hotel at 10 p.m.	
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all Food 5 The budget wi The budget 6 We expect you You 7 It has been de Saturday.	m the bank is imminent. In but very probable that the concept of the content of	company will refuse any age café or restaurant. s. is hotel at 10 p.m. rould be moved to a new o	
2 A decision fro The bank 3 It is not certain year. The company 4 We require all Food 5 The budget wi The budget 6 We expect you You 7 It has been de Saturday.	m the bank is imminent. n but very probable that the concept of the content of t	company will refuse any age café or restaurant. s. is hotel at 10 p.m. rould be moved to a new o	

The factory		
		/8
E Identify the wrong extra word. O The fact that the machine works me	eans t	hat the funding was fully correct justified.
correct		
1 That is then exactly the kind of thir	ng I'd	expect you to say.
2 If we change the time of the party,	some	people will somewhat inevitably come at the
original time.		
3 One reason I try favour going to the	e Chi	nese restaurant is that it is cheaper than
Indian.		-
4 By this thing, I mean that it's no go	ood w	aiting for other people to do it.
5 You may well done ask why I have		
·		/5
_		/40
7 семестр		
Модуль 15		
Раздел 1		
A Tick the words that can make co	lloca	tions with 'consumer'.
0 advice	✓	
1 supply		
2 trends		
3 choice		
4 decision		
5 goods		
6 demand		
7 spending		
8 price		
9 society		
		/9
B Fill in the gaps by completing the	e wor	ds or the compound adjectives.
0 All violations of school rules shoul	d be	reported immediately.
		I wear what I like when I like.
2 As cooking is so time	, I	usually eat out.
3 The latest popul rati	ngs s	how that <i>Celebrity Come Dancing</i> is still the
most-watched show on BBC.		
4 Our mission is to provide high		technological gadgets to the bored
businessperson.		
5 We are a global leader in energy ef		
6 It is believed that higher states of co	onsci	ous can be achieved through
meditation and prayer.		
7 We need a big cele		
8 The television wasn't bought solely	y for y	your conven, you know!

9 This obsess	_ with buying expensive	cars will soon make you bankrupt.
C Fill in the gaps using th	e future in the nast and	/9 the verbs in brackets
0 I was going to drive_ (dri	_	
		(become) one of the most talented
	- Out	(become) one of the most talented
actresses in the world.	1 .	(1.)
	ce, ne	(make) a mistake sooner or
later.		(1) 1 (11)
	t, the decision	(make) the following
week.		
_	(hold) at the C	rsay Palace as it was the only place
that was available.		
5 Her plane	(land) three hours a	ago but there's been a delay.
6 The security guards	(check) e	every room in the building before
taking up their positions out	tside.	
7 We((let) you know about the o	concert but then we found out all
the tickets had been sold.		
8 No one expected that the	local high school	(close down) in the
New Year.		(0.0000 0.0000) === 0.000
	(arrive) at the o	ffice at 9 a.m. Monday morning if I
was interested in the job.		ince at 5 a.m. Monday morning it i
		/9
word is given. 0 new need the to consider	there's that report we	/9 te emphatic structures. The first
word is given.	there's that report we	
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's <i>the new report that</i> 1 Peter Jay really to want w	there's that report we we need to consider.	
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is	
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's <i>the new report that</i> 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is	
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's <i>the new report that</i> 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so Scarcely	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting star	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so Scarcely 4 really dishonesty the the	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting star	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so Scarcely 4 really dishonesty the the in It's	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting startit's company me angers the	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so Scarcely 4 really dishonesty the the it's 5 was finish we try the proj	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting startit's company me angers the	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so Scarcely 4 really dishonesty the the It's 5 was finish we try the proj What	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting startit's company me angers the earce did what this week to	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so Scarcely 4 really dishonesty the the it's 5 was finish we try the proj What 6 they sacked fine me not re	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting startit's company me angers the earce did what this week to	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so Scarcely 4 really dishonesty the the it's 5 was finish we try the proj What 6 they sacked fine me not month.	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting startis's company me angers the ect did what this week to me did too only they but	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want wwho	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting startis's company me angers the ect did what this week to me did too only they but	te emphatic structures. The first
word is given. 0 new need the to consider There's the new report that 1 Peter Jay really to want w Who 2 clever may isn't he lucky Lucky 3 had the room I entered so Scarcely 4 really dishonesty the the it's 5 was finish we try the proj What 6 they sacked fine me not month.	there's that report we we need to consider. who we meet is the be earcely when shouting startis's company me angers the ect did what this week to me did too only they but shout a from of terrible	rted she nat of

E Match the two halves of the sentences.

0 Suppose we did win the lottery,	a wouldn't that be fantastic!	
1 I'm not sure how	b otherwise we'd have to give away	
	some of the stock.	
2 We'd need to cut the prices,	c giving him another chance.	
3 There'd be a chance	d have to write up our plans first.	
4 Admittedly, that'd mean	e to attend the conference, if you'd	
	like to.	
5 It'd mean we'd	f practical that would be.	

/5 /40

Раздел 2

A Match the words in column A with the words in column B.

A	В
0 high	a tech
1 behind the	b hat
2 ground	c breaking
3 state	d dated
4 out	e moded
5 old	f the times
6 out	g edge
7 cutting	h tech
8 low	i of-the-art

/8 B Add the correct adverbs and dependent prepositions to the following sentences. 0 He's always trying to get people *down* with his criticisms. 1 Her efforts to make you like her really get _____ my nerves. 2 Would you please contribute _____ the lost animals charity this year? 3 You need to get _____ to a flying start at the beginning of the year if you want to beat the competition. 4 The financial crisis had a big impact _____ the country's economy. 5 How do you account the sudden drop in Jake's marks this year? 6 The meetings between the two presidents led a change in the two countries' relationship. 7 His poor health stems _____ spending too much time working underground as a miner. 8 Sarah is beginning to get the hang _____ working here. 9 The EU has experienced a massive expansion _____ size over the last ten years. 10 The government's attempts to reduce inflation may result in a rise unemployment next month.

C Turn the following sentences into the passive whenever possible, but without changing the meaning and the logic.

0 The group that was responsible for the Wonder Car is now working on an environmentally-friendly engine.

An environmentally-friendly engine is now being worked on by the group that was

responsible for the Wonder Car.	
1 The department has changed the times of Dr Shea's lectures.	
2 When people completed the questionnaires, we collected them.	
3 There has been an accident. A falling tree caused it.	
4 The Community Relations Council is working late tonight.	
5 I might not have locked the door.	
6 We tried to get the report finished by midnight.	
7 Someone broke into my house last night.	
8 No one knows the whereabouts of the missing bank manager.	
9 Surprisingly, Peter Ward presented the award.	
10 You will receive regular emails from the Computer Help Desk.	
D Fill in the gaps to make causative structures using the word in brace other words you might need. O Every day I <u>have my power cut</u> for two hours. (my power cut) All travellers so that security guards can check inside. (expression of the control of t	
bags) 2 Do you think the office a five-week holiday this summe 3 We three times last year, thanks to Gunter's bad driving 4 They students dictionaries into the examination. (not ta 5 When the storms came in, my husband at the airport and	g. (car repair) ke)
leave. (catch) 6 Sam is his sister him to Antigua for two 7 Because I wasn't concentrating the first time, the instructor over again. (do)	weeks. (take)
E Replace the incorrect word or phrase with the correct one. O Show me give you an amazing statistic. Show Let	/7

	I think the statistics speak for loud, don't they?		
2	I'd like to give you one other striking thing of the changes in the environment.		
3	It's incredible to this machine can do!		
4	I'm sure you'd find this new technology is an amazingly versatile piece of equipment.		
5	The whole number of people using this machine is 4.5 million, yes, 4.5 million.		
	/5		
V	/40 Іодуль 16		
	аздел 1		
A	Add the missing word to complete the idioms with hand.		
0	He rejected the proposal out hand. <u>out of hand</u>		
	Creativity doesn't always go in hand with success.		
2	If you've got on your hands, perhaps you could do something for me.		
3	You can rely on him, he is a safe of hands.		
4	He can his hand to anything. He learns so quickly.		
5	My hands are on this issue. I really can't help you.		
6	Can you me a hand putting the new curtains up?		
	I know you've got the book but have you got it hand right now?		
8	He can't help. He's got his hands dealing with the overdue report/8		
В	Rearrange the underlined words to match the right sentence.		
	Although I did not like the proposal, I <u>contemporary</u> agreed.		
	eluctantly_		
1	The book needs to have a <u>crescent</u> feel as people are less interested in period novels		
	oday		
2	Unable to make up his mind on which course to take, he decided to leave it up to		
	umanitarian		
3	Although he was sentenced to life in prison, he was released on <u>pilgrimage</u> grounds.		
4	My sister is planning a <u>providence</u> to some holy sites in the Levant next year.		
5	Pawel Novotny is the manager of the world- <u>reluctantly</u> Mayerhoff Hotel in Ostrava.		
6	I have always wondered why croissants are made in the shape of a <u>renowned</u> .		
_			
C	Fill the gaps in the following sentences with a quantifier plus of if necessary.		
	A lot of people came to the concert. At least 3000!		
1	time the phone rings, I think my mother is on the other end of the line!		

2 It was surprising to find that	the countries supported the motion.
Even one vote would have been nice.	
3 the time, the job get	ts done, so I was surprised to receive your
complaint.	
4 As all the trains were late,	the delegates arrived on time; in fact, only
three out of 20.	•
5 I told you of times t	to visit the dentist. Yesterday was only the most
recent.	
	people who have become ill with pneumonia
	rers, about 15%, have been admitted into hospital.
	wins is that them got exactly the
same marks in their A levels.	
	ion to the warnings they are given, then it is no
surprise that so many accidents take p	
	the elephants the habitats would
be suitable, providing the set temperate	-
be suitable, providing the set temperar	fulles are correct.
D Correct the underlined phreses t	to make proper conditional sentences.
0 If you hadn't been so thoughtless, y	
If you hadn't been so thoughtless, you	
1 If you try and do that again, <u>I might</u>	•
I if you if y and do that again, I migh	t send you to bed.
2 If the treaty was signed on time, we	e could have the soldiers out by now.
3 If I cared, I will make an effort to ti	idy up.
4 If humans were supposed to fly, the	ey would be given wings.
5 TC 1.1.1.1	4. 4. 1. 1 11
	to the bank, could you pay in this money in for
me?	6 If they had
passed the hunting law in time, the an	almal wouldn't become extinct.
7 If the phone rings, someone had to	answer it.
8 If we kept the windows closed, we	might be stopping the mosquitoes biting us.
9 If it hadn't been on the news, <u>I wou</u>	ıldn't have been knowing about it.
E Match the halves to complete the	/9 e utterances.
0 Sounds	a like a great idea.
1 Some of the projects	b think it's feasible.
2 I can see	c much as you think.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

c much as you think.
d in my opinion.

3 I think it's

4 I just don't	e not be such a big problem.
5 But changing the plan might	f must be for the long term.
6 It may not cost as	g very expensive option.
7 It might be a	h some real problems.
8 It's a good project,	i a really good suggestion.

/8 /40

Раздел 2 A Match eight of the words in column A with one word in column B to make up eight collocations about the media.

A	В
0 popular	a press
1 viewing	b the record
2 ratings	c laws
3 broadsheet	d wars
4 pose	e figures
5 scoop	f a question
6 chequebook	g coverage
7 off	h figures
8 speculation	i journalism
9 media	
10 libel	
11 circulation	

/8

B Complete the idioms with keep with one word.

0 To keep up with the <u>news</u> , I alw	ays get a daily pap	er.	
1 He's determined to qualify for th			
crossed for him.			
2 It's important we keep	of the packa	ge during the del	livery process so
that it doesn't get lost.			
3 He's our best suspect so I expec	t you to keep a clo	se	on him and
report back everything he does ove	r the next few days	S.	
4 Since his outburst in the press co	nference yesterday	y, the minister ha	as been keeping a
low			
5 You cannot dismiss it without pr	oper consideration	. Try to keep an	open
about things or you	won't get far in th	is office.	
6 During the climb, you need to ke	ep your	about you	as there can be a
snowstorm or avalanche at any time	e.		
7 It is in politicians' interests to ke	ep	with influential	journalists.
			/7

C Use the right pattern of the verb in brackets to complete the sentences. Add an
object or preposition when necessary.
0 Many animals in the zoo need the temperature controlled to help <i>them survive</i>
(survive) in this cool climate.
1 I just can't consider (join) your company at this time.
2 His assistant urged (take) some time over his decision in case he lived
to regret it.
3 Parents are only allowed (talk) with their child's teacher after 16.30
every day.
4 The party have not succeeded (push through) the bill to restrict
payments to MPs.
5 The flowers begin (blossom) as early as March every year.
6 The ship must have arrived. We saw (dock) half an hour ago!
7 I have warned him several times(publish) inaccurate stories.
8 I do not enjoy (stand) around for hours waiting for you to turn up.
9 If the refugees continue (move) every two months, it is unlikely they
will be able to settle anywhere.
10 Humans cannot hear (whistle) as I am doing it at a high pitch that
only some animals can hear.
11 He appears (want) to buy the car but I'm not sure.
/11
D Rearrange the words to make sentences.
0 looking baby after the Elena is
Elena is looking after the baby.
1 with didn't crisis properly deal the they

2 case want to into this I look don't
3 the finally through operator got I to
A CC 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
4 office breaking caught was the into he
5 A1:
5 Aliya over leaving get can't he him
Coming him their she blomes helider for
6 ruining him their she blames holiday for
7 on mind I Saturday don't in stoying
7 on mind I Saturday don't in staying

/7
E Name the job in media being described. O She is the central person in a news programme.
1 He supplies photos for all sorts of media.
The supplies photos for all sorts of modia.

2 She writes for a newsp	paper or a magazine.	, commenting on the	news.
3 He is responsible for the	he quality of a TV r	programme.	
4 She controls the conte		C	
5 He usually is the first		king news.	
6 She finds authors and		_	
7 Based abroad, he is res	_	-	
,		0	/7
			/40
8 семестр			
Модуль 17			
Раздел 1			
A Complete the eight p	hrases about iusti	ce with words from	the box.
care community	•		
offenders youth		1	
0 <u>care</u> system			
1 young			
2 sentence	ce		
2sentence 3service	<u> </u>		
4court			
5 juvenile			
J	-		/5
B Fill in the gaps in the	e following sentenc	es with one or two v	vords.
0 Don't tell him in publi	_		
1 If you insist on wearin			_
yourself.	,	<i></i>	
2 Katy Price telling ever	yone on Breakfast	ΓV why she got divor	rced shows again that
she likes to wash her dirt	•	•	C
3 Bankers took it	•	-	mselves ridiculous
salaries.	·		
4 If we don't bring this i	meeting to	soon, there's g	going to be a fight!
5 Judging by the worried	d looks of the staff t	this morning, somethi	ing is definitely
		_	
6 I only lost ten pounds!	You don't have to	make	about it!
7 Applying for home lea	ive at a very danger	ous time on the front	is an example of a
soldier shirking			
8own bu	siness! I would tell	you if I wanted to.	
9 I hope that the harsh so	entence will	him from do	ing it again.
10 I'm not sure I can do 11 Prisons are supposed	it but I'll try my	·	-
11 Prisons are supposed	to provide	for the crimin	al but do we really
believe these people can	get better in prison'	?	•

C Correct the mistaken use of adverbs of degree in some of the sentences below.			
It's totally cool today but not too cold. <u>fairly</u>			
I'm really quite exhausted by all that running.			
I think the decision is utterly important. If it's not made soon it'll be too late.			
Don't worry. He's only completely angry. He'll calm down soon.			
This is a post only for the fairly qualified. Unless you have a doctorate, don't bother			
pplying			
His aggressive position was entirely justified, considering what he had already lost.			
You can totally say you understand the situation! You've never experienced it before			
It's extremely freezing in here.			
I was expecting the film to be slow and boring but it turned out to be really funny.			
You cannot have an answer that is totally right. It is either right or wrong.			
Use the first word in the brackets in noun form plus the second word or phrase			
o make reported sentences.			
'The liquid is not boiling.' (observe, correct)			
His observation that the liquid was not boiling was correct.			
'I was late because the bus was late again.' (explain, lie)			
T was late because the bas was late again. (explain, ne)			
'It was not the blue car that was stolen, it was the red one.' (claim, not heard)			
'To answer your question, I cannot see a solution.' (answer, not helpful)			
'Don't forget to wear a seatbelt.' (advise, saved my life)			
i 'I had nothing to do with the crime.' (deny, not believed)			
6 'It's all your fault.' (accuse, unfair)			
' 'The cleaner always uses dirty cloths.' (complain, ignored)			
3 'You could do with a night out on the town.' (suggest, a great idea)			
'You cannot have a dog because we don't have a garden.' (argue, logical)			
E Match the first half of the sentences with the second half.			
That's all fair enough, ————————————————————————————————————			
u a a da			

1 Having said that, I do believe the	b I think that we also need to think
issue	again about our plans for next year.
2 Admittedly,	c but I still think it employs too
	many people.
3 Although we're here to discuss	d we shouldn't lose sight of the fact
the budget,	that this is our first year and we did
	not expect them to be high.
4 I see what you're saying,	e isn't solely about whether it is
	legal or not.
5 While accepting your figures,	f but I just can't agree with you.
6 Certainly the HR department is	g the cost of this project would be
important,	high but it's worth the risk.

/6 /40

_					
	аздел 2 - Choose 1	the	e best word to comple	ete 1	the compound adjective.
			abusing		one compound dageen (c)
			school c drug		d town
1			featuring		
			health c philosop	hy	d programme
2			inspiring		
a	happiness	b	awe c co of-the-way	nfic	dence d fear
3			of-the-way		
a	in	b	over c up)	d out
4			winning		
a	choir		b award c bii born	II	d bass
5	1 .	1.	born	.1	
			German c region	a	premature
0	comeay-		b performed	0	trained disattled
а 7	nveu		packed	C	tramed d settled
/ a	actors		newspaper c fu	n	d seriousness
			heavy	11	d seriousitess
a	gossip	h	venues c adapted	d	previously
					provident
a	packed	b	heavy c full	d	studded
	1		J		/9
В	Fill in th	e g	gaps in the following	sen	tences with one academic verb. The first
	tter is give	_	_		
0	Constant	wi	nd and rain will _ero	<u>de_</u>	the rock until it falls into the sea.
1	Would yo	ou 1	be able to <u>i</u>		_ the burglar from these pictures?
2	The amou	ınt	of snowfall will <u>v</u>		according to the changes in the
te	mperature	•			

3 Once the locking mechanism is $\underline{\mathbf{e}}$, it will be impossible for you to get	
in.		
4 The average human should c	between 1500 and 2000 calories a day.	
5 His poor presentation r	the opinion that he wouldn't pass the course.	
6 The charity needs to d	food packages to more than 12 villages in the	
region.		
_	on the map where you will be staying?	
C Rewrite the following sentences	s, making one sentence with a non-finite clause.	
The first word is given.		
0 We had to leave early. We were s	o bored.	
Being so bored, we had to leave ear		
1 I've seen the play. I can tell you i		
Having		
2 We added salt. It might improve t	he taste.	
To		
3 Many people saw the badger. It li	ves at the bottom of our garden.	
Many	_	
•	He was the only one who found the cure.	
Alexander	•	
5 The earthquake struck at 6 a.m. It		
The	destroyed over 100 houses.	
6. The Palace Theatre is showing the	e new <i>Ice Age</i> movie. It has just re-opened.	
Just	e new ree rige movie. It has just to opened.	
	n. This is for us to have somewhere to observe the	
stars.	ii. This is for us to have somewhere to observe the	
To		
8 The bacteria looks very active if i	t is seen through a microscope	
Seen	t is seen unough a fineroscope.	
Seeii	/8	
D Match the features of spoken E	English listed in the box with the following pieces	
of dialogue.	angush instea in the box with the following pieces	
a Overlaps		
b Supportive comments		
c Hesitation		
d Repetition		
e Discourse markers		
f Add-on clause structure		
g Ellipsis		
h Reformulations		
0 A: So what will we have to do?		
	the theory. This reformulation will take some time.	
<u>d</u>	are areory. This reformulation will take some time.	
1 A: What do you think of my plan	?	
J 1		

B: Well, you know, I haven't really had time to think about it.
2 A: You'll never guess who I saw yesterday. Raul Hernandez! B: Really! How exciting! Tell me more.
 3 A: Please explain your concern. B: The rate of incidence is quite frightening. What I mean is that it happens so often that we should be very worried.
4 A: I really would like you to understand that B: But I do understand you, I mean A: No, you don't. You just think you do.
5 A: So what is this? B: This is the new model of converter, and you can see that it is very modern and we have included all the new parts but of course replaced those which you identified as unworkable.
6 A: So what do you think? B: Well, um, I'm not, er, sure, what to say.
7 A: What shall I do with this? B: In the car.
E Fill in the gaps in the speech with the correct words. First letters are given. I oreckon that there is now no question that the takeover will take place. T is, McDougalls have agreed to take over 65% of the company. Y k , I am personally very pleased with this result. B and l , this company has been performing very poorly in recent years, and we've had to deal with poor management, bad timekeeping, that k of t . But then a , that meant we could be late too! No, seriously, I think we will be a lot better off. A , we'll have a future, which we wouldn't have if we hadn't signed the takeover. And as f McDougalls, I'm sure they will be a very good parent company. So, McDougalls, I'm sure they will be a very good parent company. So, in a , there's a cocktail party tonight to celebrate the takeover. See you all there.
/
/4

A Change the words in the box to make them nouns and place them in the right column.

abstain	abolish	admit	clarify
collide	confuse		
decide	donate	eliminate	extend
instigate			

Nouns ending in -sion	Nouns ending in -tion
	abstention

/10

B Choose the correct word in the following sentences

- 0 The fall of the Mercitos bank led to a major boom / <u>slump</u> in the South American markets.
- 1 I wouldn't want to buy this company. It has too many assets / liabilities.
- 2 The bank agreed to borrow / lend me the money I needed to start my company.
- 3 If the money is not paid soon, we will precede / proceed with the winding-up order.
- 4 We now own the company ourselves after paying off all the creditors / debtors.
- 5 We will include everything in the offer accept / except for the condominium in France.
- 6 I don't trust the bank enough to take out a mortgage / loan on my house.
- 7 It doesn't matter how many items we produce, if the supply / demand isn't there, we won't be able to sell them.
- 8 In response to your enquiry / inquiry, we will have new stock in by the end of the month.
- 9 There are a variety of routes we can use to import / export our goods to Japan.
- 10 The company went boom / bust when we had the warehouse burgled.

/10

C Rewrite the following sentences as one sentence, using the words in brackets.

0 I will publish the report but I won't if my boss tells me not to. (unless) *Unless my boss tells me not to, I will publish the report.*

1	There might be a sale this weekend. Will you buy the coat you wanted? (what if)
2	I'll accept the post when they meet my conditions. (as long as)
3 if	They might buy the league's top goalscorer but they still won't win the league. (even

4 I am hoping the bank will extend my loan. Then I can pay you back. (provided that)

5 Happy or unhappy, managers shou	ld care about their staff. (whether o	or not)		
6 I will help you make the costumes that)	but I want three tickets for the play	v. (on condition		
7 Call the emergency helpline when	there is an emergency. (in case)			
8 Updating my virus check regularly	8 Updating my virus check regularly will protect my computer. (assuming)			
9 How far do two cars travel when or other from London to Exeter? (suppo		gow and the		
		/9		
D Rearrange the words to make se	entences using phrasal verbs.	1)		
0 the show baby the monitor on will				
The baby will show up on the monitor	_			
1 buy your took suggestion a up new	car I to			
2 Year gave cigarettes I up New the	in			
3 street told for off on the him playing	ng I			
4 a pill down I to me took calm				
5 will turn I your have request down	to			
6 army in the the form to join filled I	David			
	*41.41	/6		
E Match the first half of the senten				
A A	B			
0 I think that	a sounds OK to me.			
1 We're not prepared to invest	b your new proposal.			

A	В
0 I think that	a sounds OK to me.
1 We're not prepared to invest	b your new proposal.
2 Let's talk about	c a much higher rate.
3 We're not happy	d that's not acceptable.
4 I'm sorry, we were looking for	e unless you can offer us more
	incentives.
5 Well, I'm sorry, but	f about the terms you require.

/5 /40

Раздел 2

A Fill in the gaps with the correct word.

0 a flock of <u>birds</u>

1	a pack of
2	a shoal of
3	a swarm of
4	a herd of
5	a set of

B Match the meanings with the words.

0 a flower or the flowers on a tree	a blossom
or bush	
1 a plant or animal that lives on or	b carnivorous
in another plant or animal and gets	
food from it	
2 a strong light plastic used to make	c germinate
bags, sheets for covering food,	
small containers, etc.	
3 a mountain with a large hole at	d jellyfish
the top, through which very hot	
liquid rock is sometimes forced out	
4 what some plants do when they	e mercury
begin to grow	
5 to travel in a curved path around	f meteor
a much larger object such as the	
Earth, the sun, etc.	
6 a sea animal that has a round	g orbit
transparent body and can sting you	
7 a heavy silver-white poisonous	h parasite
metal that is liquid at ordinary	
temperatures, and is used in	
thermometers. It is a chemical	
element, with the symbol Hg	
8 a long area of high land,	i pollination
especially at the top of a mountain	
9 the action of taking pollen to a	j polythene
flower or a plant so that it can	
produce seeds	
10 eats meat and / or flesh	k ridge
11 a piece of rock or metal that	1 volcano
travels through space, and makes a	
bright line in the night sky when it	
falls down towards the Earth	

/11

/5

C Replace the underlined word(s) in the sentences with an informal equivalent.

0 I hate those <u>environmentally-concerned people.</u> They don't think about humans. <u>tree-huggers</u>

1 You must be <u>insane</u> if you think you can arrange a meeting with the Prime Minister.
2 His <u>uncontrolled argument</u> about women drivers upset everyone.
3 Are you still complaining? I am unable to tolerate it anymore.
4 Don't <u>expend time and effort</u> buying me a present as I don't want one.
5 When will she stop <u>talking incessantly</u> about the dangers of taking aspirin?
D Fill in the gaps with a maximum of two words, using substitution or ellipsis.
Only use one word if you can.
0 If you don't want that drink, I'll haveit 1 I suggest we don't use metal. This particular is heavy and rusts easily.
1 I suggest we don't use metal. This particular is heavy and rusts easily.
2 I don't think Dave will like the present prefers clothes.
3 If you give me more time to write the report, I'll it by the end of the week.
4 She asked you to give your answer this week. Have you?
5 I don't need to have two bathrooms in this house but they are both nice. Either would do.
6 He's been banned for fighting. That's not of behaviour we want to
see.
7 There are tickets for the 6 o'clock and the 8 o'clock show, but I prefer the
8 She says she doesn't want to see a doctor but I think she
9 Of the two holidays, we can go on this one this year and we'll do next
year.
10 He says it's alright to pay at the door but I think
/10
E Rewrite the following sentences using nominalisation.
0 The new store will open at 10 a.m on Friday.
The opening of the new store is at 10 a.m. on Friday.
1 He trekked for 15 hours across the mountains.
2 The meeting was cancelled at the last minute.
3 They won't repair the window until tomorrow.
4 She was not expected to arrive in Los Angeles.
5 We cannot allow the protesters to go near the laboratory.

		/3
F Fill in the gap with	one word.	
0 What Heather said _	<u>about</u> the Renaissance period was very interesting.	
1 If I could just	up on something that Vassily said.	
2 Perhaps we should _	to something I mentioned earlier.	
3 If I understand you	you are saying that I don't know what I'm	
talking about.		
4 With	to Alex's comments, I'd just like to add one more point.	
		/4
		/40

9 семестр

Translate the sentences from Russian into English

- 1. Я только что сказал, что дом построили три года назад.
- 2. Вероятно, пойдет дождь.
- 3. Кто сказал тебе, что он будет в 5 часов?
- 4. Я знал, когда построят эту школу.
- 5. Вы довольны обслуживанием, которое предоставляют вам каждый день?
- 6. Если бы вы сдали зачет в прошлом месяце, вы могли бы поехать в Великобританию.
- 7. Как жаль, что у вас не оказалось сейчас денег.
- 8. Сообщают, что расписание экзаменов будет готово через два дня.
- 9. Вы здесь с утра?
- 10. Что заставило вас выполнить эту работу?

Аттестационный семестр

Translate the sentences from Russian into English

- 1. Важно, что бы он вернулся.
- 2. Как жаль, что он не поедет в Москву.
- 3. Он спросил меня, где я живу.
- 4. Они вышли из дома в 8 часов утра, чтобы не опоздать на лекцию.
- 5. Он только что сказал, что корабль прибудет в конце недели.
- 6. Что он делал, когда вы зашли к нему?
- 7. Мы знали, что дождь идет раз в неделю.
- 8. Вы должны были бы приехать вчера, но не приехали, почему?
- 9. Заставьте его выполнить это задание.
- 10.Не понимая этого правила, он попросил преподавателя объяснить его ему еще раз.

ЭКСПЕРТНОЕ ЗАКЛЮЧЕНИЕ

на фонд оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации обучающихся по «Иностранный язык. Практический курс»

Направление подготовки: 44.04.01 Педагогическое образование (с двумя профилями подготовки)

Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: «Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)», бакалавриат, очная форма обучения

Шишкиной Татьяной Александровной, кандидатом филологических наук, доцентом, проведена экспертиза фонда оценочных средств (ФОС) РПП по «Иностранный язык. Практический курс», разработанной д.пед.н., профессором Петрищевым В.И., ст.преподавателем Филоненко Е.В..

Разработчиками представлен комплект документов, включающий:

- 1) перечень компетенций с указанием этапов их формирования в процессе прохождения практики, которыми должен овладеть обучающийся в результате прохождения «Иностранный язык. Практический курс»;
- 2) методические рекомендации по прохождению практики, написанию отчета по практике, статьи, диссертационного исследования;
- 3) методические материалы, определяющие процедуру проведения оценивания.

Рассмотрев представленные на экспертизу материалы, эксперт пришел к следующим выводам:

ФОС по «Иностранный язык. Практический курс», соответствует требованиям, предъявляемым к структуре, содержанию ФОС ОПОП ВО по направлению подготовки 44.04.01 Педагогическое образование (с двумя профилями подготовки) Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: «Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)»,бакалавриат, очная форма обучения.

- 1. Перечень формируемых компетенций, которыми должен овладеть обучающийся в результате освоения ОПОП ВО, соответствует:
 - 1.1.1. ФГОС ВО «Образование и педагогические науки» по направлению подготовки 44.04.01 Педагогическое образование (с двумя профилями подготовки) Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: «Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)»;
 - 1.1.2. Положению о формировании фонда оценочных средств для текущего контроля успеваемости, промежуточной и итоговой аттестации обучающихся по образовательным программам бакалавриата в федеральном государственном бюджетном образовательном учреждении высшего образования «Красноярский государственный педагогический университет им. В.П. Астафьева».
- 2. Материалы для оценки результатов освоения ОПОП ВО:
 - 1) разработаны на основе принципов валидности, эффективности,

- надежности, объективности;
- 2) соответствуют требованиям к составу и взаимосвязи оценочных средств, полноте по количественному составу оценочных средств и позволяют объективно оценить результаты обучения, уровни сформированности компетенций.
- 3. Методические материалы ФОС содержат четко формулированные рекомендации по проведению процедуры оценивания результатов обучения и сформированности компетенций.
- 4. Направленность ФОС соответствует целям ОПОП ВО по направлению подготовки 44.04.01 Педагогическое образование (с двумя профилями подготовки) Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: «Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)».
- 5. Объем ФОС соответствует учебному плану подготовки.
- 6. Качество оценочных средств и ФОС обеспечивают объективность и достоверность результатов при проведении оценивания с различными целями.

Таким образом, структура, содержание, объем и качество (ФОС) РПП по Практический «Иностранный язык. курс» соответствует требованиям, предъявляемым к структуре, содержанию ФОС ОПОП ВО по направлению Педагогическое образование подготовки 44.04.01 (c двумя профилями подготовки) Направленность (профиль) образовательной программы: «Русский язык и иностранный язык (английский язык)» и отвечают предъявляемым требованиям.

К.ф.н., доцент кафедры иностранных языков и культуры речи ФГБОУ ВО Сибирская пожарно-спасательная академия ГПС МЧС России

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